



Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

Fifteenth Congress
First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 1382

Introduced by Honorable Ramon "Red" H. Durano VI

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The present Philippine Statistical System (PSS) operates in a decentralized system. Agencies like the National Statistics Office (NSO), the National Statistics and Coordination Board (NSCB), Bureau of Agricultural Statistics (BAS), Bureau of Labor and Employment Statistics (BLES), Statistical Research and Training Center (SRTC), among others, separately conduct data collections, compilations and other statistical operations. This set up presents problems on duplication of functions, accessibility, statistical discrepancies and inconsistencies, outdated concepts and varying methodologies, which, altogether, resulted in a weakened system, undermining the quality and reliability of generated information as well as highlighting the lack of effective coordination among the different statistical agencies.

Executive Order 121 dated January 1987, recognized the need to reorganize the PSS to a more independent, objective, relevant and responsive statistical body, which, however did not provide for the separation of the planning and implementation from the statistical, monitoring and evaluation functions of the NEDA thus failing to address the structural and functional infirmity of the PSS that it sought to amend.

The 2007 Special Committee to Review the PSS equally affirmed in its intensive and extensive examinations the need to strengthen the current PSS and rationalize the people and institutions making up the system.

This bill recognizes the importance of statistics as an essential source of information responsive to the requirements of the national government. In fact worldwide, statistics are in growing demand as a tool for smart governance. The rapid advancement in information communication technology also highlights the need to reorganize the PSS to better equip the country with a dependable, integrated and competent statistical body. Said statistical body shall provide timely, accurate, accessible, consistent, and up-to-date data for the use of the government and the public which is fundamental to effective development planning and decision-making.

Moreover, international standards are advancing rapidly and the Philippines need to follow.

In view of the foregoing, immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.


RAMON "RED" H. DURANO VI



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AN ACT REORGANIZING THE PHILIPPINE STATISTICAL SYSTEM, REPEALING FOR THE PURPOSE EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBER ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-ONE ENTITLED "REORGANIZING AND STRENGTHENING THE PHILIPPINE STATISTICAL SYSTEM AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. TITLE. This Act shall be known as the "Philippine Statistical Act of 2010".

SECTION 2. DECLARATION OF POLICY. It shall be the policy of the State to effect the necessary and proper changes in the organizational and functional structures of the Philippine Statistical System (PSS), its agencies and instrumentalities, in order to rationalize and promote efficiency and effectiveness in the delivery of statistical services, maintain an integrated statistical system characterized by independence objectivity and integrity so as to enhance responsiveness to the requirements of equitable national development, promote the orderly development of a statistical system capable of providing timely, accurate and useful data for the government and the public, and support decentralization through the establishment of the statistical infrastructure necessary to service the statistical needs of local development planning.

SECTION 4. PHILIPPINE STATISTICAL SYSTEM. The PSS shall consist of statistical organizations at all administrative levels, the personnel therein and the national statistical program. This includes a policy-making body, a coordinating body with primary data collection capability, a statistical research and training institute, and all executive departments, bureaus, offices, agencies and instrumentalities of the national and local government and all government-owned and controlled corporations and their subsidiaries that are engaged in statistical activities either as their primary functions or as part of their administrative or regulatory functions. The PSS shall remain decentralized with a strong coordination feature to be achieved through postings of trained personnel and closer linkage between statistical programming and budgeting.

SECTION 5. NATIONAL STATISTICS AUTHORITY. There shall be created a National Statistics Authority hereinafter referred to as NSA attached to the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) for purposes of policy coordination. It shall be comprised of the NSA Board and NSA offices on sectoral statistics, censuses and technical coordination, civil registration and central support and field statistical services.

The NSA Board shall be the highest policy-making body on statistical matters. The data produced by the NSA shall be the official and controlling statistics of the government. The NSA shall be primarily responsible for all national censuses and surveys, sectoral statistics, consolidation of selected administrative recording systems and compilation of the national accounts.

The NSA shall be constituted from among the existing personnel of the major statistical agencies engaged in primary data collection and compilation of secondary data, i.e., the National Statistics Office, herein referred to as "NSO", the Technical Staff of the National Statistical Coordination Board herein referred to as "NSCB", the Bureau of Agricultural Statistics, herein referred to as "BAS" and the Bureau of Labor and Employment Statistics, herein referred to as "BLES".

The Department of Economic Statistics of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) will continue to take charge of banking and financial statistics, including the Balance of Payments (BOP) and flow of funds.

SECTION 6. FUNCTIONS OF NSA. The NSA shall have the following functions:

- a. Serve as the central statistical authority of the Philippine government on primary data collection ;
- b. Prepare and conduct periodic censuses on population, housing, agriculture, fisheries, business, industry, and other sectors of the economy;
- c. Collect, compile, analyze, abstract and publish statistical information relating to the country's economic, social, demographic, political affairs and general activities and condition of the people;

- d. Prepare and conduct statistical sample surveys on all aspects of socioeconomic life including agriculture, industry, trade, finance, prices and marketing information, income and expenditure, education, health, culture and social situations as well as the government and the political sector for the use of the government and the public;
- e. Carry out, enforce and administer civil registration functions in the country as provided for in Republic Act No. 3753 (Civil Registry Law);
- f. Collaborate with departments of the national government including government owned and controlled corporations (GOCCs) and their subsidiaries in the collection, compilation, maintenance and publication of statistical information, including special statistical data derived from the activities of those departments, corporations and their subsidiaries;
- g. Promote and develop integrated social and economic statistics and coordinate plans for the integration of those statistics, including the national accounts;
- h. Develop and maintain appropriate frameworks and standards for the collection, processing, analysis and dissemination of data;
- i. Coordinate with government departments and Local Government Units (LGUs) on the promotion and adoption of statistical standards involving techniques, methodologies, concepts, definitions and classifications, and on the avoidance of duplication in the collection of statistical information;
- j. Conduct continuing methodological, analytical and development activities, in coordination with the Philippine Statistical Research and Training Institute (PSRTI) to improve the conduct of censuses, surveys and other data collection activities;
- k. Recommend executive and legislative measures to enhance the development of the statistical activities and programs of the government;
- l. Prepare, in consultation with the NSA Board, a Philippine Statistical Development Program (PSDP);
- m. Implement policies on statistical matters and coordination, as directed by the NSA Board; and,
- n. Perform other functions as may be assigned by the NSA-Board and as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 7. COMPOSITION OF THE NSA BOARD. The NSA Board shall be composed of the following: the Director-General of the NEDA as Chairperson; a representative of the Department of Budget and Management (DBM) for budget control, with the rank not lower than that of an Undersecretary and the National Statistician as Vice-Chairpersons; one representative each from the remaining Departments in the national government; a representative of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP); the Executive Director of the Philippine Statistical Research and Training Institute (PSRTI); a representative of the Philippine Statistical Association (PSA); a representative from the GOCCs, a representative each from the LGUs and the private sector to be appointed by the Chairperson of the NSA Board for a

term of three years, with reappointment, from a list of nominees submitted by the other members of the Board.

In the absence or temporary incapacity of the NEDA Director-General, the National Statistician shall be the acting Chairperson. In the absence of both the NEDA Director-General and the National Statistician, the DBM representative shall be the acting Chairperson.

The NSA Board shall constitute five sections, each with a maximum of seven members. Each section shall meet as often as possible to deliberate on matters to be discussed by the NSA Board. These sections are the following:

- a. Agriculture, Industry, Trade and Services, Environment and Natural Resources, Prices, and National Accounts;
- b. Labor and Employment, Population, Health and Welfare, Education, Science and Technology, and other Socio-Economic Sectors;
- c. Census and Survey Design;
- d. Theoretical Statistics and Statistical Modeling; and,
- e. Statistical Information System and Information Technology.

SECTION 8. MEETING AND COMPENSATION. – The NSA Board shall:

- a. Hold regular meetings at least twice a year and may have as many special meetings as may be necessary on call of the Chairperson or upon request of any fifteen (15) members thereof;
- b. The members of the Board shall each receive *per diem* at rates to be determined by the Department of Budget and Management (DBM) in accordance with existing rules and regulations: *Provided, however,* That the total *per diem* collected each month shall not exceed the equivalent *per diem* for four (4) meetings. Unless and until the President of the Philippines has fixed a higher *per diem* for the members of the Board, such *per diem* shall not be more than Ten Thousand Pesos (P10,000.00) for every Board meeting.

SECTION 9. POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF NSA BOARD. The NSA Board shall have the following powers and functions:

- a. Establish appropriate mechanisms to promote and maintain an efficient and effective statistical system in the government;
- b. Formulate policies on all matters relating to government statistical operations, standards and classifications;
- c. Recommend executive and legislative measures to enhance the development and efficiency of the system, including the internal structure of statistical agencies;
- d. Approve the Philippine Statistical Development Program (PSDP);
- e. Review the statistical programs of the departments and agencies of the national government and the LGUs and rationalize responsibilities in

- these government organizations on matters relating to such statistical programs;
- f. Review budgetary proposals involving statistical operations and submit an integrated budget for the PSS to the DBM;
 - g. Prescribe appropriate frameworks for the improvement of statistical coordination and establish mechanisms for statistical coordination at the regional and LGU levels; and,
 - h. Provide technical assistance and exercise supervision over major government statistical activities.

The NSA Board shall act on and decide matters before it by a majority vote of all its members. A majority of the members of the NSA Board shall constitute a quorum in the conduct of its day to day affairs and business.

All agencies of government are hereby mandated to comply with any and all directives requested by the NSA Board, either *motu proprio* or through the NSA. Failure without justifiable reason by any agency to comply with this mandate shall result in the filing of administrative and criminal cases against the erring government personnel and the immediate superior concerned without prejudice to violation of any other law or regulation. In a criminal case, the penalties provided in the second paragraph of Section 26 hereof shall be made to apply.

SECTION 10. INTER-AGENCY COMMITTEES ON STATISTICS. The following statistical committees shall be created within the NSA Board, the members of which are drawn from the membership of the Board: 1) Committee on Agriculture; 2) Committee on Trade and Industry Statistics; 3) Committee on Infrastructure; 4) Committee on Financial Statistics; 5) Committee on Social Statistics; 6) Committee on Environment and Natural Resources; 7) Committee on Information and Communication Technology; 8) Committee on Science and Technology; 9) Committee on Governance; 10) Committee on Migration; 11) Committee on Fiscal Matters; and, 12) Committee on PSS Resources. The NSA Board may create other inter-agency committees (IACs) to assist in the exercise of its functions.

SECTION 11. THE NATIONAL STATISTICIAN. The National Statistician, as head of the NSA, shall have the rank and emoluments of an undersecretary. He must possess reasonable experience in the management of data collection, and at least a Masters degree in Statistics. He shall be appointed by the President of the Republic of the Philippines from among a list of nominees which shall be submitted by a Special Committee. The Special Committee shall be composed of representatives from the Philippine Statistical Association (PSA), the University of the Philippines' School of Statistics (UPSS), the University of the Philippines- Los Baños Institute of Statistics (UPLB-INSTAT), the Department of Economic Statistics of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) and the NEDA.

The National Statistician shall serve for a term of five (5) years with reappointment.

He shall perform the following duties:

- a. Direct and supervise the general administration of the NSA;
- b. Prescribe rules and regulations, instructions, schedule and form of business of the NSA in the collection, compilation and dissemination of statistics and other information and in the conduct of any census;
- c. Provide overall directions in the implementation of the Civil Registry Law and related issuances and exercise technical supervision over the Local Civil Registrars as Civil Registrar General;
- d. Direct and manage the implementation and execution of policies, standards, rules and regulations formulated by the NSA Board;
- e. Issue appointments of NSA personnel below the rank of Director;
- f. Represent NSA as signatory to all contracts, researches and other awards.
- g. Represent the Philippines in regional and international conference and meetings as the country's highest authority with respect to statistical matters;
- h. Submit a report to the President of the Republic of the Philippines through the NEDA Director-General on the activities of the NSA in the preceding year. Such report shall also be submitted separately in the annual report to Congress during the presentation of the President's budget; and
- i. Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the NSA Board.

SECTION 12. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE NSA. The NSA offices shall be composed of the Sectoral Statistics Office, Censuses and Technical Coordination Office, Civil Registration and Central Support Office, Field Statistical Services comprising of the Regional Offices and Provincial Statistical Offices.

The NSA shall be headed by a National Statistician, an office created under the immediately preceding section of this Act and shall be assisted by three (3) Deputy National Statisticians, with the rank of Assistant Secretary:

1) Deputy National Statistician for Sectoral Statistics; 2) Deputy National Statistician for Censuses and Technical Coordination; and 3) Deputy National Statistician for Civil Registration and Central Support.

Directly under the Office of the National Statistician, there shall likewise be established support departments on 1) Legal Services; 2) Statistical Methodology; 3) Internal Audit; 4) Corporate Affairs; and 5) Management and

Corporate Planning. The National Statistician shall be assisted by five (5) Directors, with ranks not lower than Director IV in these support departments.

The National Statistician shall also supervise the Regional Directors. They possess the ranks of Director III, of the Regional Statistical Services of each region and supervise the heads of the respective provincial statistics offices, with the rank not lower than division chief.

The Deputy National Statistician for Sectoral Statistics shall supervise three (3) Assistant National Statisticians (ANS), with the rank of Director IV, who shall oversee the following offices:

- 1) Macroeconomic Accounts Statistics – shall be responsible for the development and maintenance of national accounts, regional accounts, satellite accounts, input/output tables and other related macro-economic accounts;
- 2) Economic Sector Statistics - shall be responsible for the production of primary data on agriculture, industry, trade, services, environment and natural resources, prices and other related economic statistics; and,
- 3) Social Sector Statistics – shall be responsible for the production of primary data on labor and employment, population; health and welfare; education, science and technology; housing and urbanization; emerging concerns and other related social statistics.

The Deputy National Statistician for Censuses and Technical Coordination shall supervise three (3) Assistant National Statisticians, with the rank of Director IV, who shall oversee the following offices:

- 1) National Censuses – shall be responsible for the planning of and production of data from censuses on population and housing, agriculture, fisheries, and economic activities; and development and maintenance of sampling frames and geographic information on population and housing, agriculture, fisheries, and economic activities;
- 2) Standards – shall be responsible for the formulation and monitoring of statistical development programs, formulation of standards and classification, including glossary of statistical terms and geographic classification;
- 3) Information Technology and Dissemination – shall be responsible for the development and maintenance of IT systems and programs, IT operations, statistical data archives, communication and information services.

The Deputy National Statistician for Civil Registration and Central Support shall supervise (2) Assistant National Statisticians, with the rank of Director IV, who shall oversee the following offices:

- 1) Civil Registration – shall be responsible for the civil registry document management and archiving; data center; policy advocacy and research on civil registration matters; outlet and customer services; and other civil registration concerns.
- 2) Central Support – shall be responsible for the general administration; financial services; human resource management; human resource development; and procurement.

SECTION 13. SECTORAL STATISTICS. The Sectoral Statistics shall: (1) provide technical staff support to the NSA in the areas of agriculture, natural resources, agrarian reform, mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water, energy, construction, foreign and domestic trade, services, science and technology, finance, investment, population, health, nutrition, education, labor and employment, social welfare, governance, public order and justice; (2) provide technical staff support to the NSA in generating the national accounts and the development and maintenance of economic and social accounts, (3) plan and conduct surveys as may be required, in accordance with the approved statistical calendar and (4) perform such other tasks as may be assigned by the National Statistician.

SECTION 14. CENSUSES AND TECHNICAL COORDINATION. The Censuses and Technical Coordination shall provide technical staff support to the NSA. It shall: (1) prepare, conduct, process and disseminate census results in accordance with the approved statistical calendar; (2) maintain and develop statistical standards and classification systems; (3) provide technical assistance to other concerned government offices to meet their statistical requirements for policy-making, planning and programming; (4) coordinate the activities of the Regional Statistical Services; (5) provide information technology systems and programming and IT operations support for the NSA projects; (6) provide other NSA offices with cartographic services; (7) maintain archives and communication and information services of NSA generated data; (8) provide the data center for statistics and civil registration; and (9) perform such other tasks as may be assigned by the National Statistician.

SECTION 15. CIVIL REGISTRATION AND CENTRAL SUPPORT. The Civil Registration and Central Support shall provide technical and support services to the various units of the NSA in the areas of administrative services, financial management services, human resources. It shall likewise provide technical and support services for the efficient functioning of civil registration system and perform such other tasks as may be assigned by the National Statistician.

SECTION 16. FIELD STATISTICAL SERVICES. Regional Statistical Services (RSS) and Provincial Statistical Offices (PSO) shall be established in

each of the administrative regions and provinces, respectively. The RSS and PSO shall (1) provide technical staff support to the NSA; (2) provide technical assistance as may be required by the implementing agencies and local governments in the regions; and (3) perform such other tasks as may be assigned by the National Statistician.

The RSS shall be headed by Regional Directors with the rank of at least Director III. The PSO shall be headed by Provincial Statistics Officers, with the rank not lower than Division Chief.

SECTION 17. PHILIPPINE STATISTICAL RESEARCH & TRAINING INSTITUTE. The Philippine Statistical Research & Training Institute (PSRTI) is hereby created and shall be attached to the NEDA for purposes of policy coordination. As such, the SRTC is hereby abolished and all SRTC assets and liabilities, if there be any, shall be transferred to PSRTI.

SECTION 18. FUNCTIONS OF PSRTI. The PSRTI shall be expected to carry out the following functions:

- a. Develop a comprehensive and integrated research and training program on the theories, concepts and methodologies for the promotion of the statistical system;
- b. Undertake research on statistical concepts, definitions and methods;
- c. Promote collaborative research efforts among members of the academic community, data producers and users;
- d. Conduct non-degree training programs to upgrade the quality of statistics personnel and expand the statistics human resource base in support of the needs of the PSS;
- e. Provide scholarships, financial and other forms of assistance to build statistical manpower and enhance training and statistical research and development, and;
- f. Serve as repository of all statistical researches and studies to be generated by the NSA, and to furnish copies to the National Archives and the National Library.

SECTION 19. COMPOSITION OF THE PSRTI. The PSRTI shall be headed by an Executive Director with a rank and emoluments equivalent to an Assistant Secretary, who shall be nominated by the NSA Board and appointed by the President of the Republic of the Philippines. The PSRTI Executive Director shall have at least a Master's degree in Statistics.

The PSRTI shall have a Governing Board that shall formulate policies for its management and operations. The NSA Board Chairperson shall be the Chairperson of the PSRTI Governing Board, with the following as members: Dean of the University of the Philippines' School of Statistics (UPSS), Executive Director of the Philippine Social Science Council (PSCC), a representative of the NEDA and the Executive Director of the PSRTI as ex-officio members. The NSA Board Chairperson may appoint two

representatives from the private sector of the PSRTI Governing Board from among a list of nominees submitted by the Board.

The PSRTI Governing Board shall meet at least every semester to discuss and formulate policies for the management and operations of the PSRTI. The PSRTI shall provide reasonable allowances to its Governing Board.

SECTION 20. PSRTI FELLOWS AND ASSOCIATES. The PSRTI shall be authorized to engage professionals either as fellows or associates, for purposes of conducting training sessions and researches for PSRTI. Fellows should have experience in research or training and should preferably have earned a Ph.D. in Statistics, Economics, Social Sciences, Computer Sciences or related disciplines while associates should have earned at least a Master's degree in the said fields. Those so engaged by the PSRTI shall be issued appointments and shall be paid fees as determined by the PSRTI, and as approved by NSA Board.

SECTION 21. PSRTI ENDOWMENT FUND. The existing SRTC Endowment Fund is to be transferred to the PSRTI and shall serve as the initial PSRTI Endowment Fund. The PSRTI is authorized to accept into its Endowment Fund any contributions, donations, bequests, grants and loans from domestic and/or foreign sources, government appropriations and other incomes accruing from the operations of PSRTI, for purposes of executing its mandate and functions.

There is hereby appropriated, out of any fund in the National Treasury or other sources not otherwise appropriated, the sum of at least Twenty Million Pesos (Php20,000,000.00) upon the effectivity of this Act in order to augment the PSRTI Endowment Fund. The said amount shall be automatically appropriated for the succeeding years until the tenth year following the effectivity of this Act.

SECTION 22. PSRTI OPERATING FUNDS. There is hereby appropriated and programmed for immediate release out of any unappropriated balances in the National Treasury or other sources the amount of Fifty Million Pesos (Php50,000,000.00) as the initial operating fund of the PSRTI.

For succeeding years, the PSRTI shall submit to the DBM, after approval by its Governing Board an annual financial plan to support its research and training program. The approved financial plan shall be the basis for determining the government contribution to finance PSRTI research and training activities.

SECTION 23. POSTING OF STATISTICAL PERSONNEL IN GOVERNMENT OFFICES. In the exercise of its functions and in accordance with the priorities set by the NSA Board, the NSA may post teams of its statistical personnel in other government offices to carry out the work program

to be drawn up in coordination with the host offices. The posted teams shall be proportional to the size and needs of the said government offices. Personnel posted in a government office shall be supervised by the Deputy National Statistician for Sectoral Statistics and shall render fortnightly statistics reports to the Office of the National Statistician. The heads of the host offices shall submit periodic performance evaluation reports on the posted personnel to the National Statistician.

SECTION 24. PHILIPPINE STATISTICAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

The Philippine Statistical Development Program (PSDP) shall consist of all statistical activities to be undertaken by the PSS in response to the requirements of development planning and policy formulation.

SECTION 25. CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION. Individual data furnished by a respondent to statistical inquiries, surveys and censuses of the NSA shall be considered privileged communication and as such shall be inadmissible as evidence in any proceeding.

NSA may release aggregated information from statistical inquiries, surveys and censuses in the form of summaries or statistical tables in which no reference to an individual, corporation, association, partnership, institution or business enterprise shall appear.

The National Statistician and all staff of NSA shall take a solemn oath regarding confidentiality of information. However, confidentiality of information does not apply to:

- a) Information in the form of a list or index of individual business firms, establishments or organizations that contain any or all of the following information: 1) the name, address, and telephone numbers; 2) the business and products that they are engaged in; and 3) the specific ranges of number of employees;
- b) Microdata from statistical inquiries or survey form/questionnaire/schedule prepared by NSA for purposes of research, with care to ensure that identities of a particular person, business or organization will not be disclosed in whatever form; and
- c) Access to census data after 100 years for historical, genealogical, scientific or other research purposes.

SECTION 26. PENALTIES. Respondents of primary data collection activities such as censuses and sample surveys are obliged to give truthful and complete answers to statistical inquiries. The gathering, consolidation and analysis of such data shall likewise be done in the most truthful and credible manner.

To ensure compliance, any violation of this section shall result in the imposition of the penalty of one (1) year imprisonment and a fine of One

Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php 100,000.00). In cases where the respondent who shall fail to give a truthful and complete answer to such statistical inquiries is a corporation, the above penalty shall be imposed against the responsible officer, director, manager and/or agent of said corporation and a fine ranging from One Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php 100,000.00) to Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php 500,000.00), depending on the category of the enterprise or business concerned whether small, medium or large, shall, on the other hand, be imposed against such erring corporation or any other juridical entity.

Any person, including parties within NSA Board and NSA, who breach the confidentiality of information, whether by carelessness, improper behavior, behavior with malicious intent, and use of confidential information for profit, are considered guilty of an offense and shall be liable to fines as prescribed by the NSA Board which shall not be less than Five Thousand Pesos (Php5,000.00) nor more than Ten Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00), and/or imprisonment of three (3) months but not to exceed one (1) year, subject to the degree of breach of information.

Failure to comply with the survey clearance provision shall result in the imposition of a fine of Fifty Thousand Pesos (Php 50,000.00) to One Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php 100,000.00), depending on the gravity and seriousness of such non-compliance.

SECTION 27. ABOLITION OF EXISTING GOVERNMENT BODIES.

The National Statistics Office (NSO), the Bureau of Agricultural Statistics (BAS) of the Department of Agriculture, the Bureau of Labor and Employment Statistics (BLES) of the Department of Labor and Employment, and the National Statistical Coordination Board (NSCB) shall be abolished and their appropriations, records, properties, and personnel shall be transferred to the NSA.

SECTION 28. FUNDS FOR REORGANIZATION. The amount necessary for the effective implementation of the provision of this Act shall be taken from funds available to the agencies affected by Section 27 hereof. In addition to the existing appropriations of said agencies affected by Section 27, additional requirements shall be charged to the appropriations for the Compensation and Organizational Adjustment Fund under the current General Appropriations Act. Thereafter, such sum as may be needed for the continued implementation of this Act shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

SECTION 29. IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS. The NSA Board together with the NSA, the PSRTI, the NEDA and other concerned agencies of government that may be determined by the NSA Board, shall formulate the implementing rules and regulations of this Act within ninety (90) days after its approval. Such rules and regulations shall take

effect fifteen (15) days after their publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the Philippines.

SECTION 30. SEPARABILITY CLAUSE. If any part, section or provision of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, no other parts, sections or provisions thereof shall be affected thereby.

SECTION 31. REPEALING CLAUSE. Executive Order No. 121 and all other laws, decrees, ordinances, rules, regulations, other issuances, or parts thereof which are inconsistent with this Act, are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 32. EFFECTIVITY CLAUSE. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Approved,