

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 2134

Introduced by: HON. CARLOS M. PADILLA

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This legislative measure was previously filed as HB 2264 during the Fourteenth Congress and was subsequently substituted as House Bill No. 6795 as reported in Committee Report No. 2343 on September 9, 2009. While said bill was approved on 3rd reading by the House, it failed to get the imprimatur of the Senate during the last Congress.

This measure seeks to regulate the practice of interior design and to institute reforms to conform with the international standards in the practice of the profession. It is also aimed at providing safety nets for the practice of interior design against practitioners engaged in illegal acts.

It is observed that the existing Philippine Interior Design Law or Republic Act 8534 is no longer efficient and effective in promoting the interest of the Filipino professionals in the field of interior design. In this time when our country has to legally adopt the open trade policy on professional services as embodied in the General Agreement on Trade Services (GATS), there is a necessity to revisit RA 8534 and to consolidate policies, guiding principles and courses of action under a single law responsive to the times.

Approval of this bill is earnestly sought.


CARLOS M. PADILLA

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

Fifteenth Congress
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House Bill No. 2134

Introduced by Honorable Carlos M. Padilla

**AN ACT TO REGULATE AND MODERNIZE THE PRACTICE OF
INTERIOR DESIGN IN THE PHILIPPINES, REPEALING FOR THE
PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NUMBER 8534 (RA NO. 8534) KNOWN AS
“THE PHILIPPINE INTERIOR DESIGN ACT OF 1998”,
APROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES**

*Be it enacted in the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress
assembled:*

ARTICLE I

TITLE, POLICY, OBJECTIVES, TERMS AND SCOPE OF PRACTICE

SECTION 1. *Title.* – This Act shall be known as the “Philippine Interior Design Act of 2010”.

SEC. 2. *Statement of Policy.* – The State recognizes the important role of the interior design profession in nation-building. Towards this end, the State shall promote the sustained development of professional interior designers, whose technical competencies have been determined by honest and credible licensure examinations and whose standards of professional service and practice are internationally recognized and considered globally competitive, brought about by regulatory measures and human resource programs and activities that foster their professional growth and advancement.

SEC. 3. *Objectives.* – This Act provides for and shall govern:

- (a) The examination, registration and licensure of professional interior designers;
- (b) The supervision, control and regulation of the practice of interior design;

- (c) The development of the professional competence of interior designers through continuing professional education; and
- (d) The integration of the interior design profession.

SEC. 4. *Definition of Terms.* – For purposes of this Act, the following terms are hereby defined:

(a) *Interior design* refers to the science and art of planning, specifying, selecting and organizing the surface finishes and materials including furniture, furnishings and fixtures and other **interior design elements** for the purpose of the **interior** space allocations to suit, enhance and meet the intended function, movement and character for which the interior of the building is designed.

(b) *Professional interior designer* refers to a natural person who holds a valid certificate of registration and a valid professional identification card issued by the Board and the Commission pursuant to this Act.

SEC. 5. *Scope of the Professional Practice of Interior Design.* - The practice of interior design is the act of planning, designing, specifying, supervising and providing general administration and responsible direction to the functional, orderly and aesthetic arrangement and enhancement of interior spaces. It shall include, but not be limited to, the following activities:

- (a) Consultation, advice, direction, evaluation, budgetary estimates and appraisals;
- (b) Schematic interior design development, design development, execution of professional contract documents and programming of construction phases;
- (c) Preparation of interior design plans, design drawings, interior construction details, and technical specifications;
- (d) Interior construction administration, supervision coordination of alteration, preservation or restoration of interior spaces; and
- (e) All other works, projects and activities which require the professional competence of the interior designer, including teaching of interior design subjects.

The Board, subject to approval by the Commission, may revise, exclude from, or add to, the above-enumerated acts or activities as the need arises to conform to the latest trend in the practice of interior design.

ARTICLE II

THE PROFESSIONAL REGULATORY BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGN

SEC. 6. *Creation and Composition of the Board of Interior Design.* – There is hereby created a Professional Regulatory Board of Interior Design, hereinafter referred to as the Board, under the administrative control and supervision of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC), hereinafter referred to as the Commission, to be composed of a Chairperson and two (2) members to be appointed by the President of the Philippines from a list of two (2) recommendees for each position submitted by the Commission, and from a list of three (3) nominees for each position recommended by the duly accredited professional organization of interior designers. The new Board shall be created within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act.

SEC. 7. *Qualifications of the Chairperson and Members.* – The Chairperson and members of the Board shall, at the time of their appointment, possess the following qualifications:

- (a) Must be a (~~delete “natural born”~~) citizen and resident of the Philippines;
- (b) Must be a degree holder of Bachelor of Science in Interior Design (BSID), Bachelor of Interior Design (BID) or Bachelor of Fine Arts (BFA), major in Interior Design, or an equivalent degree conferred by a school, academy, college or university in the Philippines or abroad that is recognized and/or accredited by the Philippine government;
- (c) Must be a registered interior designer with a valid certificate of registration and professional identification card and an active practitioner of interior design for not less than ten (10) years prior to appointment;
- (d) Must not be a member of the faculty of any school, where a regular course in Interior Design is being taught, or have pecuniary interest in, or administrative supervision over any such institution of learning;
- (e) Must not be connected with a review center or with any group giving review classes or lectures in preparation for the licensure examination;
- (f) Must be a member in good standing of the duly accredited professional organization of interior designers but not a trustee or officer thereof; and
- (g) Has never been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude, or a civil and/or criminal offense.

SEC. 8. *Term of Office.* – The members of the Board shall hold office for a term of three (3) years from the date of appointment or until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified. They may be reappointed for another term of three (3) years immediately upon the expiration of their term: *Provided*, That no member shall hold office for more than six (6) years.

Of the members to be appointed for the first Board under this Act, one (1) member shall hold office as Chairperson for three (3) years; one (1) member for two (2) years; and one (1) member for one (1) year. Each member of the Board shall take the proper oath prior to assumption of duty.

SEC. 9. *Compensation of the Board Members.* – The Chairperson and members of the Board shall receive compensation and allowances comparable to the compensation and allowances received by existing regulatory boards under the Commission as provided for in the General Appropriations Act.

SEC. 10. *Powers, Functions, Duties and Responsibilities of the Board.* – The Board shall exercise the following specific powers, functions, duties and responsibilities:

- (a) Adopt, promulgate and administer the rules and regulations necessary for carrying out the provisions of this Act;
- (b) Supervise and regulate the registration, licensure and practice of the professional interior designers in the Philippines;
- (c) Administer oaths in connection with the administration of this Act;
- (d) Issue, suspend, revoke or reinstate the certificate of registration or professional license for the practice of the interior design profession;
- (e) Adopt an official seal of the Board;
- (f) Monitor the conditions affecting the practice of interior design and adopt such measures as may be deemed proper for the enhancement of the profession and/or the maintenance of high professional, ethical and technical standards;
- (g) Ensure, in coordination with the Commission on Higher Education (CHED), that all other educational institutions offering interior design comply with the policies, standards and requirements of the course prescribed by the CHED in the areas of curriculum, faculty, library and facilities;
- (h) Prescribe and/or adopt a Code of Ethical and Professional Standards for the practice of the Interior Design profession;

- (j) Hear and try administrative cases involving violations of this Act, its implementing rules and regulations (IRR), the Code of Ethics for Professional Interior Designers and, for this purpose, to issue *subpoena* and *subpoena duces tecum* to secure the appearance of witnesses and the production of documents in connection therewith;
- (j) Prescribe guidelines in the Continuing Professional Education (CPE) program in coordination with the accredited professional organization of interior designers;
- (k) Prepare, adopt and issue the syllabi of the subject for examination by determining and preparing the questions, which shall strictly be within the scope of the syllabi of the subject of examination; and
- (l) Discharge such other duties and functions as may be deemed necessary for the enhancement of the interior design profession and the upgrading, development and growth of interior design education in the Philippines.

SEC. 11. *Grounds for Removal or Suspension of Board Chairperson/Member.*

– The President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of the Commission, after giving the Chairperson or the member of the Board an opportunity to defend himself/herself in an administrative investigation conducted by the Commission, may remove or suspend him/her on any of the following grounds:

- (a) Gross neglect, incompetence or dishonesty in the discharge of his/her duty;
- (b) Violation of any of the causes/grounds and the prohibited acts provided in this Act and the offenses in the Revised Penal Code, the Anti-Graft and Corrupt Practices Act, and other laws; and
- (c) Manipulation or rigging of the licensure examination for interior designers results, disclosure of secret and confidential information on the examination questions prior to the conduct thereof, or tampering of grades.

The Commission, in the conduct of the investigation, shall be guided by Section 7(s) of Republic Act No. 8981, otherwise known as the PRC Modernization Act of 2000, the rules on administrative investigation and the applicable provisions of the new Rules of Court.

SEC. 12. *Administrative Supervision of the Board, Custodian of its Records, Secretariat and Support Services.* – The Board shall be under the administrative supervision of the Commission. All records of the Board, including applications for examination, administrative and other investigative cases conducted by the Board shall be under the custody of the Commission. The Commission shall designate the secretary of the Board and shall provide the secretariat and other support services to implement the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 13. *Annual Report.* – The Board shall, at the close of each calendar year, submit an annual report to the President of the Philippines, through the Commission, giving a detailed account of its proceedings and accomplishments during the year and making recommendations for the adoption of measures that will upgrade and improve the conditions affecting the practice of interior design.

ARTICLE III

EXAMINATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATION, AND LICENSURE

SEC. 14. *Passing of Licensure Examination Requirement.* – Except as otherwise specifically allowed under this Act, applicants for registration for the practice of interior design shall be required to pass a licensure examination as provided for in this Act in such places and dates as the Commission may designate in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(d) of Republic Act No. 8981.

SEC. 15. *Qualifications of Applicants.* – An applicant for the licensure examination for interior designers shall satisfactorily prove that he/she possesses the following qualifications:

- (a) Citizen of the Philippines or a foreign citizen whose country/state has reciprocity with the Philippines in the practice of interior design;
- (b) Of good moral character;
- (c) A holder of a bachelor's degree in interior design or its equivalent degree duly recognized or accredited by the CHED and conferred by a

school/college/university duly authorized by the government or its equivalent degree obtained by either a Filipino or foreign citizen from an institution of learning in a foreign country/state: *Provided*, That it is duly recognized and/or accredited by the CHED; and

- (d) Not convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude by a court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 16. *Subjects for Licensure Examination.* – The examination for interior design shall basically cover the following subjects:

- (a) Interior Design;
- (b) Furniture Design and Construction;
- (c) Materials for Decoration and Color Theory;
- (d) History of Arts and Interior Design;
- (e) Interior Detailing and Construction; and
- (f) Professional Practice and Ethics.

The said subjects and their syllabi may be amended by the Board so as to conform to technological changes brought about by continuing trends in the profession, in coordination with the accredited council of interior design educators.

SEC. 17. *Rating in the Licensure Examination.* – To be qualified as having passed the Board examination for interior designers, a candidate must obtain a weighted general average of seventy percent (70%).

SEC. 18. *Report of Ratings.* – The Board shall submit to the Commission the ratings obtained by each candidate within twenty (20) days after the examination unless extended by the Commission for just cause. Upon the release of the results of the examination, the Board shall send by mail the rating received by each examinee at his given address using the mailing envelope submitted during the examination.

SEC. 19. *Oath.* – All successful candidates in the examination shall be required to take an oath of profession before the Board or any government official authorized by the Commission to administer oaths prior to entering the practice of the interior design profession.

SEC. 20. *Issuance of Certificate of Registration and Professional Identification Card.* – A certificate of registration shall be issued to applicants who pass the examination for interior designers subject to payment of registration fees.

The certificate of registration as professional interior designer shall bear the signatures of the Chairperson of the Commission and Board members, stamped with the official seal, indicating that the person named therein is entitled to practice the profession with all the privileges appurtenant thereto. This certificate shall remain in full force and effect until withdrawn, suspended or revoked, in accordance with this Act.

A certificate of registration bearing the registration number, date of issuance and expiry date, duly signed by the Chairperson of the Board, shall likewise be issued to every registrant who has paid the required fees. This license will serve as evidence that the licensee can lawfully practice his/her profession.

A professional identification card, whether new or for renewal, shall be released by the PRC upon compliance with the requirements for the application or renewal of identification card and upon presentation of the updated receipt of payment of annual membership dues of the accredited professional organization and proof of completion of the CPE requirements.

Once registered, the interior designer may use “IDr.” As his official appendage title.

SEC. 21. *Refusal to Register.* – The Board shall not register any successful applicant for registration with or without licensure examination who has been:

- (a) Convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (b) Found guilty of immoral or dishonorable conduct by the Board;

- (c) Summarily adjudged guilty for violation of the General Instructions to Examinees by the Board; and
- (d) Declared of unsound mind by a court of competent jurisdiction.

In refusing such registration, the Board shall give the applicant a written statement setting forth the reasons therefore and shall file a copy thereof in its records.

SEC. 22. *Revocation or Suspension of the Certificate of Registration and Cancellation of Temporary/Special Permit.* – The Board shall have the power, upon notice and hearing, to revoke or suspend the certificate of registration of a registered and licensed interior designer or to cancel a temporary/special permit granted to foreign interior designer, for violation of any of the grounds or causes in Section 22 of this Act, except (c) thereof and any of the following grounds:

- (a) Violation of a provision of this Act, its IRR, Code of Ethics, the Code of Good Governance, the Code of Technical Standards for the practice of interior design, policy, and measure of the Board and/or the Commission;
- (b) Perpetration or use of fraud in obtaining his/her certificate of registration, professional identification card or temporary/special permit;
- (c) Gross incompetence, negligence or ignorance resulting to death, injury or damage;
- (d) Refusal to join or to remain a member in good standing of the Accredited Professional Organization (APO);
- (e) Neglect or failure to pay the annual registration fees for five (5) consecutive years;
- (f) Aiding or abetting the illegal practice of a non-registered and licensed person by allowing him/her to use his/her certificate of registration and/or professional identification card or his/her temporary/special permit;
- (g) Illegally practicing the profession during his/her suspension from the practice thereof;
- (h) Addicted to a drug or alcohol abuse, impairing his/her ability to practice his/her profession or declared with unsound mind by a court of competent jurisdiction; and
- (i) Noncompliance with the CPE requirement, unless he/she is exempted therefrom, for the renewal of his/her professional identification card.

The Board shall periodically evaluate the aforementioned grounds and revise or exclude or add new ones as the need arises, subject to approval of the Commission.

Any person, firm or association may file charge/s in accordance with the provision of this section against any registrant, or the Board may investigate violation of any of the abovementioned causes. Affidavit-complaint shall be filed together with the affidavits of witnesses and other documentary evidence with the Board through the Legal and Investigation Office. The *motu proprio* move to conduct an investigation shall be embodied in a formal charge to be signed by at least majority of the members of the Board. The rules on administrative investigation issued by the Commission shall govern the hearing or investigation subject to applicable provisions of this Act, Republic Act No. 8981 and the Rules of the Court.

SEC. 23. *Reissuance of Revoked Certificate of Registration, Replacement of Lost or Damaged Certificate of Registration, Professional Identification Card or Temporary/Special Permit.* – The Board may, upon petition, reinstate or reissue a revoked certificate of registration after two (2) years from the effectivity of the period for revocation, which is the date of surrender of the said certificate and/or the professional identification card if still valid to the Board and/or the Commission. The Board may not require the holder thereof to take another licensure examination. The petitioner shall prove to the Board that he/she has valid reason/s to practice his/her profession. For the grant of his/her petition, the Board shall issue a Board Resolution subject to approval by the Commission.

A duplicate copy of lost certificate of registration, professional identification card or temporary/special permit may be reissued in accordance with rules thereon and upon payment of the prescribed fee therefor.

SEC. 24. *Nonpayment of the Annual Registration Fees.* – The Board shall suspend a registered interior designer from the practice of his/her profession for nonpayment of the annual registration fees for five (5) consecutive years from his/her last or previous year of payment. The resumption of his/her practice shall take place only upon

payment of the delinquent fees plus surcharges and interest and in accordance with the rules of the Commission. The running of the five (5)-year period may be interrupted upon written notice about the discontinuance of his/her practice and surrender of his/her certificate of registration to the Board and/or the Commission.

SEC. 25. *Vested Rights.* – All practicing interior designers who are registered at the time of the passage of this Act shall automatically be registered and issued certificates of registration.

ARTICLE IV PRACTICE OF INTERIOR DESIGN

SEC. 26. *Lawful Practitioners of Interior Design.* – The following persons shall be authorized to practice the interior design profession:

(a) Natural persons who are:

- (1) Duly registered and licensed as interior designers and holders of valid certificates of registration and valid professional identification cards issued by the Board and the Commission pursuant to this Act; and
- (2) Holders of valid temporary/special permits issued by the Board and the Commission to foreign licensed interior designers pursuant to this Act.

(b) Juridical persons:

- (1) Single proprietorship whose owner is a registered interior designer;
- (2) Partnership duly registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as professional partnership pursuant to the Civil Code and composed of all partners who are all duly registered interior designers; and
- (3) Corporation whose key chief executive officers (CEOs) and majority of the Board of Directors are all registered and licensed interior designers may be duly registered with the SEC as engaged in the practice of interior design.

Juridical persons shall also be registered with the Board and the Commission in accordance with the rules and regulations thereon.

SEC. 27. *Seal, Issuance, and Use of Seal.* – A duly registered interior designer shall sign and affix the seal duly approved and provided by the Board of Interior Design on all plans, specifications and contract documents prepared by, or under his/her direct supervision during the validity of his/her certificate of registration.

Officers or employees of the government, chartered cities, provinces, municipalities now or hereafter charged with the enforcement of the laws, ordinances or regulations relating to the construction or alteration of the interiors of buildings shall accept only those interior plans, specifications and contract documents which have been prepared, signed and sealed by a duly licensed interior designer and submitted in full accord with the provisions of this Act, plans and specifications of which have not been so prepared, signed and sealed by a duly licensed interior designer.

Violation of the foregoing shall be ground for administrative and/or criminal action.

SEC. 29. *Foreign Reciprocity.* – No foreign interior designer shall be issued a certificate of registration to practice the interior design profession or be entitled to any of the rights and privileges under this Act unless the country of which he/she is a subject or citizen specifically permits Filipino interior designers to practice within its territorial limits on the same basis as the subjects or citizens of such foreign state or country.

SEC. 30. *Practice Through Temporary/Special Permit.* – (a) Foreigners intending to work in the Philippines to perform professional services as interior designers or consultants whether employed through official foreign-funded or foreign-assisted projects initiated by the government, or engaged by private Filipino, foreign contractors or firms shall first secure a temporary/special permit from the PRC through the Board of Interior Design specifically authorizing him/her to practice on the special project or commission named therein: *Provided, further, That:*

- (1) He/She is legally and professionally qualified and registered to practice interior design in his/her own country;

- (2) His/Her expertise is unique and useful to the Philippines, resulting in the transfer of information and technology. The establishment of international standards in design, and of sharing of other specialized skills; and
 - (3) Duly licensed foreign nationals shall be required to work with a Filipino counterpart who has been in continuous practice of interior design for at least ten (10) years. Professional fees and services, and expenses of documentation pertaining to the project shall be shared by both foreign and Filipino interior designers, including liabilities and taxes due to the Philippine government, if any, according to their participation in, or professional services rendered to the project.
- (b) A foreign interior designer shall be required to work in every case with a duly licensed Filipino counterpart whose competence and integrity have been established by the Board of Interior Design on the basis of uniform standards contained in their IRR.
 - (c) Foreign and Filipino firms working jointly on a special project shall divide the professional fees and other charges collected from said project equitably. Similarly, all documentation expenses, taxes and other liabilities incurred on the shared project shall also be borne equally by both foreign and Filipino firms.
 - (d) Foreigners working jointly with Filipino firms shall sign contracts, designs and other credits together with his/her Filipino counterpart. Both foreign and Filipino firms shall at all times be acknowledged in international tri-media on proprietary and intellectual property rights. All residual earnings shall also be equitably shared between foreign and local firms.
 - (e) Foreign design firms or individuals practicing in the Philippines before the promulgation of this Act are required to comply with the requirements established by the Board of Interior Design in its IRR within the timetable it stipulates therein.
 - (f) Any violation of these requirements or other illegal practices undertaken by either foreign design firms or their Filipino counterparts shall be punishable by law or under the IRR of the Board of Interior Design.

SEC. 31. *Indication of Numbers: Certificate of Registration, Professional Tax Receipt and APO Membership.* – The interior designer shall be required to indicate his/her certificate of registration number and date of issuance, the expiry of his/her current professional identification card, the professional tax receipt number and date, and his/her APO membership number and date with official receipt number and date of membership payment (annual/lifetime) on the documents he/she signs, uses or issues in connection with the practice of his/her interior design profession.

SEC. 32. *Roster of Interior Designers.* – The Board shall prepare and maintain a roster of the names, residence and/or office address of all registered interior designers which shall be updated annually in cooperation with the APO, indicating therein the status of the certificate of registration, professional identification card and APO membership, whether valid, delinquent, suspended or revoked or inactive due to death or other reasons. The said roster shall be conspicuously posted within the premises of the Commission and the information therefrom made available to the public upon inquiry or request.

SEC. 33. *Integration of the Interior Designers.* – The interior designers shall be integrated into one (1) national organization of interior designers that is duly registered with the SEC. The Board of Interior Design, subject to approval by the Commission, shall accredit the said organization as the one and only integrated and accredited professional organization of interior designers. All interior designers whose names appear in the Registry Book of Interior Designers shall *ipso facto* or automatically become members thereof and shall receive therefrom all the benefits and privileges upon payment of APO membership fees and dues.

A membership in an affiliate organization of Interior Designers shall not be barred.

ARTICLE V
FINAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 34. *Penal Clause.* – The following acts shall be punished by a fine of not less than Three hundred thousand pesos (Php300,000.00) but not more than One million pesos (Php1,000,000.00) and revocation of certificate of registration or imprisonment of not less than six (6) months but not more than three (3) years, or both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

(a) **Local Practitioner.** –

- (1) Practicing interior design, rendering work and consultations or rendering equivalent services as interior designer as defined in this Act or using the title “Interior Designer”, “Interior Design Consultant”, “Interior Design Stylist”, or “Interior Design” in any signage, calling card, advertisement or any other mode of publicity without a valid certificate of registration and/or a valid professional identification card or a valid temporary/special permit;
- (2) Attempting to use the seal, certificate of registration and/or professional identification card of a registered interior designer or temporary/special permit issued to foreign professional;
- (3) Abetting the illegal practice of interior design by an unregistered or unauthorized person;
- (4) Impersonating a registered interior designer or a holder of a temporary/special permit; and
- (5) Violating any provision of this Act or the IRR thereof.

(b) **Foreign Practitioner/Firm.** – Foreign interior design firm or individuals who shall be found to be illegally practicing their profession shall be penalized with a fine of a minimum of fifteen percent (15%) of gross fees under Five million pesos (Php5,000,000.00) and a minimum of ten percent (10%) of gross fees above Five million pesos (Php5,000,000.00) in addition to payment of back taxes to the Philippine government, imprisonment of not less than six (6) months but not more than three (3) years, or both fine and imprisonment or permanent ban from further practice in the Philippines at the discretion of the court.

Section 35. Civil Liability. – The Interior Designer shall assume full responsibility for the contract work within six (6) months from the final acceptance by the Client and shall be held responsible for any damage or destruction of the works except those occasioned by force majeure. The Interior Designer shall be fully responsible for the safety, protection, security and convenience of his clients/user, personnel, third parties, and the public at large, as well as the works, equipment installation and the like to be affected by his work.

The liability period for defects in the projects shall be six (6) months from final acceptance by the Client. During this period, the Interior Designer shall undertake the repair works, at his own expense, of any damage to the projects on account of the use of materials of inferior quality within ninety (90) days from the time the client has issued a notification of the need to undertake repair. In case of failure or refusal to comply with this mandate, the client shall undertake such repair works and shall be entitled to full reimbursement of expenses incurred therein upon demand.

Any Interior Designer who fails to comply with the preceding paragraph shall suffer suspension or any appropriate penalty to be determined by the Board.

SEC. 36. *Enforcement.* – The Commission shall implement the concerned provisions of this Act, enforce its IRR as adopted by the Board, conduct investigations on complaints including violations of the Code of Conduct of the profession and prosecute when so warranted.

SEC. 37. *Appropriations.* The Chairperson of the PRC shall immediately include in the Commission's program the implementation of this Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

SEC. 38. *Transitory Provisions.* – The incumbent Board shall, in an interim capacity, continue to function by carrying out the provisions of this Act without the need to issue new appointments for the Chairperson and members thereof until the first Board created under this Act shall have been constituted or organized pursuant thereto.

SEC. 39. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – The Board, with the approval of the Commission, shall adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this Act, which shall be effective after fifteen (15) days following its publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a major daily newspaper of general circulation.

SEC. 40. *Separability Clause.* – If any clause, provision, paragraph or part hereof shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment shall not affect, invalidate or impair any other part hereof, but such judgment shall be merely confined to the clause, provision, paragraph or part directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment has been rendered.

SEC. 41. *Repealing Clause.* – Republic Act No. 8534 is hereby repealed. All other laws, decrees, executive orders and administrative issuances or parts thereof which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby modified, superseded or repealed accordingly.

SEC. 42. *Effectivity.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,