

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS

Third Regular Session



COMMITTEE REPORT NO. **2494** 05 DEC 2012

Submitted by the Committee on Public Order and Safety on _____

Re : House Bill No. **6737**

Recommending its approval in substitution of House Bill Nos. 3453 and 3876

Sponsors: Representatives Pablo John F. Garcia and Emmeline Y. Aglipay

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Public Order and Safety, to which were referred House Bill No. 3453, introduced by Representative Emmeline Y. Aglipay, entitled,

"AN ACT
STRENGTHENING THE PRIVATE SECURITY INDUSTRY, AMENDING FOR THIS
PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 5487, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE 'ACT TO
REGULATE THE ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF PRIVATE DETECTIVE,
WATCHMEN OR SECURITY GUARDS AGENCIES'"; and

House Bill No. 3876, introduced by Representatives Angelo B. Palmones and Catalina C. Bagasina, entitled,

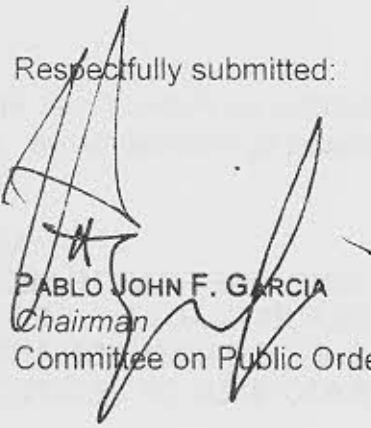
"AN ACT
AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 5487, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS 'AN ACT TO
REGULATE THE ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF PRIVATE DETECTIVE,
WATCHMEN OR SECURITY GUARD AGENCIES' AND FOR OTHER
PURPOSES",

has considered the same and recommends that the attached House Bill No. ~~001-6737~~ entitled:

"AN ACT
STRENGTHENING THE PRIVATE SECURITY INDUSTRY,
REPEALING FOR THIS PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 5487, ENTITLED, 'AN ACT
TO REGULATE THE ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF PRIVATE DETECTIVE,
WATCHMEN OR SECURITY GUARD AGENCIES' AS AMENDED"

be approved in substitution of House Bill Nos. 3453 and 3876 with Representatives Emmeline Y. Aglipay, Angelo B. Palmones, Catalina C. Bagasina, Pablo John F. Garcia, Rodolfo W. Antonino, Romeo M. Acop, Juan Miguel "Mikey" Macapagal Arroyo, Leopoldo N. Bataoil, Roilo Golez, Loreto Leo S. Ocampos, Nasser C. Pangandaman, Maximo B. Rodriguez, Jr., Jesus N. Sacdalan, and Susan A. Yap as authors thereof.

Respectfully submitted:


PABLO JOHN F. GARCIA
Chairman
Committee on Public Order and Safety

THE HONORABLE SPEAKER
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS
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House Bill No. **6737**

Introduced by Representatives Emmeline Y. Aglipay, Angelo B. Palmones,
Catalina C. Bagasina, Pablo John F. Garcia, Rodolfo W. Antonino, Romeo M. Acop,
Juan Miguel "Mikey" Macapagal-Arroyo, Leopoldo N. Bataoil, Roilo Golez,
Loreto Leo S. Ocampos, Nasser C. Pangandaman, Maximo B. Rodriguez, Jr.,
Jesus N. Sacdalan, and Susan A. Yap

AN ACT STRENGTHENING THE PRIVATE SECURITY INDUSTRY,
REPEALING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 5487 ENTITLED, "AN ACT
TO REGULATE THE ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF PRIVATE DETECTIVE,
WATCHMEN OR SECURITY GUARD AGENCIES," AS AMENDED

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in
Congress assembled*

1 SECTION 1. *Short Title of Act* - This Act shall be known as "The Security
2 Industry and the Practice of Security Profession Act."

3
4 SEC. 2. *Scope of this Act* - This Act shall provide for the regulation and
5 supervision of the security industry and the practice of security profession.
6

7 SEC. 3. *Definition of Terms* - The following terms are hereby defined as follows:
8

9 (a) *Accreditation* refers to the formal authorization issued by Supervisory
10 Office for Security and Investigation Agency (SOSIA) to private security
11 training institutions, canine training centers, canine service providers,
12 supervisors and training personnel, armored service providers, personal
13 security protection service providers and other specialized security providers
14 in compliance with the standards set at a maximum level.
15

16 (b) *Armored Vehicle* refers to a vehicle used in minimum security measures in
17 the continuance of protection of the transportation of cash, funds, checks, any
18 negotiable documents, or any other valuable item transported against crimes
19 and other destructive causes. It is an extraordinary vehicle made of bullet-
20 resistant materials capable of withstanding the firepower of high-powered
21 firearms such as M16 and M14 rifles. Moreover, armored-vehicles shall be

1 equipped with a vault or safe or a partition with a combination lock designed
2 to prevent retrieval of the cargo while in transit.
3

4 (c) *Company Guard* refers to a regular employee of a private company who is
5 employed to render security services within the company premises.
6

7 (d) *Duty Detail Order* refers to a written order of a private security agency
8 issued by the security manager, operations officer, or the branch manager
9 authorizing the security guards to carry agency-issued firearms while in
10 prescribed uniform and in the performance of security services during their
11 tour of duty within the property of the person, firm or establishment with whom
12 the agency has a contract for security services.
13

14 (e) *License to Exercise Security Profession (LESP)* refers to a permit issued
15 by the Chief, Philippine National Police (PNP), or the duly authorized
16 representative, recognizing a natural person to be qualified to perform the
17 duties as security or training personnel.
18

19 (f) *License to Operate* refers to a permit issued by the Chief, PNP, or the
20 duly authorized representative, certifying a person to engage in employing
21 and deploying security guards, canine teams, protection agents, private
22 detectives and other licensed specialized security personnel; or a juridical
23 person to establish, engage, direct, manage or operate a private detective
24 agency or private security agency or company guard force after payment of
25 the prescribed dues or fees and after complying with all the requirements as
26 provided by the rules and regulations implementing this Act.
27

28 (g) *Pre-Licensing Training Programs* refer to licensing pre-requisite, pre-
29 licensing training programs that include all training and academic programs
30 and courses with the objective to indoctrinate the individual with the basic
31 skills and educational backgrounds necessary in the effective exercise and
32 performance of the security and detective profession. These include, but are
33 not limited to, the Basic Security Guard Course and the Security Officers
34 Training Course.
35

36 (h) *Private Detective* refers to any person licensed and qualified to perform
37 detective work on a compensated basis other than members of the PNP, of
38 the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP), guards of the Bureau of Jail
39 Management and Penology (BJMP), provincial, municipal or city jail guards,
40 and any other member of law enforcement agencies of the government.
41

42 (i) *Private Detective Agency* refers to any entity that contracts, recruits,
43 trains, furnishes or posts private detective and protection agents; or provides
44 detective, investigation and protection services, or other detective and
45 protective services as may be set by the PNP in consideration of a fee,
46 reward, commission or compensation.

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- (j) *Private Security Agency* refers to any person, association, partnership, firm, company, or private corporation that: (1) contracts, recruits, trains, furnishes or posts any security guard to perform its functions; (2) offers its services as a consultant on any security-related matter; or trainer and its security guards for hire, commission or compensation through subscription to individuals, businesses, firms or private, public or government-owned or controlled corporations whose business or transactions involve national security or interest like the operation or management of domestic ocean vessels, airplanes, helicopters, seaports, airports heliports, landing strips etc; or (3) provides specialized security needs that the SOSIA may approve.
 - (k) *Private Security Guard* refers to any person for hire or compensation, or as an employee thereof, who offers and renders personal service to: (1) watch or secure either residences, business establishments, buildings, compounds, areas, or properties, including but not limited to logging concessions and agricultural, mining or pasture lands; or (2) inspect, monitor, conduct bodily checks or searches of individuals or baggage or perform other forms of security, inspection, whether physically, manually, electronically or with the aid of K-9.
 - (l) *Private Security Industry* refers to those engaged in the legitimate business of providing private security and detective, security training, K9 security and VIP protection services; and those in the management and administration of company guard forces.
 - (m) *Private Security Personnel* refers to natural persons who include private security guards, private detectives, security consultants, security officers, protection agents, training officers, training directors, K9 handlers, K9 administrators, K9 evaluators, K9 trainers, kennel masters and other certified or licensed service providers rendering or performing security and detective services as employed by private security agencies and private firms.
 - (n) *Private Security Service* refers to the act of providing or rendering services to guard an establishment, whether public or private, building, compound, area or property; to conduct access control or denial in any form, whether physically, manually or scientifically by electronic monitoring systems, for the purpose of securing such area or property and at the same time ensuring safety and protection of persons within such areas; to maintain peace and order within such areas; to conduct in-house security training; or to conduct investigation therein.

It shall also include the act of contracting, recruiting, training, furnishing or posting of any security guard.
 - (o) *Private Security Training* refers to training and academic programs and courses duly approved and prescribed by the PNP and adopted by the

1 Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA). For
2 purposes of securing an LESP, it is essential that a letter of authority to
3 conduct training must be issued by SOSIA. Such training includes the pre-
4 licensing requirements of individual security guard and other security
5 personnel, the periodic and non-periodic in-service skill refreshers for such
6 security personnel, and other specialized, individual or group, private security
7 personnel skills development.
8

- 9 (p) *Protection Agent* refers to any natural person for hire or compensation
10 who offers his services to protect another natural person against unlawful
11 activities, harm, danger, or injuries. Said person shall have undergone the
12 training course for protection agents as mandated, designed and
13 implemented in accordance with this law.
14
15 (q) *Security Guard Services* refer to private security services provided by
16 licensed security personnel at a defined area.
17
18 (r) *Security Consultancy Services* refer to the services provided by licensed
19 security personnel such as formulation of a security plan, threat and
20 vulnerability assessment, site surveying, security auditing, risk management,
21 travel security training, hostage avoidance, evacuation planning and incident
22 management.
23
24 (s) *Special Detail Order* refers to a written order and schedule of a private
25 security agency issued by a superior officer, usually the branch manager,
26 operations officer, or the administrative officer directing the unarmed security
27 guards to wear a special set of uniform approved by the SOSIA Uniform and
28 Equipment Board and to perform security services.
29

30 SEC. 4. *Who May Organize a Private Security Agency.* – Any Filipino citizen or a
31 partnership, association or corporation that is one hundred percent (100%) owned and
32 controlled by Filipino citizens may organize a private security agency. The operator or
33 licensee of the said agency must be at least twenty-five (25) years old, college
34 graduate, of good moral character, has no previous record of conviction of any crime or
35 offense involving moral turpitude, and is not suffering from any of the following
36 disqualifications:
37

- 38 (a) Has been dishonorably discharged or separated from the AFP, PNP or
39 any other government law enforcement agency;
40
41 (b) Is mentally incompetent; and
42
43 (c) Is addicted to alcohol or the use of narcotic drugs or other controlled
44 substances.
45
46

1 The minimum capital requirement and minimum bank deposit required of private
2 security agencies shall be determined by the Chief, PNP in consultation with various
3 stakeholders and shall be provided for in the implementing rules and regulations of this
4 Act.

5
6 For purposes of this Act, elective or appointive government employees who may
7 be called upon, on account of the functions of their respective offices in the
8 implementation and enforcement of the provisions of this Act, and any person related to
9 such government employees by affinity or consanguinity in the third civil degree, shall
10 not hold any interest, directly or indirectly in any private security agency.

11
12 SEC. 5. *Who May Apply for a License to Exercise Private Security Profession.* –
13 Any Filipino citizen may apply for a license to practice the private security profession
14 and engage in the occupation, calling or employment either as a private security
15 guard, private security officer, private detective, protection agent or private security
16 consultant, after complying with academic, scholastic, skills and training requirements
17 subject to other requirements prescribed herein under:

18
19 (a) *Basic Requirements of Private Security Personnel* –

- 20 1) Must be a citizen of the of the Philippines;
- 21 2) Must be at least eighteen (18) years old;
- 22 3) Must have taken a private security course or seminar and must have
23 adequate training;
- 24 4) Must be of good moral character and must not have been convicted of any
25 crime or offense involving moral turpitude;
- 26 5) Must be physically and mentally fit; and
- 27 6) Has passed the neuro-psychiatric test and drug test administered by any
28 government-accredited neuro-psychiatric testing center.

29
30 (b) *Qualifications of a Private Security Guard.* – No person shall be licensed as a
31 security guard for employment in private security agencies and companies
32 unless that person possesses the following qualifications:

- 33
34 1) Must be a citizen of the Philippines;
- 35 2) Must be at least a high school graduate;
- 36 3) Must be physically and mentally fit;
- 37 4) Must be at least eighteen (18) years old; and not more than fifty (50) years
38 old for new applicants and security guards in non-supervisory positions;
- 39 5) Has passed the neuro-psychiatric test and drug test administered by any
40 government-accredited neuro-psychiatric testing center; and
- 41 6) Has undergone a pre-licensing training course or its equivalent.

42
43 No license shall be renewed for security guards who reach the age of sixty (60).

44
45 (c) *Qualifications of a Security Officer.* – No person shall be licensed as a
46 security officer unless the applicant:

- 1) Is a citizen of the Philippines;
- 2) Holds a baccalaureate degree; or one who is without a baccalaureate degree but has earned and completed at least seventy-two (72) units in any college or vocational course and has at least five (5) years experience in any supervisory position;
- 3) Is physically and mentally fit;
- 4) Has graduated from a security officer training course or its equivalent; and
- 5) Has passed the neuro-psychiatric test and drug test administered by any government-accredited neuro-psychiatric testing center.

(d) *Qualifications of a Security Consultant.* – No person shall be licensed as a security consultant unless the applicant:

- 1) Is physically and mentally fit;
- 2) Holds a baccalaureate degree;
- 3) Has at least ten (10) years experience in the operation and management of a security business; and
- 4) Has passed the neuro-psychiatric test and drug test administered by any government accredited neuro-psychiatric testing center.

(e) *Qualifications of a Private Detective.* – No person shall be licensed as a private detective unless the applicant:

- 1) Is a citizen of the Philippines;
- 2) Is physically and mentally fit;
- 3) Holds a baccalaureate degree, preferably bachelor of laws or bachelor of science in criminology;
- 4) Has graduated from a criminal investigation course offered by the PNP, the National Bureau of Investigation (NBI), or any police training school; or a detective training in any authorized or recognized training center; and
- 5) Has passed the neuro-psychiatric test and drug test administered by any government accredited neuro-psychiatric testing center.

(f) *Qualifications of a Protection Agent.* – No person shall be licensed as a protection agent unless the applicant:

- 1) Is a citizen of the Philippines;
- 2) Has passed the neuro-psychiatric test and drug test administered by any government accredited neuro-psychiatric testing center;
- 3) Holds a baccalaureate degree or one who is without a baccalaureate degree but has earned and completed at least seventy-two (72) units in any college or vocational course and has at least five (5) years experience in any supervisory position;
- 4) Is at least twenty-five (25) years old but not more than fifty-six (56) years old.

SEC. 6. *Grant of License.* (a) A person who shall engage in the business of or act as a private security agency or engage in private security services shall first

1 secure the necessary permit from the Chief, PNP, which permit, as approved, is a
2 prerequisite in obtaining a license to operate.

3
4 (b) A license is required by any person who shall operate, manage or direct a
5 licensed private security, detective, or training agency. Any person, except for those
6 employed solely for clerical or manual work, participating in the management or
7 operation thereof, shall likewise secure a license to operate private security services.

8
9 (c) A license to operate private security services shall not be granted to any
10 applicant who:

11 1) Has a previous record of conviction of any crime or offense involving
12 moral turpitude;

13 2) Has been dishonorably discharged or separated for cause from
14 employment or service;

15 3) Is mentally incompetent, as determined by a competent authority;

16 4) Has failed a government-mandated drug test;

17 5) Is a habitual drunkard or alcoholic; and

18 6) Is proven to be acting as a dummy for a foreign national or company.

19
20 (d) A license shall be granted only to a private security agency that has a
21 minimum of one hundred (100) licensed private security personnel under its employ.

22
23 (e) A license to operate shall be granted only to private detective agency or
24 company guard force that has a minimum of thirty (30) licensed private security
25 personnel under its employ.

26
27 (f) A license to exercise security profession of duly qualified security guards
28 shall be valid for a period of three (3) years from the date of its issuance.

29
30 SEC. 7. *Application for License to Operate.* - The application for License to
31 Operate shall be made in writing by the owner for single proprietorships; or the
32 authorized person duly designated by the partnership or corporation through a joint
33 affidavit or board resolution, respectively, and shall be filed with the Chief, PNP through
34 the PNP SOSIA, Civil Security Group.

35
36 Applications made by single proprietorships shall include a copy of the certificate
37 of registration issued by the Department of Trade and Industry. Applications made by
38 partnerships, associations and corporations shall include a copy of their respective
39 certificates of registration issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission together
40 with the company's by-laws and articles of incorporation.

41
42 All applications shall be accompanied by a bond issued by any competent or
43 reputable surety or fidelity or insurance company duly accredited by the Philippine
44 Insurance Commission, which bond shall answer for any valid and legal claim against
45 the agency by its clients or employees. The amount of the bond shall be determined by

1 the Chief, PNP and stipulated in the implementing rules and regulations of this Act. The
2 amount of the bond shall not be unjustified, prohibitive or unreasonable.

3
4 SEC. 8. *Fees and Bonds to be Paid*. - When all requisites for the issuance of the
5 license have been complied with, the Chief, PNP or the duly authorized representative,
6 shall issue a permit for the issuance of such license and register the same, upon
7 payment by the applicant of the annual national license fee, and such other fees in
8 accordance with the schedules of fees to be determined in subsequent issuances or
9 orders by the PNP, through the SOSIA. The determination of the fees shall be made in
10 coordination and consultation with various stakeholders.

11
12 Any provision of this or other laws to the contrary notwithstanding, the Chief,
13 PNP may, at any time, suspend or cancel the licenses of private security agencies
14 found violating any of the provisions of this Act, or the rules and regulations
15 promulgated by the Chief, PNP pursuant thereto.

16
17 SEC 9. *Employees Need not be Licensed*.- Any person operating, managing or
18 directing a licensed security agency, as well as any person having any participation in
19 the management or operation thereof, except those employed solely for clerical or
20 manual works, shall secure the license prescribed by appropriate Sections of this Act.

21
22 SEC. 10. *Safeguards Against Private Armies*. - The Chief, PNP may cancel,
23 revoke or suspend the license to operate of any private security agency on any of the
24 following grounds:

25
26 (a) Cancellation of a license to operate:

- 27
28 1) When a private security agency takes part in an armed conflict either
29 for private gain or the desire for material compensation or for the
30 advancement of any ideology and philosophy;
31
32 2) When a private security agency uses force or the threat of force to
33 assert itself or those they represent in a national or local electoral contest;
34
35 3) When a private security agency uses its authority to engage in human
36 rights violations as described and protected in the 1987 Constitution of the
37 Philippines;
38
39 4) When a private security agency is used as a privately-owned and
40 operated para-military organization operating outside of the regulatory
41 framework established by regulations adopted by the PNP;
42
43 5) When a private security agency is deliberately, unilaterally and with the
44 full knowledge of its management, used for the protection of a syndicated
45 criminal enterprise; and
46

6) When the stockholder, director or senior officer of the private security agency is convicted of a heinous crime, as defined by law.

(b) Suspension of a license to operate:

1) When a stockholder, director or senior officer of the private security agency is convicted of a crime; and

2) When the private security agency engages in business practices deemed in violation of Republic Act No. 8799, otherwise known as "The Securities Regulation Code".

SEC. 11. *Display of License of Private Security Agency.* - The license to operate shall be displayed at all times in a conspicuous and suitable place in the agency, office, headquarters and branch offices of the agency. It shall be exhibited at the request of any person whose jurisdiction is in relation with the business of the agency, the employees thereof, or of the Chief, PNP or the duly authorized representative.

SEC. 12. *Supervision by the Philippine National Police.* - Upon approval of this Act, the PNP shall exercise general supervision over the operation of all private security agencies.

SEC. 13. *Powers of City or Municipal Mayors in Cases of Emergency.* - In case of emergency or in times of disaster or calamities where the need for the services of security agencies may arise, the city or municipal mayor, as director of civil defense, may request the services of the agency nearest the area and its duly licensed personnel to help maintain peace and order, the prevention or apprehension of law violators, and in the preservation of life and property without compromising the safety and security of the area where the private security personnel are assigned. Deputized private detectives, watchmen or security guards shall take direct orders from the Chief, PNP for the duration of a fire, inundation, earthquakes, riots or other emergencies.

SEC. 14. *Issuance of Firearms.* - A private security agency shall be entitled to possess firearms after having satisfactorily passed the requirements prescribed by the Chief, PNP, pertinent to the possession of firearms of any caliber not higher than 5.56 caliber in a number not exceeding one firearm for each private security personnel, to include single-posts, in its employ: *Provided*, That all the firearms herein referred shall be carried by the private security personnel only during their tour of duty, in proper uniform, within the compound of the establishment, except when they escort and secure persons, big amounts of cash or valuables.

SEC. 15. *Uniform.* - The uniform of private security personnel shall be different from the uniform worn and prescribed for members of the AFP, city and municipal police force. The Chief, PNP, through the duly authorized representative, shall prescribe the uniform, ornaments, equipment and paraphernalia to be worn by the private security personnel throughout the Philippines.

1 SEC. 16. *Compensation and Other Benefits of Private Security Personnel.* –
2 Private security personnel shall be paid not less than the minimum wage and other
3 benefits under the Labor Code of the Philippines, as amended, and other existing laws
4 and regulations relating to labor standards. In case a private security personnel is paid a
5 salary lower than the minimum wage prescribed by law, the private security agency and
6 its client where the underpaid private security personnel is detailed shall be solidarily
7 liable for such violations.
8

9 SEC. 17. *Limitations and Prohibitions.* – No private security agency shall offer or
10 render services to gambling dens or other illegal enterprises. The extent of the private
11 security service being provided by any private security agency shall not go beyond the
12 whole compound or property of the person or establishment requesting the security
13 service, except when escorting and securing persons or big amounts of cash.
14

15 SEC. 18. *Rules and Regulations by the Chief, Philippine National Police.* – The
16 Chief, PNP, in strict and public consultation with the stakeholders and subject to the
17 provisions of existing laws, is hereby authorized to issue the rules and regulations
18 necessary to carry out the purpose of this Act. Furthermore, the Chief, PNP shall
19 consult with various stakeholders prior to the issuance of all regulations and issuances
20 related to and affecting private security agencies and private security personnel. These
21 implementing rules and regulations shall be reviewed every three (3) years.
22

23 SEC. 19. *Separability Clause.*– If any part or provision of this Act is declared
24 unconstitutional, the remaining parts or provisions not affected shall remain in full force
25 and effect.
26

27 SEC. 20. *Repealing Clause.* – Republic Act No. 5487 is hereby repealed. All
28 laws, rules, resolutions, municipal ordinances, regulations and administrative orders
29 contrary or inconsistent with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.
30

31 SEC. 21. *Effectivity.*– This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
32 publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
33

34
35 Approved,

FACT SHEET

House Bill No. **6737**
(As approved by the Committee)

AN ACT STRENGTHENING THE PRIVATE SECURITY INDUSTRY, FOR THIS PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 5487 ENTITLED REPEALING, "AN ACT TO REGULATE THE ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF PRIVATE DETECTIVE, WATCHMEN OR SECURITY GUARD AGENCIES," AS AMENDED

Introduced by: REPS. EMMELINE Y. AGLIPAY, ANGELO B. PALMONES,
CATALINA C. BAGASINA, PABLO JOHN F. GARCIA, RODOLFO W. ANTONINO,
ROMEO M. ACOP, JUAN MIGUEL "MIKEY" MACAPAGAL ARROYO,
LEOPOLDO N. BATAOIL, ROILO GOLEZ, LORETO LEO S. OCAMPOS,
NASSER C. PANGANDAMAN, MAXIMO B. RODRIGUEZ, JR.
JESUS N. SACDALAN, AND SUSAN A. YAP

Committee Referral: COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ORDER AND SAFETY
Committee Chairperson: REP. PABLO JOHN F. GARCIA

OBJECTIVES

- To professionalize the private security industry by strengthening the requirements for training and professional certification of security practitioners.
- To improve the efficiency of the security industry by making more efficient bureaucratic processes with respect to licensing, operation and regulation of private security agencies.
- To make the Private Security Agency Act more responsive to the needs of private security agencies as well as that of the society.

KEY PROVISIONS

- Designates the Chief of the Philippine National Police (PNP), in consultation with various stakeholders, to determine the minimum capital requirement and minimum bank deposit required to operate private security agencies;
- Requires that a Philippine private security agency shall be one hundred percent (100%) Filipino-owned;