

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Constitution Hills, Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 4423

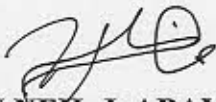


Introduced by Representative Harlin Neil J. Abayon III

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This bill seeks to provide a system of tax incentives to corporations, partnerships, organizations and other juridical entities for their support of the use of environment-friendly bags.

In view thereof, immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.


HARLIN NEIL J. ABAYON III
Representative
AANGAT TAYO Party-list

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HOUSE BILL NO. 4423

Introduced by Representative Harlin Neil J. Abayon III

AN ACT
GRANTING TAX INCENTIVES TO CORPORATIONS, PARTNERSHIPS,
ORGANIZATIONS, AND OTHER JURIDICAL ENTITIES FOR USING AND
PROMOTING THE USE OF ENVIRONMENT-FRIENDLY BAGS, SUPPORTING
SUCH EFFORTS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the “Green Tax Incentives Act.”

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is the policy of the State to protect and advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature. However, protection of the environment cannot be achieved without the aid of the private sector. As such, the State recognizes the indispensable role of the private sector and encourages its full participation and cooperation in achieving its goal of environmental protection and preservation. Environmental protection and preservation is for the common good and should be the concern of all. Local efforts of environmental significance may and can be beneficial not only to our nation, but to the world as a whole as we maintain ecological balance in pursuit of sustainable development.

SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. The following terms when used in this Act shall

- a. “Bureau” – the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR);
- b. “Consumer” – any person who makes a purchase at retail for any purpose other than resale;
- c. “Department” – the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI);
- d. “Environment-Friendly Bag” – a type of bag that benefits the environment in some way, including but are not limited to those made from recycled products, repurposed products, sustainable materials, and organic materials;
- e. “Plastic Bag” – any plastic, latex, or polypropylene carry-out bag provided by the store to a consumer at the point of sale;
- f. “Reusable Bag” – a bag with handles that is specifically designed and manufactured for multiple re-use and meets all the following requirements:
 - 1.) Has a minimum lifetime of 125 uses, which, for purposes of this subsection, means the capability of carrying a minimum of 22 lbs. or 15 liters, 125 times over a distance of at least 175 feet;

- 2.) Is machine washable;
- 3.) Does not contain lead, cadmium, or any other heavy metal in toxic amounts;
- 4.) Is labelled "Reusable" on the front and/or back of the bag in lettering at least one inch in height.

SECTION 4. Scope. – Corporations, partnerships, organizations, and other juridical entities which support this effort by participation and cooperation shall be given tax incentives.

SECTION 5. Procedure. – Such corporations, partnerships, organizations, and other juridical entities mentioned in preceding section shall collate and file the necessary documentation to prove that they have been using, promoting and supporting environment-friendly bags. The same shall be submitted to the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) for proper evaluation. Upon findings by the Department that such corporation, partnership, organization, or juridical entity has satisfactorily proven that they have been using, promoting and supporting environment-friendly bags, then a certificate of compliance shall be issued and which will be attached to the tax return to be submitted to the Bureau in order to avail of the tax incentives.

SECTION 6. Tax Incentives. – The following tax incentives shall be enjoyed by corporations, partnerships, organizations, and other juridical entities which use, promote, and support the use of environment-friendly bags:

- a. In computing the taxable income, the above-mentioned entities may claim as deduction, expenses in producing, procuring, or purchasing environment-friendly bags during taxable year, provided, that such production, procurement, or purchase of said bags is not the primary business of the juridical entity;
- b. Newly created juridical entities may, within three (3) years from incorporation, be exempt from the Expanded Value Added Tax (EVAT) on the production, procurement or purchase of environment-friendly bags;

SECTION 7. Exception. – This Act shall not be applicable to corporations, partnerships, organizations and other juridical entities whose primary business is the production, manufacture, and distribution of environment-friendly bags.

SECTION 8. Determination of Rules and Regulations. – Additional rules and regulations which will further the purpose of (his Act may be determined, formulated, and implemented by the Department through its Secretary.

SECTION 9. Separability Clause. – If any provision or part hereof, is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

SECTION 10. Repealing Clause. – Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule of regulation contrary to or is inconsistent with the provision of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.

SECTION 11. Effectivity Clause. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,