

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS
Second Regular Session



HOUSE BILL NO. 7759

Introduced by: **"KUYA" JOSE ANTONIO R. SY-ALVARADO**

EXPLANATORY NOTE

According to the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, hunger is still one of the most urgent development challenges, yet the world is producing more than enough food. However, up to one third of all food is spoiled or squandered before it is consumed by people. This is a big waste considering that the production of food involves labor, water, energy, land and other raw materials. This food waste or loss affects not only the food security but also the country's economy and natural resources and pollution.

This bill seeks to address this concern by establishing National Zero Food Waste Campaign. This campaign aims to educate the public regarding the current situation of food waste and how to effectively prevent it. The bill also prohibits food establishment in throwing away edible food but instead giving them to charity homes or feeding programs of the government.

Hence, this proposal is submitted for consideration.

"KUYA" JOSE ANTONIO R. SY-ALVARADO *JS*
Representative
First District of Bulacan

A large, stylized handwritten mark, possibly a checkmark or a signature, is drawn over the signature block and extends upwards and to the left.

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS
Second Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 7759

Introduced by: **"KUYA" JOSE ANTONIO R. SY-ALVARADO**

AN ACT
PROVIDING FOR A SYSTEM OF REDISTRIBUTING AND RECYCLING FOOD
WASTE TO PROMOTE FOOD SECURITY

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. **Short Title.** - This Act shall be known as the "Zero Food Waste Act".

SECTION 2. **Declaration of Policy.** - The State recognizes that each person has a right to an adequate standard of living, including to sufficient food. It is hereby declared a policy of the State to safeguard food security, end hunger, and promote the efficient use of the country's food resources.

Towards this end, the State shall adopt a system to promote, facilitate, and ensure the reduction of food waste through redistribution and recycling. The massive amount of food waste and the Considerable number of people going hungry daily is a breach that this Act intends to Correct.

SECTION 3. **Definition of Terms.** - As used in this Act, the following terms shall mean.

a. *Food insecure* - persons or group of persons who have difficulty producing or purchasing food to avoid hunger

b. *Edible food waste* - food discarded in the retail and consumption stages, determined to be fit for consumption based on standards set by the National Nutrition Council

c. *Food waste reduction* - the decrease of food waste generation, the redistribution of food waste to the food insecure or the recycling of food as fertilizer or composted.

d. *Food-related businesses* - public and private businesses involved in the manufacturing and processing of food products (i.e. food manufacturers), private businesses involved in the wholesaling and retailing of food products (i.e. supermarkets), and private businesses involved in serving food product (i.e. restaurants, cafeterias, and hotels)

e. *Food banks* - non-profit, charitable or other social mission-driven organizations that distribute food to the food insecure

f. *Inedible food waste* - food discarded in the retail and consumption stages, determined to be unfit for consumption based on standards set by the National Nutrition Council

g. *Waste management and recycling enterprises* - organizations that manage inedible food waste by converting there into fertilizers or compost

SECTION 4. *National Zero Food Waste Campaign.* - The National Nutrition Council (NNC), in close coordination with the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), the Department of Education (DepEd), the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), the Department of Health (DOH), other concerned agencies and Local Government Units (LGUs), is hereby tasked to undertake a National Zero Food Waste Campaign to raise awareness about the Consequences of Wasted food, the Zero Food Waste Act, and the food waste reduction efforts required of food-related businesses and households through the LGUs. The Campaign shall also promote the food waste reduction hierarchy and recommend means of reducing individual food Waste.

DepEd shall have the duty to ensure that the education curriculum includes materials on the current global and national food waste situation, on ways to reduce food waste, on national and local food waste prevention programs, and regarding the provisions of this Act. DTI shall encourage food-related businesses to purchase lower-price, non-standard size or shape produce to be used in their food products.

SECTION 5. *Food-related Business Waste Reduction Strategy.* - Food-related businesses such as food manufacturers, supermarkets, restaurants, cafeterias, and hotels are hereby required to:

a. Submit an initial report to the DSWD and DENR that contains data on the amount (in tons) of its edible and inedible food waste in the past year, organized according to the manner of disposal, including donation, composting or discarding.

b. Submit an annual report to the DSWD and DENR that contains data on the amount (in tons) of its edible and inedible food waste in the immediately precedent year, organized according to the manner of disposal, including donation, composting, or discarding.

c. Enter into a Contract with food banks to redistribute edible food waste to the food insecure.

d. Shoulder the costs of transporting edible food waste from business location to the food bank's Warehouse or distribution center.

e. Ensure that edible food waste is unadulterated and in good condition upon arrival at the food bank's distribution center.

f. Enter into a contract with waste management and recycling enterprises to recycle inedible food waste into fertilizer or compost.

g. Shoulder the costs of transporting inedible food waste from collection areas to waste management sites.

h. Reach and maintain food waste levels at the target set by the DENR.

SECTION 6. *National Zero Food Waste Scheme.* - DSWD, as the coordinating agency between the food businesses and food banks, shall:

a. Provide guidelines and standards for the collection, storage, and distribution of edible food donated to food banks.

b. Ensure that food businesses have entered into Contracts with food banks and issue acceptance certificates to food businesses.

c. Promote linkages between food banks and LGUs to create a community-based food distribution system for the food insecure.

d. Create a Self-Sufficiency Program that will provide the food insecure with skills training on managing food banks and livelihood programs to avoid the dependence on donation solely.

SECTION 7. *Household and Local Government Unit Waste Reduction Strategy.* - LGUs are hereby required to:

a. Submit an initial report that contains data on the amount (in tons) of inedible food waste that can be recycled as raw material for fertilizers or compost to DENR.

b. Submit an annual report that contains data on the amount (in tons) of inedible food waste that has been recycled as raw material for fertilizers or compost to the DENR.

c. Initiate waste segregation efforts per household through local campaigns.

d. Enter into a Contract with waste management and recycling enterprises to recycle inedible food waste from households into fertilizer or compost.

e. Shoulder the costs of transporting inedible food waste from collection areas to waste management sites. f. Reach and maintain inedible food waste levels at the target set by DENR.

SECTION 8. *Penal Provisions/Penalties.* - The penalty of prison correccional will be imposed on any individual, private or public, who deliberately makes food waste unfit for Consumption. The same penalty is applicable to private or public actors who prevent the redirection of edible food waste to food banks or inedible food waste to Waste management and recycling enterprises.

SECTION 9. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* - Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, the National Nutrition Council, in coordination with the Department of Social Welfare and Development, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, the Department of Education, the Department of Trade and Industry, the Department of Health, and other relevant government agencies, shall promulgate the necessary rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.

SECTION 10. *Periodic Review.* - The implementing agencies shall submit an annual report to Congress on the progress in the implementation of this Act.

SECTION 11. *Appropriations.* - The funds needed to implement this Act shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

SECTION 12. *Separability Clause.* - If any provision of this Act is held invalid or unconstitutional, the same shall not affect the validity and effectivity of the other provisions hereof.

SECTION 13. *Repealing Clause.* - All laws, decrees, executive orders and rules and regulations contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 14. *Effectivity Clause.* - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

