



**Republic of the Philippines  
House of Representatives  
Quezon City, Metro Manila**

**Nineteenth Congress  
First Regular Session**

**HOUSE BILL NO. 6250**



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**Introduced by Representative Rudys Caesar G. Fariñas I**

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### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

This bill establishes the National eHealth System (NeHS) to provide broad access to quality health information and services using information and communication technology. This bill designs the NeHS as integrated, comprehensive, interoperable, progressive, secure, and sustainable based on best current and future practices. In addition, the NeHS shall facilitate inter-agency and inter-sectoral coordination at various levels of governance, covering both the public and private sectors.

This measure provides for establishing a national eHealth system to promote and ensure streamlined and safely regulated delivery of eHealth services. The NeHS covers all existing healthcare providers and entities developing and using eHealth systems, services, applications, and tools.

Finally, this bill strengthens the Department of Health (DOH) by creating an e-health information and services bureau. In addition, this measure capacitates the DOH to entirely overhaul the existing Knowledge Management and Information Technology Service (KMITS) to improve service delivery.

Hence, this representation seeks the passage of this measure.

  
**RUDYS CAÉSAR G. FARIÑAS I**



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**AN ACT  
ESTABLISHING THE PHILIPPINE ELECTRONIC HEALTH OR eHEALTH  
SYSTEM AND SERVICES IN SUPPORT OF UNIVERSAL HEALTH CARE, AND  
APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR**

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in  
Congress assembled:*

**ARTICLE I  
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**SECTION 1. *Short Title.*** – This Act shall be known as the “eHealth System and Services Act”.

**SEC. 2. *Declaration of Policies.*** – It is the policy of the State to protect and promote the right to health of all Filipinos and instill health consciousness among them. Toward this end, the State shall institutionalize a system of providing wide access to quality health information and services using information and communication technology (ICT), referred to as the National eHealth System (NeHS), resulting in better health outcomes for every Filipino, and further recognizing whole-of-society and whole-of-government approaches.

The NeHS shall be integrated, comprehensive, interoperable, progressive, secure and sustainable based on best current and future practices, and shall facilitate inter-agency and inter-sectoral coordination at various levels of governance covering both the public and private sectors. It shall recognize eHealth as supplemental and complementary with other healthcare delivery methods to the extent allowable by existing laws, provide and support healthcare delivery, including diagnosis, consultation, treatment, transfer of care of patient, exchange of health data and education, especially in medically unserved and underserved geographically isolated and disadvantaged areas (GIDAs).

1 **SEC. 3. Objectives.** – This Act shall provide a holistic framework that  
2 establishes a NeHS, which shall:

- 3
- 4 a) Set policies, standards, priorities, plans, programs and projects that  
5 promote and ensure streamlined and safely regulated delivery of  
6 eHealth services to reduce inequalities, achieve universal health care,  
7 and better health outcomes; and
- 8
- 9 b) Clarify roles of agencies, institutions, and entities regarding their  
10 performance and accountabilities in building national and local  
11 eHealth capacity and measuring results.
- 12

13 **SEC. 4. Scope and Application.** – This Act covers all existing health care  
14 providers and other entities developing and using eHealth systems, services and  
15 applications and tools, whether public or private, including relevant standard  
16 equipment in the field of health and ancillary services that use ICT and are  
17 complementary to existing minimum modalities or standards of health care and  
18 other means of access to information.

19

20 **SEC. 5. Definition of Terms.** – As used in this Act:

- 21 a) **Compliant eHealth services and applications** refer to the  
22 requirements of a defined architecture of eHealth standards that enable  
23 services and systems, allow for interoperability of health services and  
24 information exchange across geographic, organizational, network,  
25 vendor boundaries, and ensure data protection in accordance with  
26 Republic Act (R.A.) No. 10173, otherwise known as the “Data Privacy  
27 Act” and other related laws and issuances;
- 28
- 29 b) **eHealth or Electronic health** refers to the use of cost-effective and  
30 secure information and communications technology for health care  
31 practice, also referred to as digital health;
- 32
- 33 c) **eHealth data services** refer to key architectural data registries of the  
34 health sector needed to enable and support large scale health  
35 information interoperability and exchange;
- 36
- 37 d) **eHealth System** refers to the interplay of enabling and foundational  
38 elements essential for a successful national eHealth implementation,  
39 namely, (1) governance and accountability, (2) standards and  
40 interoperability, (3) services and operations, (4) telehealth, (5) human  
41 resources, (6) infrastructure, (7) strategy and investment, (8)  
42 monitoring and compliance, and (9) research and development;
- 43
- 44 e) **eHealth services and applications** refer to the solutions, products and  
45 innovations with defined objectives to serve its intended clients or  
46 users, such as health information systems, electronic medical record  
47 systems, electronic health record system, enterprise resource planning  
48 system, ePharmacy system, laboratory system, radiology system,  
49 electronic prescription system, human resource information system,  
50 registry systems, mobile health, telehealth, telemedicine, wearables,  
51 and biomedical and related devices with ICT component;

- 1 f) **Electronic health record (EHR)** refers to a computerized health record  
2 used to capture, store, access and share information of a patient  
3 between and across health care providers and health-related entities;  
4
- 5 g) **Electronic medical record (EMR)** refers to a computerized medical  
6 record used to capture, store and share information of a patient to  
7 health care providers in an institution or organization;  
8
- 9 h) **Electronic prescription (ePrescription)** refers to a system that allows  
10 healthcare providers to write and send prescriptions in an automated  
11 or electronic way to a pharmacy with capability to receive such;  
12
- 13 i) **Geographically isolated and disadvantaged areas (GIDAs)** refer to  
14 barangays specifically disadvantaged due to the presence of both  
15 physical and socio-economic factors. For a barangay to be classified as  
16 GIDA, both physical and socio-economic factors must be present:  
17
- 18 1. Physical factors are characteristics that limit the delivery of and/or  
19 access to basic health services to communities that are difficult to  
20 reach due to distance, weather conditions, and transportation  
21 difficulties;  
22
- 23 2. Socioeconomic factors are social, cultural, and economic  
24 characteristics of the community that limit access to and  
25 utilization of health services;  
26
- 27 j) **Health sector enterprise architecture** refers to the blueprint on  
28 which eHealth services and applications shall be developed,  
29 implemented, and scaled up; and  
30
- 31 k) **Information and communications technology** refers to all  
32 technologies for the communication of information, which include data,  
33 application or information systems, internet, network, connectivity,  
34 telecommunications, among others.

35 **SEC. 6. Implementing Agency.** – The Department of Health (DOH) shall be the  
36 lead implementing agency to carry out the provisions of this Act. The DOH shall  
37 strengthen and transform its existing Knowledge Management and Information  
38 Technology Service (KMITS) into a full-fledged Bureau, to be called as the  
39 National eHealth Information and Services Bureau (NeHISB), and which shall  
40 perform the overall management and administration of this Act. The additional  
41 plantilla position to be created for this purpose shall be submitted to the  
42 Department of Budget and Management (DBM) for evaluation and approval.  
43

44 The Bureau shall also serve as a secretariat of the eHealth Policy and  
45 Coordination Council as provided in Sec. 8 hereof.  
46

47 **SEC. 7. Regional and Local Implementation Structures and Staffing**  
48 **Pattern.** – To assist in the implementation of this Act, the regional organizational  
49 structures shall be lodged under the Center for Health Development of the DOH  
50 while local organizational structures shall be subject to the discretion of the local  
51 government units (LGUs) in relation to Section 76 of R.A. No. 7160 or the “Local  
52 Government Code of 1991.”  
53

## 54 **ARTICLE II**

## GOVERNANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

**SEC. 8. Creation of the eHealth Policy and Coordination Council.** – There shall be created an independent body to be known as the eHealth Policy and Coordination Council, hereby referred to as the Council, to provide and promote relevant policies and guidelines for the effective coordination and implementation of this Act. The Council shall be composed of the following key officials:

- a) Secretary, DOH – Chairperson
- b) Secretary, DICT – Co-Chairperson
- c) President & Chief Executive Officer, PhilHealth – Co-Chairperson
- d) Secretary, DOST;
- e) Secretary, Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD);
- f) Secretary, Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG);
- g) Secretary, DBM;
- h) Chancellor, University of the Philippines – Manila (UPM);
- i) Chairman, Professional Regulation Commission (PRC);
- j) Chairperson, Commission on Higher Education (CHED);
- k) Chairperson, National Privacy Commission (NPC);
- l) National Statistician, Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA);
- m) Two (2) representatives from professional medical or health societies;
- n) One (1) representative from patients' group; and
- o) One (1) representative from the ICT industry associations.

The heads of government agencies may be represented by a designated official whose rank shall not be lower than Assistant Secretary or its equivalent. Members representing the private sector shall be appointed by the President of the Philippines not later than thirty (30) days after the effectivity of this Act and shall serve for a term of three (3) years, renewable upon recommendation of the Council for a maximum of two (2) consecutive terms.

The government agency-members of the Council shall have the authority to act upon and decide on all urgent matters pending the formation of the Council and the appointment of members from the private sector by the President of the Philippines.

**SEC. 9. Powers and Duties of the Council.** – The Council shall exercise the following powers and functions:

- a) Define and promote over-all eHealth policies, standards and regulations at all levels of health care system, public and private;
- b) Ensure integration and coordination of national and local eHealth strategies and initiatives; and
- c) Submit yearly assessments and accomplishment reports to the Senate Committee on Health and Demography and the House of Representatives Committee on Health for performance monitoring and evaluation.

**SEC. 10. Ensuring Broader Participation in eHealth Implementation.** – The Council shall create multi-sectoral groups, composed of both the private and public sectors to ensure broader stakeholder participation and for the furtherance of its objectives.

Setting up of the sub-structures or mechanisms shall be in accordance with R.A. No. 11223, otherwise known as the “Universal Health Care Act” and other related issuances.

### ARTICLE III STANDARDS AND INTEROPERABILITY

**SEC. 11. Health Sector Enterprise Architecture.** – The NeHS shall be operated within the health sector enterprise architecture that aligns and ensure that health and health-related data are made available and accessible anytime and anywhere to various stakeholders, business processes for health are streamlined and integrated, and services and applications are usable, safe, efficient and effective, following the health care business model provided under R.A. No. 11223, otherwise known as the “Universal Health Care Act” and other related issuances.

Rationalization for safety and cost effectiveness, scope and standards for design and use of technologies in the health sector shall also be defined in this architecture.

All health care providers and health-related entities shall adopt a health enterprise architecture as defined and guided by the Council.

**SEC. 12. Standards Compliance.** – All health care providers and health-related entities shall comply with the data standards to allow interoperability and health information exchange, and ensure data protection in accordance with R.A. No. 10173, otherwise known as the “Data Privacy Act” and other related laws and issuances.

These standards shall include, inter alia, patient identifier, health care provider identifiers, and terminology and messaging standards, and shall be in accordance with the Philippine eGovernment interoperability and data security framework, and other relevant standards.

### ARTICLE IV SERVICES AND APPLICATIONS

**SEC. 13. Rationalization of eHealth Services and Applications.** – Design, development, and implementation of eHealth services and applications shall focus on the automation and interoperability of the various mandatory business processes and data services in the health sector as laid out in the Health Sector Enterprise Architecture which shall comply with regulatory requirements and may be subjected to health technology assessment.

**SEC. 14. Scope of eHealth Services and Applications.** – eHealth services shall include the following areas:

- a) Mandatory eHealth Data Services:
  - 1) Master Person Index
  - 2) Master Provider (Human Resources) Index
  - 3) Master Facility Index
  - 4) Terminology or Health Services Registry
  - 5) National Immunization Registry
- b) Compliant eHealth Services and Applications:

- 1) Electronic Health Record/Electronic Medical Record
- 2) Health Information Exchange
- 3) Health Facility Operations and Management
- 4) Disease Registries
- 5) TeleHealth/TeleMedicine
- 6) Human Resources in eHealth
- 7) Supply Chain Management

## **Article V TELEHEALTH**

**SEC. 15. Regulations of TeleHealth Services and eHealth Related Devices.** – The Council, through the DOH, shall establish and maintain a regulatory system for telehealth services and eHealth-related devices.

**SEC. 16. Standards of Practice and Certification of Individuals and Entities Providing TeleHealth Services.** – To complement the regulations of telehealth services and eHealth-related devices, the PRC and the DOH, in consultation with PhilHealth, UPM–National TeleHealth Center, DICT, academia, medical and specialty societies, non-government organizations, and the private and business sectors, shall set the standards of practice and implement a certification mechanism for health care providers and health-related entities providing telehealth services.

## **ARTICLE VI HUMAN RESOURCES**

**SEC. 17. Human Resource in eHealth.** – Health care professionals shall plan, design, build, operate, use, maintain and support eHealth services and applications.

The DOH, PRC, CHED, DICT, and Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA), in consultation with medical and specialty societies, IT professional associations, and academia, shall establish the minimum competencies and impose the same on health, health-related and digital health professionals. This shall be part of the curriculum of health and health-related courses.

**SEC. 18. Human Resource for eHealth Development Plan.** – The DOH, PRC, CHED, and TESDA shall formulate the Human Resource for eHealth Development Plan which shall develop new curricula, integrate changes in existing curricula, create formal and non-formal training programs, and continuing professional development programs concerning the practice of eHealth. There shall also be creation of personnel services item, plantilla positions, and other employment opportunities for human resource in government hospitals and institutions to manage and enable eHealth in healthcare and related services.

## **ARTICLE VII INFRASTRUCTURE**

**SEC. 19. ICT Infrastructure.** – The DICT, in coordination with DOH, PhilHealth, and DOST, shall establish and maintain the necessary national ICT infrastructure to implement eHealth services and applications.

**SEC. 20. National eHealth Data Center.** – The PhilHealth, in coordination with the DOH, DICT and DOST, shall establish and maintain the National

1 eHealth Data Center, and implement an agile and sustainable data management  
2 and governance framework and system in support to R.A. No. 11223, otherwise  
3 known as the “Universal Health Care Act,” and in compliance with R.A. No.  
4 10173, otherwise known as the “Data Privacy Act of 2012” for data protection.

5  
6 **ARTICLE VIII**  
7 **STRATEGY AND INVESTMENT**

8 **SEC. 21. *National eHealth Strategic Framework and Plan.*** – The Council  
9 shall spearhead the development and monitoring of strategic framework and  
10 plan to serve and guide the operations of the NeHS.

11 **SEC. 22. *Financing the eHealth Strategic Framework and Plan.*** – Financing  
12 for the NeHS by DOH, PhilHealth and other partners, as defined by the Council,  
13 shall be made available to scale up eHealth implementation at the national level.

14  
15 **SEC. 23. *Private Sector Participation.*** – The DOH shall promulgate rules  
16 regarding the participation of the private sector, including public-private  
17 partnerships, and other suitable arrangements, in the provision of eHealth  
18 services, applications, and ICT infrastructure.

19  
20 **ARTICLE IX**  
21 **MONITORING AND COMPLIANCE**

22 **SEC. 24. *Monitoring and Compliance.*** – The Council shall measure and  
23 monitor the performance and progress of the implementation of this Act.

24  
25 **ARTICLE X**  
26 **RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT**

27  
28 **SEC. 25. *Research and Development.*** – Consistent with R.A. No. 10532,  
29 otherwise known as the “Philippine National Health Research System Act of  
30 2013,” and the mandate of the DOST, the DOST — Philippine Council for Health  
31 Research and Development (DOST-PCHRD), in consultation with DOH, PRC,  
32 CHED, DICT, PhilHealth, UPM – National TeleHealth Center, academia, regional  
33 health research consortia, medical and specialty societies, non-government  
34 organizations, and the private and business sectors, shall ensure the  
35 development of new eHealth services and applications through:

- 36  
37 a) Formulation of eHealth research priority areas under the National  
38 Unified Health Research Agenda (NUHRA), and other research agendas;  
39 b) Funding and mobilizing resources for researches on eHealth, including  
40 creation of formal and non-formal capability building programs for the  
41 development of a pool of eHealth researchers and innovators, which are  
42 aligned with the research agenda;  
43 c) Establishment and strengthening of centers of excellence of eHealth  
44 policy studies, research and development; and  
45 d) Establishment and adherence of mechanisms that strengthen eHealth  
46 innovation research and strategy to the health technology assessment  
47 process as provided under R.A. No. 11223, otherwise known as the  
48 “Universal Health Care Act,” and that integrate explicit use of evidence  
49 into the policy and decision-making process and national eHealth  
50 standards, and support the growth of research consortia on eHealth;  
51

1 A separate unit within the PCHRD shall handle and manage eHealth related  
2 activities and programs. The human resource requirement of such unit shall be  
3 determined by PCHRD in consultation with the DOH, CSC and DBM.

4  
5 **ARTICLE XI**  
6 **ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES**  
7

8 **SEC. 26. Rules and Procedures for Administrative Violations and**  
9 **Complaints.** – The Council shall promulgate rules and procedures relating to  
10 administrative violations and complaints, insofar as they relate to the  
11 establishment and operations of the NeHS.

12  
13 **ARTICLE XII**  
14 **MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**  
15

16 **SEC. 27. Appropriations.** – The amount necessary for the implementation of  
17 this Act shall be included in the Annual General Appropriations Act.

18  
19 **SEC. 28. Implementing Rules and Regulations.** – Within one hundred eighty  
20 days (180) days from the effectivity of this Act, the Secretary of DOH, shall, after  
21 consultation with the Secretaries of DICT and DOST, the President and Chief  
22 Executive Office of PhilHealth, the Chancellor of UPM, the Chairman of the PRC,  
23 the Chairperson of CHED, the National Statistician of PSA, and representatives  
24 of medical and paramedical associations and societies, and other stakeholders,  
25 promulgate the necessary rules and regulations implementing the provisions of  
26 this Act.

27  
28 **SEC. 29. Transitory Provisions.** – The transformation of KMITS into a full-  
29 fledged Bureau and the formulation of the internal organic structure and  
30 regional and local implementation structures, staffing pattern, operating system,  
31 and the revised budget of the DOH for health information technology shall be  
32 completed within six (6) months from the promulgation of the Implementing  
33 Rules and Regulations of this Act, during which time, the existing KMITS and  
34 regional and local implementation personnel shall continue to serve in holdover  
35 capacities until a full and permanent Bureau is constituted and functioning, and  
36 new appointments are issued.

37  
38 **SEC. 30. Separability Clause.** – If any part or provision of this Act is held  
39 invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining parts or provisions not affected shall  
40 remain in full force and effect.

41  
42 **SEC. 31. Repealing Clause.** – All general and special laws, decrees, executive  
43 orders, proclamations and administrative regulation, or parts thereof which are  
44 inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed, amended and modified  
45 accordingly.

46  
47 **SEC. 32. Effectivity.** – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its  
48 publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a newspaper of general circulation.

49  
50 Approved,