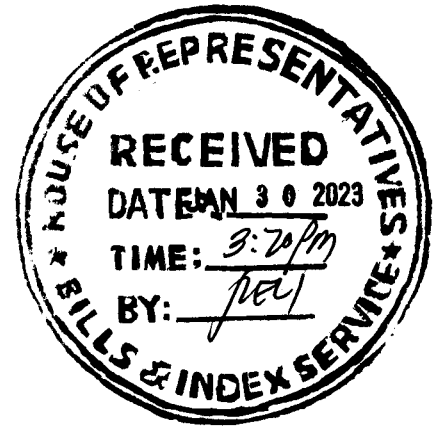


Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

NINETEENTH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

House Bill No. 6970



Introduced by Representative CHING B. BERNOS

THE MAGNA CARTA FOR PRIVATE SCHOOL TEACHERS

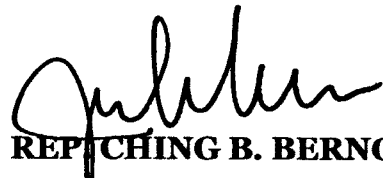
EXPLANATORY NOTE

Republic Act 4670, known as the *Magna Carta for Public School Teachers*, has provided security and protection to public school teachers since its enactment in 1966. For more than fifty years, it has improved the socio-economic status of public school teachers, providing guidelines for their employment, salaries, and working conditions. However, private school teachers have no statute to count on to ensure their protection and civil rights as educators.

Teachers play a vital role in the development and progress of our society. As educators, they have the ability to shape future leaders on a local and global scale. They also act as a support system, pushing students to go further and inspiring them to aspire bigger. Thus, our private school teachers deserve legislation to advance the same rights and protection our public school teachers have.

This measure seeks to improve the quality of life of our private school teachers and provide safeguards against inequitable treatment. Moreover, this measure provides fundamental standards regarding their employment and working conditions such as criteria in the setting of salaries; monetary benefits and leave benefits; their right to self-organization and basic trade union; and other penalties for violation of any rights of private school teachers.

In light of the foregoing reasons, the approval of this bill is earnestly sought.


REP. CHING B. BERNOS
Lone District of Abra

1 c) Teachers comprise the largest group of professional and service workers of
2 society and, if united, can be potent agents of progressive reform in the
3 educational system and the nation as a whole.

4 d) Working conditions for teachers should be such as will best promote effective
5 teaching, research, and extension work to enable them to carry out their
6 professional tasks.

7 e) All aspects of employment and tenure of teachers shall be free from any form
8 of discrimination on grounds of sex, gender, civil status, religion, political belief
9 or affiliation, economic condition, or membership in any organization.

10 f) Faculty organizations shall be recognized as a force that can contribute
11 greatly to the advancement of the rights and welfare of teachers. Therefore,
12 their right to participate in the determination of education and personnel
13 policies shall be fully respected.

14 g) Teachers have the capacity to propagate a nationalist and scientific
15 education.

16 SEC. 3. **Construction in Favor of Teachers.** – All doubts in the
17 implementation and interpretation of the provisions of this Act including its
18 implementing rules and regulations shall be resolved in favor of teachers

19 SEC. 4. **Definition.** – As used in this Act, “teacher” shall mean all persons
20 engaged in classroom teaching in any level of instruction on full-time or part-time
21 basis.

22 B. Recruitment and Career

23 SEC. 5. **Minimum Qualifications of a Private School Teacher.** –
24 Teaching personnel in pre-school, elementary, and secondary level of basic education
25 in all private schools must possess professional teaching licenses. For basic education,
26 those who have not passed the Licensure Examination for Teachers (LET) but have
27 pre-LET required Education units may be hired, Provided, that they shall be given at
28 least three years from the date of hiring, or from the effectivity of this Act in cases of
29 teachers already hired, to take and pass the LET. Furthermore, a master’s degree in
30 teaching, education, pedagogy, and other similar, related, or allied disciplines shall
31 deem an equivalent of a professional teaching license for purposes of this Section.

1 For all levels of instruction, the following shall constitute the minimum
2 educational qualifications for teacher-applicants:

3 a) Pre-school and elementary - Bachelor's degree in elementary education or its
4 equivalent. Pre-school teachers shall have at least six units of professional
5 subjects relating to pre-primary education.

6 b) Secondary, for Academic subjects - Bachelor's degrees in secondary
7 education or its equivalent or Bachelor of Arts or Science degree or its
8 equivalent with at least eighteen professional units in education.

9 c) Secondary Vocational and Two-Year Technical Courses - Bachelor's degrees
10 in the field of specialization with at least eighteen professional units in
11 education.

12 d) Collegiate Level other than Vocational - Master's degrees with a specific area
13 of specialization or specialization in an allied discipline except when there is a
14 lack of applicants with a Master's Degree in which case a bachelor's degree in a
15 specific area of specialization or specialization in an allied discipline will suffice
16 subject to regulations which the CHED will impose. Other equivalent
17 professional experience, especially for practitioners of skills related to an area
18 of specialization or an allied discipline, shall also be deemed as equivalent to
19 the degree requirement for the purpose of hiring college teachers, subject to
20 reasonable regulations which the CHED may impose.

21 e) Graduate School Level - Doctor of Philosophy with a specific area of
22 specialization except when there is a lack of applicants with PhD, in which case,
23 a master's degree in specific area of specialization will suffice subject to
24 reasonable regulations which the CHED may impose. Furthermore, other
25 equivalent professional experience, especially for practitioners of skills related
26 to an area of specialization or an allied discipline, shall be deemed equivalent
27 to the degree requirement for the purpose of hiring graduate-level teachers in
28 certain instances, subject to reasonable regulations which the CHED may
29 impose.

30 No provision of this Act may be used as a basis for diminution of pay or benefits,
31 demotion in rank or status, or dismissal of non-holders of professional teaching
32 license or its equivalent.

1 **SEC. 6. *Tenure/Permanency and Full-Time/Part-Time Status.*** – As in
2 public schools, when recruitment takes place after adequate training and professional
3 preparation in any school recognized by the Government, the teachers shall be
4 considered tenured upon hiring, provided that the conditions of hiring are strictly
5 related to professional competence and the pertinent degree requirement/s have been
6 complied with. For basic education, teachers and non-Education graduates who have
7 pre-LET required education units, but have yet to take or have yet to pass the LET,
8 shall be deemed as tenured upon satisfying the LET requirement or its equivalent at
9 any time within the three-year period from the date of hiring. For tertiary education
10 and graduate level, teachers who are hired on a full-time basis are considered tenured
11 upon hiring.

12 Part-time teachers who have rendered at least one school year, two semesters,
13 or three trimesters of service, be it consecutive or not, shall have the right to signify
14 their intention to the school authorities to become full-time, and hence, a permanent
15 teacher.

16 For basic education, all teachers shall be hired on a full-time basis. Vocational
17 schools and senior high schools can choose to hire some part-time teachers, especially
18 practitioners of specific skills or full-time college teachers, for specific instances,
19 subject to DepEd's regulations.

20 For tertiary education, the full-time to part-time teacher ratio shall be 7:3.

21 **SEC. 7. *Teachers on Probationary Period.*** – Probationary employment of
22 teachers shall not exceed six months from the date the teacher started working. The
23 services of an employee who has been engaged on a probationary basis may be
24 terminated for a just cause or when he or she fails to qualify as a regular employee in
25 accordance with reasonable standards made known by the school administration to
26 the teacher at the time of the engagement of the latter. A teacher who is allowed to
27 work after the lapse of the probationary period shall be deemed as a regular employee.

28 **SEC. 8. *Security of Tenure.*** – Teachers shall be assured of stability of
29 employment and security of tenure. No private school teacher shall be dismissed by
30 the school except for cause and the proper observance of due process.

31 **SEC. 9. *Consent for Transfer.*** – Except for cause and as herein otherwise
32 provided, no teacher shall be transferred without their consent from one branch,

station, or campus to another. However, where the exigencies of the service require the transfer of a teacher from one branch, station, or campus to another, such transfer may be affected by the school administration only after notifying the teacher in writing with regard to the reasons for the transfer, at least 90 days prior to the transfer. If the teacher believes there is no justification for the transfer, he or she cannot be compelled to transfer to any branch, station, or campus if such fact will result into additional burden and expense on the part of the latter. Acceptance of notification and transfer will only be valid if it is in writing and signed by the teacher.

SEC. 10. ***Discrimination Against Teachers Prohibited.*** – There shall be no discrimination whatsoever in the entrance to the teaching profession or during its exercise or in the termination of service based on consideration other than professional qualifications.

SEC. 11. ***Advancement and Promotion of Teachers in Basic Education.*** – Subject to necessary qualifications, teachers shall be assured opportunities to move from one type or classification to a higher level or rank.

Promotion shall be based on objective assessment of the teacher's qualifications for the new post by reference to strictly professional criteria laid down in consultation with teacher's organizations existing within the school. There shall be transparency in the computation of teacher's evaluation which is composed of the following criteria the respective weights of which shall be set upon consultation with all stakeholders including teachers' organization or union: self-evaluation, student evaluation, peer/co-faculty and staff evaluation, and administration evaluation.

SEC. 12. ***Ranking of Faculty Members in Higher Education.*** – Faculty members in higher education shall be assigned academic ranks in accordance with their academic training and scholarship. Criteria for ranking shall be performance oriented and determined in collaboration with the teachers' organizations. Teachers have the right to choose what components shall bear more weight in their respective situations: teaching/instruction, service/community engagement, and research/scholarship.

A new member of the faculty at the collegiate level shall begin as an instructor, provided that there shall be opportunities for promotion to a higher rank upon hiring,

1 if such appointed designation is warranted by his experience, training and scholarship
2 credentials.

3 SEC. 13. **Academic Freedom.** – Teachers shall enjoy academic freedom in
4 the discharge of their professional duties, particularly with regard to teaching and
5 classroom methods. In particular, the concept of teachers' academic freedom shall
6 consist of the following rights:

7 a) the teacher's freedom in the exposition of his or her own subject and related
8 matters in the classroom or in speeches and publications;

9 b) the teacher's freedom in the choice of subjects of research and investigation
10 undertaken on their own initiative;

11 c) the school authorities' recognition that whenever the teacher is speaking or
12 writing outside of their field of study, he or she shall be entitled to the same
13 responsibility as attached to all other citizens; and

14 d) the teacher's right to choose textbooks and other references or
15 supplementary instructional materials he or she deems fit to his or her
16 particular subject or discipline.

17 C. Hours of Work, Remuneration, and Leaves

18 SEC. 14. **Teaching Hours.** – Actual classroom teaching in basic education
19 shall not be more than six hours a day and shall be so scheduled as to give teachers
20 time for the preparation and correction of exercises and other work incidental to
21 normal teaching duties, Provided, however, that where the exigencies of the service so
22 require, teachers may be required to render more than six hours but not exceeding
23 eight hours of actual classroom teaching a day upon payment of additional
24 compensation at the same rate as his or her regular remuneration plus at least twenty-
25 five percent of the basic pay.

26 For a faculty member in higher education, his or her regular full-time load shall
27 not be more than twelve hours per week with two preparations in line with the
28 teacher's major subject except as otherwise provided herein. However, said teaching
29 load may be reduced in case a member of the faculty is occupied either in research,
30 creative writing, or other productive scholarship or is assigned to perform
31 administrative or committee work in which case the dean or director may recommend
32 the appropriate teaching load, Provided, however, that the total working hours spent

on both teaching and administrative or other duties shall not exceed fifteen hours per week.

SEC. 15. ***Additional Compensation.*** – Notwithstanding any provision of existing law to the contrary, teachers may be given co-curricular and off-campus activities or any other activities beyond their normal duties that will make them work longer than their regular workload, Provided, that they shall be paid the regular compensation for the actual hours worked plus an additional compensation of at least twenty-five percent of their regular remuneration.

SEC. 16. ***Hardship Allowances.*** – In areas where teachers are exposed to hardship peculiar to the place of employment such as difficulty in commuting to the place of work, conducting laboratory experiments, or other hazards, they shall be compensated with special hardship allowance equivalent to at least twenty-five percent of their monthly salary. For laboratory subjects in college, the hardship allowance should be automatically granted on a monthly basis.

SEC. 17. ***Criteria for Salaries.*** – Teacher's salaries shall:

1. Reflect the importance to society of the teaching function and hence the importance of teachers as well as the responsibilities of all kinds which fall upon them from the time of their entry into the service;
2. Compare favorably with salaries paid in other occupations requiring similar or equivalent qualifications, training, and abilities;
3. Provide teacher with the means to ensure a reasonable standard of life for themselves and their families as well as to invest in further education or in the pursuit of cultural activities, thus enhancing their professional qualification;
4. Take into account the fact that certain posts require higher qualifications and experience and carry greater responsibilities;
5. Be paid regularly and on time;
6. Be reviewed periodically to take into action such factors as a rise in the cost of living, increased productivity leading to higher standards of life, or a general upward movement in wage or salary levels;
7. Not be less than the entry-level salary of that a public school teacher, in the case of private school teachers with an entry-level rank.

SEC. 18. *Salaries Paid on Monthly Basis.* – Salaries of teachers shall be paid on monthly basis for a period of twelve months regardless of semestral or summer vacations. For purposes of this Section, monthly basis shall mean that teachers shall be considered paid for all the days of the month including rest days and holidays. Teachers who are required to work during semestral or summer vacations shall be paid an additional compensation *pro rata*.

SEC. 19. *Annual Salary Adjustment.*— Salary scales of teachers shall be adjusted upward annually, upon consultation with teachers’ organizations, to mitigate the effects of inflation as measured by the consumer price index.

SEC. 20. ***Deductions Prohibited.*** – No person shall make any deduction from the salaries of teachers except under specific laws authorizing such deductions.

D. Leave and Retirement Benefits

SEC. 21. ***Sick Leave.*** – Full-time teachers in basic education shall be entitled to an annual sick leave with pay of fifteen working days. Part-time teachers in basic education shall be entitled to sick leave with pay on pro-rated basis. Faculty members in the collegiate level, whether full-time or part-time, shall enjoy sick leave with pay of fifteen working days. Unused sick leave shall be accumulated to not more than sixty days and converted to cash upon resignation or retirement of the teacher concerned.

SEC. 22. *Vacation Leave.* – Full-time teachers shall be entitled to an annual vacation leave with full pay of fifteen days.

SEC. 23. ***Indefinite Leave.*** – An indefinite sick leave of absence shall be granted to teachers when the nature of the illness demands a long treatment that will exceed one year at the least.

SEC. 24. *Emergency Leave.* – In case of calamities where a teacher becomes a victim, or in the event of death in his or her immediate family, or any serious accident befalling him or her or a dependent, he or she shall be entitled to an emergency leave with pay of not exceeding five days per year.

SEC. 25. *Study Leave and Sabbatical Leave.* – In addition to these leave privileges now enjoyed by teachers in private schools, they shall be entitled to study leave not exceeding one school year at any given year after five years of accumulated service, consecutive, or not. During the period of such leave, the teachers shall be entitled to 100% of their monthly salary. All private school teachers are also entitled

1 to avail of a sabbatical leave—equivalent to a one-year leave—after every seven years
2 of accumulated service, consecutive or not. Sabbatical leaves can be postponed as per
3 the request of teachers. In all cases, the study leave and sabbatical leave period shall
4 be counted for seniority, promotion, and pension purposes.

5 SEC. 26. **Other Leaves.** – Subject to the guidelines to be set by DepEd and
6 CHED in coordination with national teachers’ organizations, private school teachers
7 shall also be entitled to other forms of leaves including, but not limited to the
8 following: rehabilitation leave, bereavement leave, short-term vacation leave, and
9 professional leave.

10 E. Health Measures and Injury Benefits

11 SEC. 27. **Medical Examination and Treatment.** – Compulsory medical
12 examination shall be provided free for all private school teachers before their
13 employment and annually thereafter.

14 Where medical examination shows that medical treatment and/or
15 hospitalization is necessary for infectious diseases or injuries suffered not only during
16 teaching or on-campus activities but also when engaged in school-related activities
17 away from the school premises or off-campus, the same shall be provided free by the
18 school concerned. With regard to the aforementioned diseases or injuries, the school
19 should also shoulder 100% of professional fees for any treatment, medication, and/or
20 hospitalization required or recommended by medical professionals.

21 In regions where there is scarcity of medical facilities, teachers may obtain
22 elsewhere the necessary medical care with the right to be reimbursed for their
23 traveling expenses by the private school management concerned.

24 SEC. 28. **Compensation for Injuries.** – Teachers shall be protected against
25 the consequences of employment injuries in accordance with existing laws. The effects
26 of the physical and nervous strain on the teacher’s health shall be recognized as a
27 compensable disease in accordance with existing laws.

28 SEC. 29. **Social Security.** – Social security benefits of teachers shall strictly
29 be pursuant to applicable laws including those administered by the Social Security
30 System. However, this shall be without prejudice to benefits higher than the standards
31 set by laws, either pursuant to policies set by school employers or pursuant to
32 agreements, including collective bargaining agreements entered by school employers

1 and teachers' unions. School employers shall endeavor to formulate such policies and
2 agreements towards meeting the standards of social security set out in relevant
3 instruments of the International Labor Organization, in particular the Social Security
4 Convention of 1952.

5 SEC. 30. ***De Minimis Benefits.*** – Private school teachers are also entitled to
6 de minimis benefits that include eyeglass allowance, rice allowance, clothing
7 allowance, wellness allowance, data packet/communications allowance, full HMO
8 coverage for the teacher and their spouse and their children (or parent/s from either
9 side), and full HMO coverage for single teachers and both parents. Schools are highly
10 encouraged to provide additional de minimis benefits, beyond those listed in this
11 Section.

12 E. Teachers' Organizations

13 SEC. 31. ***Freedom to Organize.*** – Private school teachers shall have the
14 right, freely and without previous authorization, to establish and to join organizations
15 of their choosing, whether local or national, to further defend their economic, civil, or
16 political interests. Schools where there are no faculty organizations or unions shall
17 allow the formation of such organizations or unions, within six months of the
18 implementation of this Act.

19 SEC. 32. ***Discrimination Against Teachers Prohibited.*** – It shall be
20 unlawful for any person to commit any act of discrimination against teachers which
21 are calculated:

22 a) To make the employment and/or promotion of the teacher subject to the
23 condition that he or she shall not join an organization, or shall relinquish
24 membership in an organization;

25 b) To cause the dismissal of, or otherwise prejudice a teacher by reason of
26 membership in an organization, activity outside school hours, or with the
27 consent of the proper school authorities within school hours; and

28 c) To prevent him or her from carrying out the duties imposed upon him or her
29 by his or her position in the organization, or to penalize him or her for an action
30 undertaken in that capacity.

31 SEC. 33. ***Participation in Policy Making.*** – Teachers shall have the right
32 to be actively represented in the Governing Boards of their respective schools, colleges,

and universities and shall be consulted in the formulation of professional standards, educational policies, and other rules affecting their rights and welfare.

SEC. 34. *Strike, Picketing, and Other Concerted Activities.* – The right of teachers and their organizations to conduct strikes, pickets, and other concerted activities shall not be impaired in any manner, nor their exercise prejudice any teacher or teachers' organization.

F. Final Provisions

SEC. 35. *Teaching of the Magna Carta of Private School Teachers.* – The teaching of this Act shall be compulsory in all schools offering courses in education.

SEC. 36. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – The Department of Education, the Commission on Higher Education, and the Department of Labor and Employment, in consultation with teachers' organizations, shall jointly promulgate the rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this Act. Rules and regulations issued pursuant to this Section shall take effect thirty days after publication in a newspaper of general circulation or by such other means as the Secretaries deem reasonably sufficient to give all concerned parties general notice of such issuance.

SEC. 37. *Penal Provision.* – A person who willfully interferes with, restrains or coerces any teacher in the exercise of his or her rights guaranteed by this Act or who, in any manner, violates any provision of this Act or the rules duly issued hereunder, shall be punished with a fine of not less than one hundred thousand pesos or by imprisonment of not more than six years, or both, in the discretion of the court. This provision shall be without prejudice to the liabilities of persons under civil laws.

SEC. 38. ***Administrative Sanctions.*** – The implementing Rules and Regulations shall include therein the appropriate rules for the imposition of administrative sanctions upon private schools that will violate any of the foregoing rights of a private school teacher.

SEC. 39. *Separability Clause.* – If any provision of this Act is declared invalid, the remainder of this Act or any provisions not affected thereby shall remain in force and effect.

1 SEC. 40. ***Effectivity Clause.*** – This act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
2 its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two newspapers of general
3 circulation, whichever comes earlier.

4
5 Approved,