

Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

TWENTIETH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

House Bill No. **1729**



Introduced by **Rep. ANGELO MARCOS BARBA**
2nd District, Ilocos Norte

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Electrical engineers and practitioners are among the *unsung heroes* of the modern society. They are indispensable in driving the country's infrastructure development, economic growth, renewable energy initiatives, disaster resilience, technological advancements, and environmental sustainability. Their expertise is crucial to nation's progress and development.

While there is an existing regulatory framework for electrical practitioners in the country, it is necessary to elevate the standards of the profession and ensure that Filipino electrical practitioners can pursue promising careers in the Philippines. Moreover, there needs to be an updated measure that shall be responsive to the growing needs of the electrical engineering industry and its allied professions.

This measure aims to cultivate and maintain a pool of high quality and highly-skilled electrical engineering professionals with exceptional, honorable, and internationally competitive standards of practice. It will require the implementation of sensible regulatory measures that address the evolving needs of the electrical engineering field in the Philippines, with high consideration on technological advancements and globalization.

Empowering our Filipino electrical practitioners with education and skills development is an affirmation of their great contributions to the modern society we currently thrive in.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate passage of this measure is earnestly sought.



ANGELO MARCOS BARBA

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AN ACT
STRENGTHENING THE PRACTICE OF ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERING AND INSTITUTING HIGHER STANDARDS OF
REGULATION IN THE LICENSING AND REGISTRATION OF
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTITIONERS IN THE
PHILIPPINES

*Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the
Philippines in Congress assembled:*

CHAPTER I
TITLE AND DEFINITION OF TERMS

SECTION 1. *Short Title.* – This Act shall be known as the “*Electrical Engineering Act of 2025.*”

SECTION 2. *Declaration of State Policy.* – The State recognizes the importance of electrical practitioners in nation-building. Towards this end, the State fosters, develops, and nurtures a pool of proficient and quality electrical engineering practitioners whose standards of practice shall be outstanding, honorable, and globally competitive. The State shall provide rational regulatory measures that are responsive to the growing needs of the electrical engineering profession considering the advances in technology and globalization.

SECTION 3. *Definition of Terms.* – For purposes of this Act, the following terms are hereby defined as follows:

(a) *Practice of electrical engineering* – a person is deemed to be in the practice of electrical engineering when he renders or offers to render professional electrical engineering service in the form of:

1. Electrical Consultancy Services;

2. Professional Design Services;

3. Management, supervision, and taking charge of the construction, erection, installation, alteration, testing and commissioning of projects involving all kinds of electrical systems and the power system of any critical facility of multiple electrical components in powering a controlled environment in the power structure are all part of the electrical power train;

4. Management, supervision, and taking charge of the tending, operations, maintenance, and control of electrical systems of electric power plants, grid systems, switchyards, transmission and distribution systems, network system control, data acquisition, protection and monitoring systems, conflagration detection, control and protection system, electric utilities, watercrafts, electric locomotives, factories, farm electrification, and industrial complexes, commercial buildings, government buildings, institutional buildings, health care facilities, airports and seaports and all other facilities involving electrical processes;

5. Management, supervision and taking charge of the manufacture, fabrication, repair, testing and commissioning of electrical components, equipment and devices including switchgears, switchboards, control-gears, transformers, generators, electric motors, controllers, appliances, lighting fixtures, apparatuses and other related processes;

6. Teaching of basic and professional electrical engineering subjects in government- recognized engineering schools including allied

sciences, the Electrical Engineering Law, the Philippine Electrical Code and International Electrical Standards and their applications into the electrical industry;

7. Management, supervision and taking charge of the sale, supply and distribution of electrical equipment including industrial equipment and its control systems, controllers and devices, power electronics, industrial robotics, instrumentation and automation; and other related equipment or components requiring application of electrical engineering data and principles, interpretation of technical specifications of electrical products;

8. Employment in national, provincial or local government units/agencies or in government-owned and controlled corporations, government financial institutions as a Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer or Registered Master Electrician if the nature and character of his work is in line with the profession requiring knowledge and expertise of electrical engineering including Certified Electrical System Inspector and Certified Electrical Plans Examiner; and

9. All other services related to Electrical Engineering under this Act.

(b) *Electrical Engineering* – refers to the profession of the art and science of conceptualizing, planning, designing and creating Electrical Systems to include but not limited to the operation and maintenance of equipment and machinery, electrical processes of all types of buildings, commercial complexes, factories or industrial plants, electric plants, variable renewable energy (VRE), energy storage, transmission, distribution, electric locomotives, watercrafts; construction and commissioning of electrical projects, manufacturing and distribution of electrical products, teaching electrical subjects; and other related facilities or processes, in accordance with the principles of safety and reliability;

(c) *Electric supply equipment* – is any equipment which produces, modifies, regulates, or controls the supply of electric energy;

(d) *Electric plant* – is an establishment or a system for the production and modification of electric energy;

(e) *Power plant design* - refers to planning, specifying, coordinating layouting of electrical equipment in power plants, substations and the like;

(f) *Substation* - is any building, room or separate place which houses or encloses electric supply equipment connected to transmission or distribution lines and the interior of which is accessible, as a rule, only to properly qualified persons;

(g) *Electrical system design* - refers to the choice of electrical systems, including planning and detailing of requirements for protection, control, monitoring, coordination, and interlocking of electrical systems among others;

(h) *Voltage* - is the highest effective potential difference between any two conductors of the circuit concerned expressed in volts;

(i) *kVA or MVA* - refers to the capacity of an electric plant or ratings of supply equipment expressed in kilovolt-amperes or megavolt-amperes. kVA or MVA is also referred to as the connected load of industrial plants, commercial edifices and other establishments expressed in kilovolt-amperes or megavolt-amperes;

(j) *kW or MW* - refers to the capacity of an electric plant or ratings of supply equipment expressed in kilowatts or megawatts. kW or MW is also referred to as the connected load of industrial plants, commercial edifices, institutional buildings, watercrafts and other establishments expressed in kilowatts or megawatts;

(k) *Utilization equipment* - refers to energy-consuming equipment including motors, heaters, furnaces, light sources and other devices which utilize electric energy, for any purpose;

(l) *Industrial plant or factory* - refers to manufacturing assembly plants, including engineering shops, shipyards or other business endeavors where electrical machinery and equipment are installed;

(m) *Licensed Electrical Practitioner (LEP)* - refers to a person professionally and academically qualified, registered and licensed to practice electrical engineering as defined in this Act, with a Certificate of Registration by the Professional Regulatory Board of Electrical Engineering and a valid professional identification card issued by the Professional Regulations Commission as Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer or Registered Master Electrician.. The Professional Electrical Practitioners can manage completely the power system of any critical facilities of multiple electrical components in powering a controlled environment in the power structure as all part of the electrical power train as follows:

- a. Consulting Electrical Engineer;
- b. Electrical System Designer;
- c. Electrical Practitioner-In-Charge in Electrical Operations;
- d. Electrical Project-In-Charge in Electrical Projects;
- e. Electrical Works or Projects;
- f. Electrical Equipment or Machinery;
- g. Electric Supply Equipment;
- h. Electrical Utilization Equipment;
- i. Electric Power Plants;
- j. Industrial Plant or Factory or Manufacturing Plant;
- k. Industrial Complex;
- l. Electrical Equipment Manufacturing Plant;
- m. Commercial Establishment;
- n. Institutional Buildings;

- o. Power Grid or Grid;
- q. Power Grid System Operation and Control;
- r. Power Distribution System Operation and Control;
- s. Power Substation;
- t. Watercraft Electrical System;
- u. Electric Locomotive System.

(n) *System Nominal Voltage or Voltage* - is the highest effective potential difference between any two conductors of the circuit concerned expressed in volts. For the purpose of this Act, "System Nominal Voltage" shall refer to the Philippine-recognized standard voltage levels;

(o) *Unsafe Installation* - refers to all new and existing installations which are in violation or non-compliant with the provisions of the latest edition of the Philippine Electrical Code and other Philippine recognized International Standards;

(p) *Unsafe Design* - Design refers to all new and existing plans and designs which are in violation or non-compliant with the provisions of the latest edition of the Philippine Electrical Code and other Philippine recognized International Standards;

(q) *Philippine Electrical Code* - As recognized by this Act, the Philippine Electrical Code sets forth the minimum requirements and standards that constitute the framework as a legal criteria of safe electrical design, trustworthy installations and the appropriate equipment installed within industrial and commercial establishments, public and private buildings, including mobile homes and recreational vehicles, floating buildings, watercrafts, locomotives and other structures aimed at safeguarding persons and buildings and their contents from the hazards arising from the use of electricity for light, heat, power, and for other purposes;

(r) *Electrical Plans* - Plans refers to the documents illustrating the interpretation of the electrical system as designed, through a structure of symbols, drawings and diagrams that gives a clear description of sizes, ratings, configurations and other relevant identification to every part and components of the system according to the norms set forth by the Philippine Electrical Code and other Philippine-recognized Standards in a form of hard prints used for reference in construction, operation and maintenance;

Electrical plans duly signed, stamped or sealed, as instruments of service, are the intellectual properties and documents of the author who is the Electrical Design Engineer-of-Record with the Office of the Building Official, whether the purpose for which they are made is executed or not.

(s) *As-built Plans or As-built Drawings* - refers to a revised set or sets of plans or drawings that are documented during or upon completion of a project or a particular job. As final set of documents, they reflect all the changes that had been made to the original construction drawings including notes, modifications, and any other information in the specifications and working drawings during the construction process, and where the exact dimensions, geometry, and location of all elements of the works completed are shown as of the specific date of the update;

(t) *Distribution Utility or DU* - refers to an electric cooperative, or a private corporation, or government-owned utility or a local government unit that has a franchise to operate an electric distribution system;

(u) *Electric Cooperative or EC* - refers to a cooperative or corporation authorized to provide electric services pursuant to Presidential Decree No. 269;

(v) *Electric Firm* - refers to a partnership or corporation composed of authorized Electrical Engineering Practitioners duly registered with proper government agencies with business permits as professional

services providers and who are authorized to collectively render electrical engineering services;

(w) *Continuing Professional Development (CPD)* - refers to a sustaining and progressive Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) driven learning program or process that maintains, enhances, or increases the knowledge and continuing ability of electrical practitioners.

CHAPTER II

BOARD OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

SECTION 4 *Composition of the Board.* – The Board of Electrical Engineering, hereinafter referred to as the Board, shall be created as a collegial body under the general supervision and administrative control of the Professional Regulations Commission (PRC). The Board shall be composed of a chair- person and two (2) members to be appointed by the President of the Philippines from among the recommendees of the Commissioner of the PRC, hereinafter referred to as the Commissioner. The recommendees of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) shall be chosen from the nominees of the integrated and accredited association of electrical engineers.

SECTION 5. *Power and Duties of the Board.* – The Board shall exercise executive, administrative, quasi-legislative, or quasi-judicial powers in carrying out the provisions of this Act. It shall be vested with the following specific powers, functions, duties and responsibilities:

(a) Supervise and regulate the practice of electrical engineering in the Philippines;

(b) Determine and evaluate the qualifications of the applicants for registration with or without licensure examinations and for special permits;

(c) Prepare the examination questions in accordance with the Scope of Examinations under this Act; prescribe the syllabi of the subjects and their relative weights for the licensure examinations; formulate or adopt test questions and deposit them in a test question bank; draw the test questions at random through process of computerization; conduct the examination; correct and rate the examination papers manually or through process of computerization; and submit the examination results to the Professional Regulations Commission (PRC) within the period provided for by the rules of the Commission;

(d) Prescribe, amend or revise the requirements of candidates for Professional Electrical Engineers and subjects in the licensure examination for Registered Electrical Engineers, Registered Master Electricians and their relative weights, subject to the approval of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC);

(e) Register successful applicants for professional electrical engineers and applicants who have passed the licensure examinations for registered electrical engineers or registered master electricians and issue the corresponding certificates of registration and professional licenses;

(f) Issue special permits to individual foreign electrical engineers and electricians for specific projects and for a specific duration of time;

(g) Look into the conditions affecting the practice of the electrical engineering profession, adopt measures for the enhancement of the profession and the maintenance of high professional, technical, and ethical standards and conduct ocular inspection of places where registrants practice their profession, such as, but not limited to: electric plants, substations, switching stations, industrial plants or factories, commercial establishments, airports, seaports, institutional buildings, watercrafts, electric locomotives, engineering offices, repair shops, electrical projects, new, and ongoing constructions and similar places to determine and enforce compliance with this Act. The Board shall

authorize the duly integrated and accredited electrical engineering association to render assistance in this function;

(h) Promulgate rules and regulations including a code of ethics, administrative policies, orders and issuances to carry out the provisions of this Act;

(i) Investigate violations of the Act and the rules and regulations, code of ethics, administrative policies, orders and issuances promulgated by the Board. The rules on administrative investigation promulgated by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) shall govern in such investigation;

(j) Issue subpoena or subpoena *duces tecum*, to secure the attendance of respondents or witnesses or the production of documents at and relative to the investigation conducted by the Board;

(k) Delegate the investigation of the case to the chairman, a member of the Board or a Professional Regulations Commission attorney (PRC attorney). If the case concerns strictly the practice of the profession, the investigation shall be presided by the chairman or a member of the Board with the assistance of a PRC attorney;

(l) Render decision, order or resolution on preliminary investigation or inquiry, on undocketed cases and on docketed administrative cases against examinees or registrants which shall become final and executory unless appealed with the PRC within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the copy thereof. The decision of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) may be appealed to the Court of Appeals in accordance with the procedure provided in the Rules of Court;

(m) After due notice and hearing, cancel examination papers and bar any examinee from future examination; refuse or defer his registration; reprimand the registrant with stern warning; suspend him from the practice of his profession; revoke his certificate of registration; delist his

name from the roll of professional electrical engineers, registered electrical engineers and registered master electricians for continuous non-payment of annual registration fees and non-compliance with the Continuing Professional Development (CPD) requirements; reinstate or reenroll his name in the said roll, reissue or return his certificate of registration. A decision of suspension, revocation of the certificate of registration, or delisting from the roll by the Board as provided herein, may be appealed initially to the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) within fifteen (15) days from receipt thereof. The decision of the PRC may be appealed to the Court of Appeals in accordance with the procedure provided in the Rules of Court;

(n) Administer oaths in connection with the administration, implementation, or enforcement of this Act;

(o) Submit an annual report on the proceedings and accomplishments during the year and on recommendations of the Board to the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) after the close of each fiscal year;

(p) Prosecute or institute criminal action against any violator of the Act or the rules and regulations of the Board;

(q) Adopt an official seal;

(r) Coordinate with the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) and the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) in prescribing, amending or revising the courses;

(s) Prescribe programs, guidelines and criteria on the Continuing Professional Development program (CPD) for professional electrical engineers, registered electrical engineers and registered master electricians and renew their professional licenses after compliance with the CPD requirement;

(t) Perform such other functions and duties as may be necessary to implement effectively this Act. The policies, resolutions, rules and regulations, orders or decisions issued or promulgated by the Board shall be subject to the review and approval by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC); however, the Board's decisions, resolutions or orders which are not interlocutory, rendered in an administrative case, shall be subject to review only if on appeal.

SECTION 6. *Qualifications of Board Members.* – Each Board member must, at the time of his appointment:

(a) Be a natural-born Filipino citizen and a resident of the Philippines for at least seven (7) consecutive years;

(b) Be at least thirty-five (35) years of age, of proven integrity with high moral values in his personal as well as his professional conduct;

(c) Be a person with no final conviction by the court of an offense involving moral turpitude;

(d) Be a holder of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering (BSEE) from a university, school, college, academy or institute duly constituted, recognized and accredited by the Philippine government;

(e) Be a professional electrical engineer with a valid certificate of registration and a valid professional license duly qualified to practice electrical engineering in the Philippines;

(f) Have practiced electrical engineering for a period of not less than ten (10) years prior to his appointment, with a sworn statement as such; and

(g) Not be an official nor a member of the faculty of, nor have a pecuniary interest in, any university, college, school or institution conferring a bachelor's degree in electrical engineering for at least three (3) years prior to his appointment, and is not connected with a review center or with any group or

association where review classes or lectures in preparation for the licensure examinations are offered or conducted at the time of his appointment.

SECTION 7. *Term of Office.* – The members of the Board shall hold office for a term of three (3) years from the date of appointment or until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified. They may, however, be reappointed for a second term. Each member shall qualify by taking an oath of office before entering upon the performance of his duties.

Vacancies in the Board shall be filled by the President from the list of recommendees by the Commissioner who were chosen from the list of nominees submitted by the integrated and accredited association for the unexpired term only.

SECTION 8. *Removal of Board Members.* – Any member of the Board may be removed by the President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of the Commissioner for neglect of duty, in- competence, malpractice, commission or tolerance of irregularities in the examinations, or for unprofessional, unethical, or dishonorable conduct, after having been given the opportunity to defend him- self in a proper administrative investigation.

SECTION 9. *Compensation of Chairman and the Board Members.* – The chairman and members of the Board shall receive a monthly compensation as prescribed under existing laws: *Provided*, That such compensation shall be increased or modified pursuant to the General Appropriations Act.

SECTION 10. *Executive Officer of the Board.* – The Commissioner shall be the executive officer of the Board and shall conduct the examination given by the Board and shall designate any subordinate officer of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) to act as secretary and custodian of all records including all examination papers and minutes of the deliberations of the Board.

CHAPTER III

EXAMINATION AND REGISTRATION

SECTION 11. *Examination Required.* – All applicants for registration for the practice of electrical engineering in the Philippines shall be required to pass a technical examination as hereafter provided, except as otherwise specifically allowed under this Act.

SECTION 12. *Registration and License Required.* – A valid certificate of registration and a valid professional identification card from the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) are required before any person is allowed to practice electrical engineering in the Philippines except as otherwise allowed under this Act.

SECTION 13. *Examination Fees.* – All applications for professional electrical engineer, registered electrical engineer, and registered master electrician shall be subject to payment of fees prescribed by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC); Provided, That ninety percent (90%) of the fees is to be treated as a special fund for the programs, projects and activities of the PRC and the remaining ten percent (10%) shall be set aside as a trust fund for the establishment and maintenance of the center for continuing education and research.

SECTION 14. *Registration Fees, License Fees and Fines.* – All applicants for registration and license to practice as professional electrical engineer, registered electrical engineer and registered master electrician shall be subject to the payment of registration fees, license fees, and fines in case of violation of the pertinent rules and regulations for the amounts prescribed by the Board and approved by the PRC: Provided, That fifty percent (50%) from these collections is to be treated as a special fund for programs, projects and activities of the PRC and the other fifty percent (50%) shall be set up in a separate special fund for the supervisory and regulatory functions of the Board.

SECTION 15. *Exemption from Examination and Registration.*

(a) Examination and registration shall not be required for foreign electrical engineers, erection/commissioning/guarantee engineers employed as technical consultants by the Philippine government or by private firms, for which the pertinent professional society certifies that no qualified Filipino professional is available, or of foreign electrical installers for the erection and installation of a special project or for any other specialized work, subject to the following conditions:

1. That the abovementioned foreign professionals are legally qualified to practice their profession in their own country in which the requirements and qualifications for obtaining a license or certificate of registration are not lower than those specified in this Act;
2. That the scope of work to be performed by said foreign professionals shall be limited only to the particular work for which they were contracted;
3. That prior to commencing work, the foreign professional shall secure a special permit from the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC);
4. That said foreign professional shall not engage in private practice on their own account;
5. That for every foreign professional contracted pursuant to this section, one Filipino understudy who is registered under the provisions of this Act shall be employed by the private firm utilizing the services of such foreign professional for at least the duration of the alien expert's tenure with said firm; and
6. That the exemption herein granted shall be good only for twelve (12) months, renewable at the discretion of the Board.

(b) No registration with the Board shall be required of the following:

1. Engineering students, apprentices and other persons employed or acting as subordinates of, or undergoing training under a person holding a valid certificate of registration and a valid professional license under this Act; and

2. Persons in charge of or supervising the operation, tending and maintenance of an electric generating set for private use employing voltages not exceeding two hundred fifty volts (250 V) and capacity not exceeding fifty kilovolt amperes (50 kVA): Provided, that the owner or operator shall be required to have the electric generating set periodically inspected at intervals of not more than one (1) year by a Professional Electrical Engineer, a Registered Electrical Engineer on a national, city, provincial or municipal government authority exercising legal jurisdiction over electrical installations.

SECTION 16. *Holding of Examinations.* - Examinations for the practice of electrical engineering in the Philippines should be given twice a year in the City of Manila and other places on dates that the Board may recommend for determination of scheduling. The Board shall schedule the interview or oral examination of every applicant for registration as professional electrical engineer at the office of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) or other government facilities that may be approved by the Commission.

SECTION 17. *Qualifications of Applicant for Registration as Professional Electrical Engineer.* - Any person applying for registration as professional electrical engineer shall establish to the satisfaction of the Board that, on or before the date of registration, the applicant:

- (a) Is a citizen of the Philippines;
- (b) Is of legal age;
- (c) Is of good reputation with high moral values;

(d) Has not been finally convicted by the court of an offense involving moral turpitude;

(e) Is a holder of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering (BSEE) from a university, school, college, academy or institute duly constituted, recognized and accredited by the Philippine government;

(f) Is a Registered Electrical Engineer with certificate of registration and valid professional identification card and with seven (7) years or more of qualified practice beginning from the date of his registration as a Registered Electrical Engineer; and

(g) Is a member of good standing of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) accredited professional organization for at least five (5) years.

SECTION 18. *Qualifications of Applicants for Registered Electrical Engineer Examination.* - Any person applying for admission to the registered electrical engineering examination, as herein provided shall establish to the satisfaction of the Board that, on or before the date of the examination, the applicant:

(a) Is a citizen of the Philippines;

(b) Is of legal age;

(c) Is of good reputation with high moral values;

(d) Has not been finally convicted by the court of an offense involving moral turpitude; and

(e) Is a holder of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering (BSEE) from a university, school, college, academy or institute duly constituted, recognized and accredited by the Philippine Government.

SECTION 19. *Qualifications of Applicants for Registered Master Electrician Examination.* - Any person applying for examinations for Registered Master Electrician as herein provided shall establish, to the satisfaction of the Board, that on or before the date of the examination, the applicant:

- a) Is a citizen of the Philippines;
- b) Is of legal age;
- c) Is of good reputation with high moral values;
- d) Has not been finally convicted by the court of an offense involving moral turpitude;
- e) Has satisfied any of the following conditions:
 - 1. Has completed at least three (3) years of a Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering (BSEE) program or a course in electrical engineering technology from an engineering school recognized by the Philippine government and, in addition, has a subsequent specific record of one (1) year practice in electrical wiring and installation, operation and maintenance of utilization devices and equipment; or
 - 2. Has completed a Certificate Course in Electrical Technology from a school recognized by the Philippine government and, in addition, has a subsequent specific track record of two (2) years experience in electrical wiring and equipment installation, operation and maintenance of power, utilization devices and equipment; or power line installation and maintenance, or substation installation, operation and maintenance;

3. Has completed High School under a Program with a track in Electrical Technology from a school recognized by the Philippine government and, in addition has a subsequent specific track record of five (5) years experience in electrical wiring and equipment installation, operation and maintenance of power, utilization devices and equipment; or power line installation and maintenance, or substation installation, operation and maintenance;

4. Has completed secondary education and has completed a separate but relevant technical education and skills training program with corresponding certificate of competency.

Provided however, that the applicant has a specific track record of at least seven (7) years of experience in electrical wiring and equipment installation, operation and maintenance of power, utilization devices and equipment, or power line installation and maintenance, or substation installation, operation and maintenance.

SECTION 20. Scope of Examination. - As a prerequisite for registration as Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer, Registered Master Electrician, the applicant shall pass the examinations and shall comply with the requirements thereto:

(a) Professional Electrical Engineer

For the purpose of confirming the service record and clarifying the technical report submitted by the applicant for registration as a professional electrical engineer, an oral examination or interview shall be conducted on the following documents to be submitted to the Board:

1. Certified experience record from the date applicant took oath as a registered electrical engineer indicating the inclusive dates, companies worked for, description of specific responsibilities, significant accomplishments as

well as the name and position of immediate supervisors to establish the lessons learned and the impact to his practice as a professional;

2. Technical Engineering Report (TER) covering an evaluation, an analysis, a study or a critical discussion of an electrical engineering project or subject, on one or several technical aspects such as: design, construction, installation, commissioning, testing, operation, maintenance, repair, research and the like. The TER shall be supported by engineering principles and data. Published or unpublished scientific paper or treatise on electrical engineering theories and applications may be considered as complying with the requirement;

3. Three (3) certifications signed by three (3) Professional Electrical Engineers to the effect that the experience record submitted by the applicant is factual and that the technical paper submitted was actually prepared by the applicant.

The applicant must obtain passing marks on the experience record and on the technical report in order to qualify for registration as a professional electrical engineer.

(b) Registered Electrical Engineer

The applicant shall pass a written examination on different subjects or group of subjects as follows:

1. Mathematics, such as: Calculus 1, Calculus 2, Engineering Data Analysis, Differential Equations, and others. The weight is twenty five percent (25%).

2. Engineering sciences and allied subjects, such as Chemistry for Engineers, Physics for Engineers, Computer-aided Drafting, Engineering Mechanics, Engineering Economics, Technopreneurship 101, Fundamentals of Deformable Bodies, Materials Science and Engineering, Electronic Circuits:

Devices and Analysis, Basic Thermodynamics, Industrial Electronics, Electromagnetics, Fluid Mechanics, Fundamentals of Electronic Communications, Logic Circuits and Switching Theory, Microprocessor Systems, Computer Programming, Basic Occupational Safety and Health, Environmental Science and Engineering, and others. The weight is thirty percent (30%).

3. Electrical engineering professional subjects, such as numerical methods and analysis, EE law, codes, and professional ethics, electrical standards and practices, electrical circuits 1, electrical circuits 2, electrical apparatus and devices, electrical machines 1, electrical machines 2, engineering mathematics for EE, electrical systems and illumination engineering design, power system analysis, fundamentals of power plant engineering design, distribution systems and substation design, management of engineering projects, research methods, research project or capstone design project, instrumentation and control, feedback control systems and others. The weight is forty five percent (45%).

The passing general weighted average rating shall be seventy percent (70%) with no grade below fifty percent (50%) in any group of subjects listed above.

The examination questions on the foregoing subjects shall cover only basic theories and principles, and shall exclude questions based on experience and trade practices. The number of questions shall be such that the examination can be finished in three (3) consecutive eight-hour days.

(c) Registered Master Electrician

The applicant for Registered Master electrician shall pass the examinations and shall comply with the requirements thereto:

1. Technical Subject: Ohm's Law, basic calculations on direct and alternating current circuits, single phase and three-phase circuits, basic

transmission and distribution circuits; basic theories in electrical equipment, machines and apparatuses such as: motors, generators, transformers, wires and cables, fuses, circuit breakers and safety switches; knowledge in motor controllers as: basic magnetic starters, reversing controllers, star-delta, reduced voltage controllers, programmable logic controllers, soft starters and variable frequency drives; control circuits, schematic diagrams, and other related subjects as may be prescribed by the Board.

2. Philippine Electrical Code and other relevant general requirements for installation of wirings for lighting and power; approved wiring methods, approved types of wiring materials and devices; installation of switchboards and panel boards, installation principles for hazardous locations; methods in creating electrical diagrams, reading and interpretation of drawing symbols and plans; installation principles of power and distribution transformers, substation components; application of standard structures, power line construction, line hardware and devices; principles in banking single phase transformers; installation practices of poles, towers and other structures; principles and practices in operation and maintenance of electrical equipment such as power circuit breakers, switchgears and outdoor power switching equipment; safety practices and involving low, medium, high voltages; general knowledge in the Philippine Electrical Engineering Law, and other related subjects as may be prescribed by the Board.

The number of test questions shall be such that the examinations can be finished in one (1) eight-hour day.

The relative weights shall be fifty percent (50%) for technical subjects and fifty percent (50%) for Philippine Electrical Code.

The passing general average rating shall be seventy percent (70%) with no grade below fifty percent (50%) in any subject.

SECTION 21. *Report of Ratings.* - The Board of Electrical Engineering shall, within thirty (30) days after the date of completion of the

examinations, report the ratings obtained by each candidate to the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC).

SECTION 22. *Reexamination of Failed Subjects.* - An applicant shall be allowed to retake, any number of times, only the subject/s in which he has obtained a grade below fifty percent (50%). When he shall obtained an average grade of seventy percent (70%) in the subject/s repeated, he shall be considered to have passed his licensure examination.

SECTION 23. *Professional Oath.* - All successful candidates in the examination shall be required to take a professional oath before the Board or any government official authorized to administer oaths prior to entering upon the practice of professional electrical engineering, registered electrical engineering, registered master electrician.

SECTION 24. *Issuance of Certificates of Registration and Professional Identifications.* - The registration of a professional electrical engineer, registered electrical engineer and registered master electrician commences from the date the name of the professional is entered in the roll of registrants or licensees for the profession. Every registrant who has satisfactorily met all the requirements specified in this Act, upon payment of the registration fee, shall be issued a certificate of registration and a professional identification card as a Professional Electrical Engineer, a Registered Electrical Engineer or a Registered Master Electrician that shows the full name of the registrant and with registration number, signed by the Commissioner and by the Chairman and members of the Board, stamped with the official seal, as evidence that the person named therein is entitled to practice the profession with all the rights and privileges appurtenant thereto. The certificate shall remain in full force and effect until withdrawn, suspended, or revoked in accordance with law.

A professional identification card signed by the Commissioner and bearing the registration number and date of issuance thereof and the month of expiry or renewability shall likewise be issued to every registrant who has paid

the annual registration fees for three (3) consecutive years and has complied with the requirements of the Continuing Professional Development (CPD), unless exempted therefrom. This professional identification card will serve as evidence that the licensee can lawfully practice his profession until the expiration of its validity. Non-renewal of the professional identification card will render the electrical engineering practitioner not authorized to practice electrical engineering as prescribed in this Act.

SECTION 25. *Continuing Professional Development Program (CPD).* - The CPD guidelines shall be prescribed and promulgated by the Board subject to the approval of the Commission, after consultation with the integrated and accredited electrical engineering associations, other associations of the electrical engineering profession, and other concerned sectors. The Board shall incorporate in the said guidelines the creation of a CPD council that shall be composed of officers coming from the Board, the Commission, the integrated and accredited electrical associations, and other concerned sectors. It shall be vested with the functions, duties and responsibilities to implement the guidelines and shall have the juridical personality that is distinct and separate from and independent of the Board, the Commission, the integrated and accredited electrical engineering association, and other associations of the electrical engineering profession.

SECTION 26. *Organization of Electrical Engineering Practitioners.* - There shall only be one national organization of electrical engineering practitioners, which shall be recognized and accredited by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC). Every grade of electrical engineering practitioners under this Act upon registration with the PRC as such, shall ipso facto, become a member of the accredited national organization.

The Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer and the Registered Master Electrician shall receive the benefits and privileges appurtenant to this listed membership in the duly accredited electrical

engineering association only upon payment of the required membership fees and dues.

SECTION 27. *Seal of Professional Electrical Engineer.* - All licensed Professional Electrical Engineers may obtain a seal of a design prescribed and certified by the Board bearing the registrant's name, the certificate number and the legend "Professional Electrical Engineer." Plans, design, specifications, reports and other professional documents prepared by or executed under the immediate supervision of, and issued by a licensee, shall be stamped on every sheet with said seal when filed with government authorities or when submitted or used professionally; Provided, however, That it is unlawful for anyone to stamp or seal any document with said seal after the registrant's name has been delisted from the roster of professional electrical engineers or after the validity of his professional identification card which bear the evidence that he is authorized to practice as mandated in this Act, has expired.

The registrant shall be allowed again to use his seal or stamp in the documents he prepares, signs or issues only after he is reinstated to the practice of his profession and reissued a new professional identification card.

SECTION 28. *Indication of Registration and Professional License Number.* - The Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer and Registered Master Electrician shall be required to indicate the registration and professional license number, the date registered, and the date of its validity in the documents the engineer signs, uses or issues in connection with the practice of profession.

SECTION 29. *Refusal to Issue Certificates.* - The Board of Electrical Engineering shall not issue a certificate of registration to any person convicted by the court of any criminal offense involving moral turpitude or to any person guilty of immoral or dishonorable conduct or to any person of unsound mind. In the event of refusal to issue certificates for any reason, the Board shall give

the applicant a written statement setting forth the reasons for such action, which statement shall be incorporated in the records of the Board.

After no less than a year from the finality of the Board's decision, the Board, out of equity and justice, may recommend to the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) the issuance of the certificate of registration to the applicant.

SECTION 30. *Revocation of Certificates of Registration and Suspension from the Practice of the Profession.* - The Board shall have the power, upon proper notice and hearing, to revoke any certificate of registration of any registrant, to suspend him from the practice of his profession or to reprimand him for any cause specified in the preceding section, or for the use of, perpetration of any fraud or deceit in obtaining a certificate of registration, or for gross negligence or incompetence or for unprofessional or dishonorable conduct; for violation of this Act, the rules and regulations and other policies of the Board and the Code of Professional Ethics.

It shall be sufficient ground for the revocation of a certificate issued to a person under this Act, and his suspension from the practice of his profession for unprofessional or dishonorable conduct, if:

a) Being a professional electrical engineer, he has signed and affixed his seal on any plan, design, technical reports, valuation, estimate, specification or other similar document or work not prepared by him or not executed under his immediate supervision;

b) He has represented himself as having taken charge of or supervised: any electrical construction or installation; operation, tending and maintenance of any electric plant; manufacture or repair of electrical equipment, teaching of electrical engineering subjects; sale or distribution of any electric supply or utilization equipment requiring engineering calculations

or application of engineering principles and data, without actually having done so.

The decision of the board shall be final and executory unless it is appealed by the respondent to the Commission within fifteen (15) days from the receipt of such decision. The Board's or Commission's decision is appealable by the respondent to the Court of Appeals in accordance with the procedure provided under the Rules of Court.

Any person, firm, association or corporation may file charges in accordance with the provisions of this section against any licensee, or the Board may, on its own initiative (*motu proprio*), investigate and/or take cognizance of acts and practices constituting cause for suspension or revocation of the certificate of registration by proper resolution or order, such charges shall be in writing and shall be sworn to by the person making them and shall be filed with the Board.

The rules and regulations of the Commission on administrative investigation shall govern the procedure and conduct of administrative investigation before the Board.

SECTION 31. *Re-issuance of Revoked Certificates or Replacement of Lost Certificates.*

(a) Subject to the approval of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC), the Board may re-issue a certificate, for reasons it may deem sufficient, entertain an application for a new certificate in the same manner as application for an original one. It may exempt the applicant from the necessity of undergoing an examination.

(b) A new certificate of registration to replace any certificate that has been lost, destroyed or mutilated may be issued, subject to the rules of the Board.

CHAPTER IV
FIELD OF PRACTICE OF THE ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
PROFESSION

SECTION 32. *Field of Practice.* - The field of practice of responsible character for Professional Electrical Engineers, Registered Electrical Engineers, and Registered Master Electricians shall be as follows:

(a) The Professional Electrical Engineer's field covers the practice of the electrical engineering profession in its full scope without limits as to voltage levels or MVA capacities to include the sole authority to design electrical systems, provided that such designs, plans and specifications related therein shall bear his signature and seal as author of official documents appurtenant thereto the responsibilities and accountabilities, as defined in this Act.

Further, that the Professional Electrical Engineer-of-Record with the Office of the Building Official and Author of Electrical Documents submitted shall bear his seal and signature and shall have full liability over these said documents for a period of fifteen (15) years; unless his responsibility is assumed by another Professional Electrical Engineer who made modification to the electrical system under the new employ of the establishment owner or management.

(b) Appointment of Professional Electrical Engineers in government - Where a position in a government institution requires a master's degree holder, a Professional Electrical Engineer shall be eligible for the position.

(c) Subject to the limitations as defined in this Act, a Registered Electrical Engineer's field of practice covers the practice of the electrical engineering profession in its full scope without limits as to voltage levels or MVA capacities to include the authority to design electrical systems, provided that such designs, plans and specifications related therein shall bear his signature includes the taking charge and supervision of projects execution and

installation works; operation and maintenance of electrical systems in power plants, industrial plants, commercial buildings or complexes, water- crafts, electric locomotives, and other electric systems; to include manufacture and repair of electrical equipment and machines, switchboards, transformers, generators, motors, electrical apparatuses; teaching of electrical engineering subjects and allied sciences; and the sale and distribution of electrical equipment requiring engineering calculations or application of engineering data.

Further, that the Registered Electrical Engineer-of-Record with the Office of the Building Official on electrical documents submitted bearing his name and signature over the design or supervision of an electrical installation shall have full civil liability over these said installations for a period of fifteen (15) years; unless his responsibility is assumed by another Registered Electrical Engineer who made modification to the electrical system under new employ of the establishment owner or management.

d) Subject to the limitations as defined by this Act, a Registered Master Electrician's field of practice includes the installation, erection, wiring of electrical projects; operation, teach basic electrical technology subjects maintenance and repair of electrical machinery, equipment and devices in an electric system of residential, institutional, commercial and industrial plants, in power plants, industrial sub-stations, watercrafts, electric locomotives, to include installation of transmission, distribution and substation system equipment; erection and installation of electric poles, towers and other related structures, installation of line hardware, stringing of power lines, switching equipment and devices; banking of transformers; to include but not limited to operation, maintenance and repair thereat.

Provided, That if the scope of work, or the machinery, equipment or the electrical system involved is rated in excess of five hundred kilovolt-amperes (500 kVA), or not to exceed of six hundred volts (600 V), the Registered Master Electrician shall be under the supervision of a Professional Electrical Engineer or a Registered Electrical Engineer.

Provided further, That the Registered Master Electrician-of-Record with the Office of the Building Official on electrical documents submitted bearing his name and signature or supervision of an electrical installation shall have full civil liability over these said installations for a period of fifteen (15) years; unless his responsibility is assumed by another Registered Master Electrician (RME) who made modification to the electrical system under new employ of the owner.

SECTION 33. *Prohibitions in the Practice of Electrical Engineering.* –

(a) Practice or offer to practice electrical engineering in the Philippines without having previously obtained a certificate of registration, professional license and a valid identification (ID) issued by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) qualifying him as an Licensed Electrical Practitioner as defined in this Act, except as provided for in Section 15 hereof;

(b) Use, or attempt to use as his own, certificate of registration, professional license or the seal of another;

(c) Give false or forged evidence of any kind to the Board or to any member thereof in obtaining a certificate of registration or professional license;

(d) Falsely impersonate any registrant of like or different name;

(e) Attempt to use a revoked or suspended Certificate of Registration or an expired professional identification card;

(f) Use, in connection with the registrant's name or otherwise assume, use or advertise any title or description tending to convey the impression that he is a Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer or Registered Master Electrician without holding a valid Certificate of

Registration and a valid Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) identification card;

(g) Sign a document involving electrical design, plan, technical specification, valuation and the like on behalf of a professional electrical engineer.

(h) Take responsible charge or supervise the preparation of plans, designs, investigations, valuation, technical reports, specifications, project studies, estimates or consultancy services or to be in the performance of other electrical engineering services unless he is a duly authorized electrical engineering practitioner as defined in this Act;

(i) Make offers, proposals, quotations, or enter or sign into a contract to render Professional Design Services, installation works, execution of projects, maintenance services or for the supply or fabrication of electrical equipment, and other electrical services unless he is an authorized Electrical Practitioner as defined in this Act;

(j) Make use of electrical plans, designs, specifications, drawings and electrical documents relative to the construction of a building or of any other purposes without bearing the seal and signature of a Professional Electrical Engineer as defined in this Act;

k) To duplicate or to make copies without the expressed written consent of the author of an electrical document for use in the repetition of and for other projects or buildings, whether executed partly or in whole;

(l) Take direct charge or responsible supervision of the construction, erection, installation, alteration, testing, commissioning, operation, tending, and maintenance of any electrical system, equipment, machinery or process; or the performance of electrical engineering services in connection with the manufacture, sale, supply, distribution, application of electrical equipment and systems or of any electrical works for projects, either for himself or for

others, unless he is a duly authorized electrical engineering practitioner as defined in this Act;

(m) Order or otherwise cause the fabrication, manufacture, construction, erection, installation or alteration of any electrical equipment, machinery or process for any electrical works, projects, or plants, unless the designs, plans, layouts or specifications have been prepared by or under the direct responsible charge of an authorized electrical engineering practitioner as defined in this Act;

(n) Teach basic electrical engineering subjects and allied sciences unless the person is a duly Registered Electrical Engineer or Professional Electrical Engineer authorized to practice as defined by this Act; and

(o) Teach professional subjects in electrical engineering course unless the person is an Professional Electrical Engineer; or an Registered Electrical Engineer with a Masteral or Doctorate Degree related to electrical engineering.

(p) To render, make offers or proposals, or enter into a contract to provide electrical engineering services for any private persons, entities, clients or projects, whether in personal capacities for any registered electrical engineering practitioner who is an officer or employee of any local government unit or agency charged with the enforcement of laws, ordinances or regulations relating to the construction, inspection and approval of electrical permits.

(q) To render, make offers or proposals, or enter into a contract to provide electrical engineering services for any private persons, entities, clients or projects, whether in personal capacities for any electrical engineering practitioner who is an officer or employee of the Grid Operator, Electric Cooperatives (EC's) and Distribution Utilities (DU's) or any other practitioners similarly situated.

SECTION 34. *Signing of Electrical Plans, Specifications, and Other Contract Documents.* - It shall be unlawful for any licensed electrical practitioner to sign his name, affix his seal, or use any other method of signature on electrical plans, specifications, or other contract unless the same is made in such manner as to clearly indicate the part or parts of such work actually performed by the former; and it shall be unlawful for any person, except the Electrical-Engineer-of-record to sign for any branch of the work or any function or electrical engineering practice, not actually performed by him. The Electrical Engineer-of-record shall be fully responsible for all electrical plans, specifications, and other documents issued under his seal or authorized signature.

The Board shall make all the necessary rules and regulations with regard to the signing and sealing of drawings, specifications, reports and other documents.

SECTION 35. *Ownership of Plans, Specifications, and Other Contract Documents.* - Plans, design and specifications and other contract documents duly signed, stamped, or sealed, as instruments of service, are the intellectual property and documents of the Licensed Electrical Practitioner, whether the object for which they are made is executed or not. It shall be unlawful for any person to duplicate or to make copies of said documents for use in the repetition of any for other projects or buildings, whether executed partly or in whole, without the written consent of Licensed Electrical Practitioner or author of said documents.

All Licensed Electrical Practitioner shall incorporate this provision in all contract documents and other instruments of service.

SECTION 36. *Minimum Personnel Required.* - Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all electrical installations, undergoing construction, operation and maintenance in every building or commercial complex, industrial plant, power plant, locomotive, sea craft, VRE, factory, manufacturing plant in an industrial complex or any electrical system or

process in operation, shall have not less than the following complements of authorized electrical engineering practitioners in accordance to capacity in kVA or MVA as defined by the Professional Regulatory Board of Electrical Engineering;

(a) For capacities of 150 kVA up to 300 kVA – one (1) resident Registered Master Electrician;

(b) For capacities above 300 kVA up to 1000 kVA – one (1) resident Registered Master Electrician and one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer;

(c) For capacities above 1000 kVA up to 5,000 kVA – Two (2) resident Registered Master Electricians, and one (1) resident Registered Electrical Engineer or Professional Electrical Engineer:

(d) For capacities above 5,000 kVA to 20,000 kVA – three (3) Registered Master Electricians, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as resident complement:

(e) For capacities above 20,000 kVA to 60,000 kVA – four (4) Registered Master Electricians, two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer, as resident complement:

(f) For capacities above 60,000 kVA – five (5) Registered Master Electricians, three (3) Registered Electrical Engineers, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer, as resident complement:

(g) For single or cluster capacities of Manned Substations of Grid or Distribution Utilities (DU's) up to 75 MVA in specific inclusive area or location: one (1) Registered Master Electrician, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer per shift, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance;

(h) For single or cluster capacities of Manned Substations of Grid or Distribution Utilities (DU's) above 75 MVA up to 200 MVA in an inclusive area or location: two (2) Registered Master Electricians, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer per shift, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance.

(i) For single or cluster capacities of Manned Substations of Grid or Distribution Utilities (DU's) above 200 MVA in an inclusive area or location in this category: three (3) Registered Master Electricians, two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers per shift, one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Head of Shift Operations, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance.

(j) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all resident authorized electrical practitioners in Grid System Operations shall have minimum requirements of at least Registered Electrical Engineers or Professional Electrical Engineers during shift operations and one Professional Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer for every department, division or section, as the case may be.

(k) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all resident electrical practitioners in Distribution System Operations shall have minimum requirements of at least Registered Electrical Engineers or Professional Electrical Engineers during shift operations, and one Professional Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer for every department, division or section as the case may be.

(l) For electrical works or projects of 150 kVA up to 1,000 kVA capacity: One (1) Registered Master Electrician as Project Electrician-In-Charge, and one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer as Project Engineer-In-Charge, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Project Manager or Consultant.

(m) For electrical works or projects of over 1,000 kVA up to 5,000 kVA capacity: Two (2) Registered Master Electricians as Project Electricians-In-Charge, and one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer as Project Engineer-In-Charge, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Project Manager or Consultant.

(n) For electrical works or projects under construction of over 5,000 kVA capacity: Three (3) Registered Master Electricians as Project Electricians-In-Charge; and two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers as Project Engineers-In-Charge; and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Project Manager; and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Consultant.

The Professional Regulatory Board of Electrical Engineering in consultation with the industry stakeholders shall review and amend the categories and classification in every three (3) years when necessary.

SECTION 37. *Preparation of Plans, Supervision of Projects, and Application of the Philippine Electrical Code.* - It shall be unlawful for any person not authorized under this Act to prepare plans, designs, valuations or specifications for any electrical wiring, equipment or system; and no installation thereof shall be undertaken unless the plans, designs, valuations and specifications have been prepared by or under the responsible charge of, and signed and sealed by a Professional Electrical Engineer; and a construction permit for the execution thereof is first secured; and unless the work is done in accordance with the Philippine Electrical Code and other Philippine-recognized International Standards and is executed under the responsible charge or supervision of a Professional Electrical Engineer, a Registered Electrical Engineer, or a Registered Master Electrician as the case may be, and the routinary fiscal, ministerial and technical requirements of the government agency, if any, exercising jurisdiction over the particular installation have been complied with.

SECTION 38. *Practice Not Allowed for Firms and Corporations.* - The practice of electrical engineering is a professional

service admission to which is based on individual and personal qualifications. Hence, no firm or corporations may be registered or licensed as such for the practice of electrical engineering.

However, persons properly qualified and licensed as professional electrical engineers may, among themselves, form a partnership or association and collectively render electrical engineering service. Individual members of such partnerships or associations shall be responsible for their own respective acts.

Provided, That in cases involving professional liability of an electrical engineer employed within and representing the firm in present or past jobs, and whether still or no longer working within the firm, the firm and the engineer involved are jointly and severally liable to all obligations arising from business transactions of the firm.

SECTION 39. *Posting of Certificate of Compliance.* - The owner, manager or the person in charge of an electric plant, industrial plant or factory, commercial establishment, institutional building, watercraft, or electric locomotive shall post or cause to be posted in a conspicuous place within such plant or establishment the certificate of registration of the engineers or electricians employed in such plant or establishment, in a frame protected by transparent glass or equivalent.

SECTION 40. *Certificate of Specialty.* - Certificates of specialty shall be issued by the Board, subject to the approval of the Commission, to licensed electrical practitioners who have been screened and recommended by the integrated and accredited electrical engineering association. These are for specific fields in which the applicants have specialized knowledge, training and experience and have demonstrated their competence and expertise. The Board shall, subject to the approval of the Commission, and after consultation with the said association, prescribe and issue the necessary guidelines for the issuance of these certificates in accordance with the prescribed structure of

quality assurance system aligned to the PQF and applicable international standards.

SECTION 41. *Foreign Reciprocity.* - No foreign engineer shall be admitted to take a board examination, be given a certificate of registration, or be entitled to any of the rights and privileges under this Act unless the country of which he is a subject or citizen specifically permits Filipino engineers to practice within its territorial limits on the same basis as the subjects or citizens of such country

SECTION 42. *Enforcement of the Act by Officers of the Law.* - It shall be the duty of all constituted officers of the law of the national government, or any provincial, city or municipal government or of any political subdivision thereof to prosecute any person violating the provisions of this Act. The Secretary of Justice or his assistant shall act as legal adviser of the Board and render such legal assistance as may be necessary in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

SECTION 43. *Penalty Clause.* - In addition to the administrative sanctions imposed under this Act:

Any person, Filipino or Foreigner, who shall violate any of the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to a fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) nor more than One million pesos (P1,000,000.00) or imprisonment for a period not less than six (6) months nor more than five (5) years or both at the discretion of the court.

Further, any government agency or private firm or institution who violates under this Act shall be punished by a fine of not less than One Million Pesos (P 1,000,000.00) nor more than Five Million Pesos (P 5,000,000.00) at the discretion of the court.

CHAPTER V

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

SECTION 44. *Terms of Office of Board Members.* - Upon approval of this Act, the incumbent chairperson and two (2) members of the Board shall continue to serve until their terms of office expire or until their replacements under this Act have been appointed by the President of the Republic.

CHAPTER VI

FINAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 45. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* - The Board shall formulate and issue the implementing rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SECTION 46. *Funding Provisions.* - Such sums as may be necessary to carry out provisions of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act of the year following its enactment into law and thereafter.

SECTION 47. *Repealing Clause.* - Republic Act No. 7920 is hereby repealed. All other laws, decrees, executive orders, proclamations, rules and regulations, or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby amended, repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 48. *Separability Clause.* - If any provision or part of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining parts or provisions not affected shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 49. *Effectivity Clause.* - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a national newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,