



Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Constitution Hills, Quezon City

TWENTIETH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 6017



Introduced by
REPRESENTATIVE MUNIR N. ARBISON, JR.

AN ACT
PROVIDING FOR THE MAGNA CARTA OF BARANGAY HEALTH
WORKERS

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The foundational policy of the State, enshrined in the 1987 Constitution, dictates an integrated approach to health development, ensuring essential health and social services are accessible to all people at an affordable cost. Following the devolution mandate of the Local Government Code of 1991, primary health care delivery was brought down to the barangay level. At this crucial juncture stands the Barangay Health Worker (BHW), recognized as the indispensable frontliner in realizing Universal Health Care (UHC).

Despite their essential role in providing accessible health services and driving health empowerment in the community, BHWs have historically been relegated to the status of volunteers, lacking adequate compensation, benefits, and job security.

This measure seeks to rectify this policy shortfall by formally institutionalizing the BHW as a crucial member of the nation's health workforce. This bill defines the BHW's vital roles—as a primary health care service provider, health educator, community organizer, and record keeper—and ensures that certified BHWs act as the navigator and continuing point of contact within the health care delivery system, fulfilling the mandates of the Universal Health Care Act.

To further professionalize this cadre of workers, this Act mandates a system of Registration and Certification by local health boards and the

development of a continuing competency-based education and training curriculum in coordination with the DOH, TESDA, and CHED. Furthermore, to provide essential dignity and career progression, certified BHWs who render five (5) years of continuous service will be granted sub-professional eligibility.

Importantly, this bill establishes a comprehensive benefits package aimed at promoting the welfare of volunteer BHWs. It mandates an increase in remuneration, providing a minimum Monthly Honorarium of not less than Three thousand pesos (P3,000.00) for registered BHWs and Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) for certified BHWs. It also grants essential protections, including Insurance Coverage from the GSIS, Health Emergency Allowance during public health crises, and Free Legal Services from the Public Attorney's Office for work-related cases.

Finally, recognizing the varying capacities of local government units (LGUs), this measure ensures sustainability through the creation of a National BHW Information System and mandates a BHW Deployment Subsidy to provide targeted financial assistance to third, fourth, and fifth-class municipalities to deploy and incentivize dedicated volunteer BHWs.

In view of the foregoing, the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.



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**AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE MAGNA CARTA OF BARANGAY
HEALTH WORKERS**

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in
Congress assembled:*

CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. *Short Title.* - This Act shall be known as the "*Magna Carta of
Barangay Health Workers*".

SEC. 2. *Declaration of Policy.* - It is the declared policy of the State to protect and promote the right to health of the people and still health consciousness among them. It is also the policy of the State to adopt an integrated and comprehensive approach to health development, which shall endeavor to make essential goods, health and other social services available to the communities.

The State acknowledges that primary health care is a key component in attaining universal health care, and with the support of local government units (LGUs), the participation of communities, and volunteerism of the population, it is an effective strategy towards realizing health empowerment and delivering effective health care programs and services.

The State values the indispensable role of barangay health workers (BHWs) as the frontliners in providing primary health care services and, therefore, shall adopt policies that will harness their potential as partners in national development.

Pursuant thereto, the State shall define their roles and responsibilities, prescribe the methods for their recruitment and retention, identify programs for capability-building and career advancement, and provide avenues to ventilate and resolve issues concerning them.

The State shall also, in recognition of the spirit of volunteerism and concern for the upliftment of the health status of communities, promote the welfare and well-being of volunteer BHWs and provide them with incentives and benefits through the collaborative efforts of LGUs and the national government.

SEC. 3. Coverage. — This Act shall cover all BHWs, whether as volunteers or employees of government, and all LGUs and national government agencies that mobilize BHWs to expand the delivery of primary health care services to communities, families, and individuals.

CHAPTER II

THE BARANGAY HEALTH WORKERS IN PRIMARY HEALTH CARE DELIVERY

SEC. 4. *The Role of BHWs in Providing Primary Health Care.* - BHWs shall serve as the frontliners in supporting the delivery of primary health care in the community. They shall form part of the community health teams of the barangay health station, health center, or any other primary health care facility of the municipal/city health office established to provide primary health care services to a barangay or a part of it, or a cluster of barangays. For this purpose, BHWs are hereby declared as members of the cadre of community health care workers.

The head of the barangay health station, health center, or any other primary health care facility, of the municipal/city health office, shall exercise day-to-day direct control and supervision over the BHWs.

The BHW shall perform the following roles: (a) As a Primary Health Care Service Provider - to assist in the health facilities in providing primary health care services to the members of the community; (b) As a Health Educator - to provide knowledge and skills to community members in the prevention and management of simple illnesses; (c) As a Community Organizer - to organize and mobilize the community towards self-reliance; and (d) Record Keeper - to assist in the development and maintenance of a

community health profile, and collect and collate health data and information of families and individuals in the community.

Pursuant to Republic Act No. 11223, or the "Universal Health Care Act", certified BHWs, who have undergone certification process under Section 10 of this Act, shall serve as primary care workers and shall act as the navigator, initial and continuing point of contact in the health care delivery system. They shall endorse patients to the next higher level of health care provider within the health care provider network to which the barangay health station, health center, or any other primary health care unit, belongs: *Provided, That* except in emergency or serious cases and when proximity is a concern, access to higher levels of care shall be coordinated by the certified BHWs. To effectively and efficiently perform these roles and expectations, the BHWs to be assigned in a barangay should be residents of the community.

The Department of Health (DOH) shall promulgate the policies, guidelines, and the specific duties and responsibilities of registered and certified BHWs, for the effective implementation of this Section.

SEC. 5. *Coordination Between the Health Station/Health Center/Health Care Facility of the Municipal/City Health Office with the Barangay.* - The head of the barangay health station, health center, or any other primary health care facility, of the municipal/city health office shall coordinate and collaborate with the punong barangay, or with several punong barangay in the case of health centers providing services to a cluster of barangays, in the implementation of programs and activities to address the primary health care needs of the communities.

Pursuant to Section 17 (b) (ii) of the Local Government Code, the punong barangay shall support the delivery of health services in the community by ensuring the maintenance of the health station/center, particularly in providing the necessary additional logistical support, supplies and services needed by BHWs.

SEC. 6. *Number of Barangay Health Workers.* - The determination of the number of BHWs who can serve a barangay or a cluster thereof shall be guided by and based on, among others, the catchment population, the community health profile, and the need for different primary health care services.

The DOH, in consultation with local government units, shall determine the ideal ratio of BHWs with the required competencies to households and shall issue an updated policy on this ratio every five years.

CHAPTER III

REGISTRATION, CAPABILITY-BUILDING AND RETENTION

SEC. 7. *Registration.* - In order to qualify as a BHW, in addition to qualifications to be set by the municipal or city health board, an applicant must meet the following requirements: (a) Be at least eighteen (18) years of age at the date of the filing of the application for registration; (b) Be physically and mentally fit; and (c) Have completed in the same year of application for registration the basic orientation and training for BHWs as prescribed by the DOH.

Eligible applicants shall register with the local health board in the municipality or city where they reside and intend to render service and shall be given appropriate proof of said registration.

It shall be the duty of the municipal and city health offices, in cooperation with the provincial health offices and the DOH, to provide interested applicants as BHWs with basic orientation and training.

SEC. 8. *Role of the Municipal and City Local Health Boards.* - In addition to their functions under Section 102, Title V of the Local Government Code, as amended, the municipal and city health boards shall prescribe the policies and guidelines and be responsible for the recruitment, selection, registration, certification, retention and removal of, and the resolution of complaints and grievances involving, BHWs in their jurisdictions.

The decisions of the municipal/city health board with regard to the revocation of registration of a BHW or on the resolution of complaints and grievances of and against BHWs may be appealed to the provincial health board and, thereafter, to the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG).

The DILG, in collaboration with the DOH, shall provide the general guidelines in setting up the grievance and appeal mechanism.

SEC. 9. *National BHW Information System.* - There shall be established and maintained by the DOH, in partnership with the Department of Information

and Communications Technology (DICT), a National BHW Information System, to assist the national government and local government units in formulating and implementing policies and programs for the organization and development of the cadre of BHWs.

The Information System shall be the sole source of real-time data and information on BHWs nationwide. It shall contain the list of all BHWs at the barangay, municipal, city and provincial levels, their socio-demographic profiles, qualifications, areas of assignment, and other information that the DOH may deem necessary.

The municipal and city health boards shall be responsible for registering and continuously updating the records of BHWs in their jurisdictions.

The provincial health boards, with the assistance of the DOH, shall provide training to municipal and city health boards within the province on the use of the Information System and ensure that the local health boards regularly submit accurate data and information on their BHWs.

SEC. 10. *Certification of BHWs.* - To ensure the health and welfare of the community and further professionalize the cadre of BHWs in rendering primary health care services, a duly registered BHW shall undergo certification by the municipal/city health board.

The DOH, in consultation with the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA), the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and the Civil Service Commission (CSC), shall promulgate the policies, standards and guidelines for the certification of competency of BHWs.

To qualify for certification, a registered BHW must: (a) Have completed in the locality at least two (2) years of continuous service; (b) Have completed the training on the roles, duties, and responsibilities as a BHW, as prescribed by the DOH; (c) Have been evaluated to have provided satisfactory performance by the health care professional supervising the concerned BHW immediately prior to the filing of application for certification; and (d) Have completed the courses of the certification component of the Education and Training Program, provided in Section 11 of this Act.

The municipal and city health boards shall act on the applications for certification of BHWs not later than thirty (30) days from the date of application and shall issue the certificate of competency to qualified BHWs upon inspection, verification, or testing of their conformance to policies, standards and guidelines issued by the DOH.

It shall be the duty of the municipal and city LGUs, in cooperation with the provincial government and the DOH, to provide the applicant BHWs the necessary support and opportunities for certification.

SEC. 11. *Education and Training Program for BHWs.* - The DOH and the TESDA, in collaboration with the CSC, the CHED, relevant government agencies, local government units, education institutions, and stakeholders, shall develop and institutionalize a continuing competency-based education and training curriculum for all BHWs.

The curriculum shall train the BHWs as primary health care service provider, health educator, community organizer, and record keeper. It shall prescribe the courses for the certification component and the courses for continuing health education and capacity-building for all BHWs.

The DOH and TESDA shall complement the competency-based education and training curriculum by making available web-based and mobile applications for purposes of: (a) Providing training materials to enhance the knowledge and skills of BHWs; (b) Offering forums for BHWs to communicate, share experiences and seek advice from peers and health professionals; (c) Disseminating new policies, programs and guidelines pertaining to their roles and responsibilities; (d) Facilitating reporting and feedback mechanisms to improve service delivery and address challenges faced in the field; and (e) Offering resources for personal and professional development, including health and wellness programs.

SEC. 12. *Inclusion of the BHW Positions in the Government Plantilla.* - The Department of Budget and Management (DBM), in consultation with the CSC, the DOH and LGUs, shall establish the position classification and the corresponding salary grades for BHWs in the Index of Occupational Standards. Municipalities and cities may employ BHWs in their respective LGUs.

SEC. 13. *Retention and Continuous Service of BHWs.* - Registered and certified BHW shall continue to perform their roles, duties, and responsibilities except

due to the withdrawal of an individual as a BHW or removal for cause by the municipal or city health board after due process. The continuity of services of BHWs, including issues on the revocation of the registration of a BHW, or the removal of a BHW from the cadre of BHWs, shall follow the policies and guidelines promulgated by the DILG and the DOH.

CHAPTER IV

INCENTIVES AND BENEFITS, RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS, OF BHWs

SEC. 14. *Incentives and Benefits of BHWs.* - (a) In recognition of the time, services and resources they contribute, volunteer registered and certified BHWs shall receive, or be provided with, the following:

i. *Monthly Honoraria.* - A monthly honorarium of not less than Three thousand pesos (P3,000.00) for registered BHWs and not less than Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) for certified BHWs: *Provided, That* no diminution of monthly honoraria can be made on BHWs already receiving more than the herein prescribed minimum amounts: *Provided, further, That* the DOH, in coordination with the DILG and the DBM, shall review and adjust the minimum honoraria every three years;

ii. *Transportation Allowance/Expense Reimbursements.* - Registered and certified BHWs shall be provided by the barangay with transportation allowance or entitlement to reimbursement of actual transportation expense for the performance of their functions, as may be authorized by law or regulation: *Provided, That* the barangay may, instead, provide applicable forms of transportation to enable the BHWs provide the needed primary health care service: *Provided, further, That* the municipality or city, through their health offices, may shoulder such allowance or expense. *Provided, finally, That* official travels, such as seminars, conferences and transport of patients outside of the barangay or locality, shall be shouldered by the barangay, municipality, city or province that authorized such official travel and shall not be deducted from the honoraria of the BHWs;

iii. *Subsistence Allowance.* - The concerned municipality or city shall provide BHWs who render service in other barangays where they are not residents and considered as unserved or underserved areas, to make their services available at any and all times, with subsistence allowance equivalent to the meals they take during their duty, which shall be computed following

prevailing circumstances. In no case such subsistence allowance, be less than One hundred pesos (P100.00) per day;

iv. *Hazard Allowance.* - BHWs who are exposed to situations, conditions, or factors in the work environment or place where foreseeable but unavoidable danger or risks exist which adversely endanger their health or life and/or increase the risk of producing adverse effects on their person in the exercise of their duties, including assignment to communities in or recovering from situation of armed conflict, to be validated by the proper authorities, shall be paid a hazard allowance by the municipality or city concerned in an amount to be determined by its local health board and the local peace and order council unit concerned, which in no case shall be less than One thousand pesos per month, subject to existing laws, rules and regulations;

v. *Insurance Coverage.* - Insurance coverage and benefit packages from the Government Service Insurance System (GSIS), suited to their needs and unique circumstances, which shall be borne by the municipality or city concerned. For this purpose, the GSIS shall design such appropriate insurance packages;

vi. *Health Emergency Allowance During Public Health Emergency.* - The Health Emergency Allowance (HEA) and other benefits prescribed in Republic Act No. 11712, on the conditions that the volunteer BHWs are part of the National BHW Information System and are assigned in health facilities and barangay health emergency response teams during public health emergencies. The national government shall provide funds for the payment of the HEA and other benefits mandated under R. A. No. 11712;

vii. *Cash Gift.* - A Cash Gift not less than the minimum monthly honoraria to be given every December;

viii. *One-time Dedicated Service Recognition Incentive.* - A BHW who withdraws as a registered or certified BHW, but had continuously and satisfactorily served for at least fifteen (15) years, shall be entitled to a one-time incentive of not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (P10,000.00), in recognition of their loyalty, dedication and service, which shall be borne by the municipality or city concerned. The national and provincial government shall assist in case of non-availability of funds from the municipality or component city concerned;

ix. *Education and Career Advancement.* – The DOH, in coordination with the Department of Education, CHED, TESDA, CSC, other concerned national government agencies, non-government organizations, and LGUs, shall provide information on, and opportunities for, education and career advancement for BHWs, such as: (1) Educational programs that credit the years of primary health care service of the BHW and the number of training hours gained during attendance to courses covered by the Education and Training Program under Section 11 of this Act towards higher education completion in institutions with step-ladder curricula, as provided under Republic Act No. 10968, otherwise known as the "PQF Act," and Republic Act No. 10647, otherwise known as the "Ladderized Education Act of 2014," thus allowing them to upgrade their skills and knowledge for community work or to pursue further training as health care professionals; (2) Continuing education, study and exposure tours, field immersion, and scholarship and financial grants, among others; (3) Scholarship grant or financial assistance to be granted to one (1) child of a BHW who will not be able to take advantage of the programs described in paragraphs (1) and (2) hereof; and (4) Special training programs, such as traditional medicine, disaster preparedness and other programs that address emergent community health problems and issues;

x. *Free Legal Services.* - Legal representation and consultation services shall be immediately provided by the Public Attorney's Office to a BHW in cases of coercion, interference, and in other civil and criminal cases filed by or against the BHW arising out of or in connection with the performance of their duties as such; and

xi. *Preferential Access to Government Livelihood Programs.* - Government agencies providing livelihood programs shall provide organized BHWs preferential access to loan services.

Provided, That in the provision of the Monthly Honoraria and the Cash Gift, and in consideration of the financial assistance of the national government to third, fourth and fifth class municipalities, provided under Section 15 of this Act, the provinces, in consultation with component cities, municipalities and barangays within their jurisdiction, shall determine the actual amount or percentage share of the amount that each and every LGU will give to BHWs: *Provided, further, That* nothing herein limits the barangays, or the municipality, or the city, or the province, from fully shouldering the provision of the Monthly Honoraria and the Cash Gift: *Provided, furthermore, That* nothing herein prevents the barangay,

municipality, city, and province from providing additional monetary and non-monetary benefits to BHWs to supplement those given by another concerned LGU within the province: *Provided, finally, That* these honoraria shall be given starting January of the ensuing fiscal year unless the local government unit/s, singly or collectively, immediately provide the needed funding.

(b) Certified BHWs shall be granted sub-professional eligibility if they have rendered at least five (5) years of continuous service as such: *Provided, That* should a BHW become a regular employee of the government, the total number of years served as such shall be credited to the BHW's service in the computation of retirement benefits.

The emoluments, incentives, benefits, honoraria, allowances and reimbursements of BHWs employed by the municipality, city, province, or national government agencies on a regular, contractual, casual or job order basis shall be governed by laws applicable to the civil service and the policies issued by the Civil Service Commission, the Office of the President, the Department of Budget and Management, and the LGU under which they are employed.

SEC. 15. *BHW Deployment Subsidy to Low-Income Municipalities.* — There is hereby mandated a BHW Deployment Subsidy to Low-Income Municipalities in order to provide financial assistance to third, fourth, and fifth class municipalities and enable them to deploy a sufficient number of volunteers BHWs in their communities, particularly to unserved or underserved areas in their jurisdictions, and in providing incentives to dedicated volunteer BHWs. Priority shall be given to municipalities with no or less capacity to give regular and adequate monthly honoraria and other incentives to its BHWs, as determined by the DOH and the DILG.

SEC. 16. *Discrimination Prohibited.* - Discrimination against any BHW by reason of gender, civil status, creed, religious or political beliefs and ethnic groupings in the exercise of their functions and responsibilities is hereby prohibited.

SEC. 17. *Prohibition on Participation in Political Activities.* - To maintain their integrity and impartiality and eliminate the possibility of conflicts with their catchment households, BHWs are prohibited from participating in partisan political activities. Any BHW who files an application as a candidate in any political position is hereby deemed removed from the list of registered

BHWs or resigned from government service, as the case may be. Participation in political activities shall serve as basis of the local health board to remove BHWs in the list of registered BHWs.

CHAPTER V

ASSOCIATIONS AND FEDERATIONS OF BARANGAY HEALTH WORKERS

SEC. 18. *Associations and Federations of BHWs.* – There shall be organized associations of BHWs at the municipal and city levels and federations at the provincial, regional, sub-national and national levels. BHW associations of highly urbanized cities that are independent from provinces where they are located, and LGUs in the National Capital Region, shall directly become members of regional and sub-national federations and the national federation.

These associations and federations shall serve as the venues in order to ventilate issues and formulate and communicate policy proposals concerning BHWs, particularly on their roles and duties as the frontliners, as well as their welfare and well-being, in supporting the delivery of primary health care services in the community.

The municipal and city associations and the provincial, regional, and sub-national federations shall elect their respective president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and other officers as they may deem necessary.

The national federation shall elect a board of directors headed by a chairperson and a set of national officers headed by a national president, as prescribed in their constitution and by-laws. A secretary-general shall be chosen from among the national federation members to manage the day-to-day operations and activities of the federation. The board of directors may create such other positions as may be necessary for the management of the affairs of the national federation.

SEC. 19. *Consultation with Local Health Boards.* - The different local health boards shall consult the associations and federations under their jurisdictions on, among others, the roles and responsibilities of BHWs for the effective delivery of primary health care services.

CHAPTER VI

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 20. *Observance of BHW Day.* - Every barangay shall commemorate BHW Day during April 7 of every year in recognition of the service of BHWs, their heroic services in times of crisis, and their indispensable role in promoting health and wellness among the citizenry.

The DOH, in cooperation with the DILG and all LGUs, shall hold simple ceremonies or activities to highlight the indispensable role of BHWs in nation-building.

SEC. 21. *Penalty Clause.* - Any local government official who violates any provision of this Act shall be administratively and criminally charged in accordance with law.

SEC. 22. *Annual Accomplishment Reports.* - The DOH and the DILG shall submit to the Office of the President, the Senate of the Philippines and the House of Representatives an annual report on the accomplishments and challenges with regard the implementation of this Act.

SEC. 23. *Appropriations.* — The amounts necessary for the implementation of this Act shall be charged against the funds of LGUs and the appropriations of the DOH. The amount necessary for the initial implementation of the BHW Deployment Subsidy to Low-Income Municipalities shall be charged against the current appropriations of the DOH and, thereafter, shall be included in the annual general appropriations act.

SEC. 24. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* - The DOH and the DILG shall, in consultation with local government units, the national federation of BHWs, the CSC, the DBM, the TESDA, the CHED, the GSIS, other concerned government agencies, non-government organizations, and academic and training institutions, promulgate the rules and regulations to implement this Act not later than one hundred eighty (180) days from the start of the effectivity of this Act.

SEC. 25. *Separability Clause.* - If any portion or provision of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, other provisions hereof shall remain in full force and effect.

SEC. 26. *Repealing Clause.* - Republic Act No. 7883, otherwise known as the "Barangay Health Workers' Benefits and Incentives Act of 1995" is hereby repealed. All other laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 27. *Effectivity.* - This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days from its publication in the Official Gazette or in a national newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,