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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 7240

BY REPRESENTATIVES ROMUALDEZ (F.M.), ROMUALDEZ (Y.M.), MARCOS, ACIDRE, GOMEZ, SALO, VARGAS, NOGRALES (M.I.), HARESCO, ROMERO, TAN (K.M.), ACHARON, PALMA, FLORES, DUTERTE, YAP (ERIC), YAP (EDVIC), TULFO (J.), SORIANO, VILLAFUERTE (L.R.), VILLAFUERTE (M.L.), HORIBATA, ENCISO, TAMBUNTING, QUIMBO, LACSON, ROMUALDO, VIOLAGO, ABALOS, ONGCHUAN, RIVERA, TAN-TAMBUT, ATAYDE, CRUZ (A.), MARAÑON, RECTO. CARI, ORTEGA, REVILLA (R.J.), SALI, LAZATIN, ALBANO, CAGAS, OLIVAREZ, YU (D.G.), PUMAREN, VILLANUEVA, SUAREZ, DY (F.), UNABIA, YU (J.V.), SINGSON (R.), TEVES (J.), TARRIELA, BERNOS, ROBES, DEFENSOR, SINGSON-MEEHAN, ROQUE, VILLAR, PANALIGAN, CO (E.), BARONDA, BOLILIA, PRIMICIAS-AGABAS, HERRERA, ABANTE, ALONTE, ALVAREZ (M.), ALVAREZ (J.), ARENAS, BAUTISTA-LIM, BONGALON, CABREDO, CAMPOS, CELESTE, CO (A.N.), Cua, Cuaresma, de Venecia, Del Mar, Fuentebella, Go (E.C.), Gonzaga, Lara, Nava, SALIMBANGON, TIANGCO, UMALI, VARGAS-ALFONSO, VILLARAZA-SUAREZ, ZAMORA (M.C.), ZUBIRI, ADIONG, ADVINCULA, AMANTE, ANG, ASISTIO, AUMENTADO, BASCUG, BOSITA, CHATTO, CO-PILAR, COJUANGCO (J.), CRUZ (R.), DAGOOC, DIMAPORO (S.A.), EUDELA, FORTES, FRESNEDI, GARCIA (D.), GARCIA (M.A.), GARDIOLA, GO (M.), GUTIERREZ, HERNANDEZ, KHONGHUN, LAGON (D.), LAGON (S.), MACEDA, MAGSINO, MANIQUIZ, MATIBAG, MERCADO, OUANO-DIZON, PADUANO, PANCHO, PLAZA, PLEYTO, RODRIGUEZ (E.), TALLADO, VERGARA, VERZOSA, YAP (C.), CORVERA, DALOG, AGARAO, BENITEZ, BUHAIN, ECLEO, GUINTU, Кно MARIANO-HERNANDEZ, MARIÑO, MERCADO-REVILLA, ORDANES, REVILLA (B.), ROMULO, SALCEDA, SAULOG, SILVERIO, TOLENTINO, VELOSO-TUAZON, YAMSUAN, GONZALES (A.) AND Dalipe, per Committee Report No. 327

AN ACT

RIGHTSIZING THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT TO IMPROVE PUBLIC SERVICE DELIVERY, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as "The National Government Rightsizing Act."

SEC. 2. *Declaration of Policy.* – It is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote and maintain effectiveness, efficiency, and economy in the government; enhance institutional capacity to improve public service delivery; and ensure the attainment of the country's societal and economic development goals and objectives. Consistent with this, the government shall focus its functions and resources on the essential role, scope, and level of governance, and minimize, if not eliminate, redundancies, overlaps and duplications in its operations and

simplify its rules and regulations, and systems and processes, while protecting the welfare of civil servants and other government workers.

SEC. 3. *Definition of Terms.* – As used in this Act:

- a) *Abolition* refers to the elimination of an obsolete or unnecessary organizational unit;
- b) *Affected Personnel* refers to any government employee, whether regular or non-permanent, that may be affected by the organizational actions arising from the results of strategic review and study under the National Government Rightsizing Program (NGRP);
- c) *Consolidation* refers to the dissolution of two (2) or more organizational units to form a new unit;
- d) *Deactivation* refers to the act of making dormant or non-operational an organizational unit by phasing out its functions or transferring them to other units or discontinuing the provision of resources. An organizational unit is rendered dormant or non-operational if it is defunded or operation is terminated but its formal existence continues. A deactivated organizational unit is devoid of any activity, personnel, financial, and physical resources;
- e) **Detailed Rightsized Organizational Structure** refers to the output of a government agency that provides information on the systematic arrangement and functions of the divisions and units within the organization. This shall be based on the rightsized organizational structure that shall be developed by the Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch as constituted in this Act;
- f) *Merger* refers to the combination of two (2) or more organizational units, whereby the identity of one is retained and the other is abolished or deactivated;
- g) **Placement** refers to the process of matching the jobs and the individual, and placement occurs when the individual is assigned with the particular job;
- h) *Rightsized Organizational Structure* refers to the output of the Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch, which shall contain the appropriate structure of government agencies, such as departments, bureaus, services, and offices, and its corresponding mandates and functions, resulting from the conduct of strategic review and study;
- i) *Rightsizing* refers to the process of analyzing and designing the appropriate role, mandate, structure, functions, size, systems, and processes of government agencies in order to ensure effective, responsive, and efficient service delivery;
- j) *Staffing Pattern* refers to the approved staffing complement of an agency. It shows the number of authorized positions by class and occupational group for each organizational unit within the agency;

k) <i>Transfer</i> refers to the movement of an employee from one organizational unit	to
another in the same department or agency, or from one department or agency to anoth	er,
whichever is of equivalent rank, level, or salary.	

SEC. 4. *Coverage.* – This Act shall cover all agencies of the Executive Branch, including departments, bureaus, offices, commissions, boards, councils, and all other entities attached to or under their administrative supervision, government-owned or -controlled corporations (GOCCs) not covered by Republic Act No. 10149 otherwise known as the GOCC Governance Act of 2011.

In recognition of the important role of certain government positions in the Philippine society, the following positions shall be excluded in the coverage of this Act:

- 1. Teaching and teaching-related positions in elementary, secondary, technical/vocational schools, state universities and colleges, and non-chartered tertiary schools;
- 2. Medical and allied-medical items in hospitals and other medical facilities servicing agency clients; and
 - 3. Military and uniformed personnel in the Department of National Defense, Department of the Interior and Local Government, Department of Transportation, Department of Environment and Natural Resources, and the Department of Justice.

The Legislature, the Judiciary, Constitutional Commissions, and Office of the Ombudsman may, within their respective authorized appropriations, likewise rightsize their respective offices, consistent with the principles and guidelines contained in this Act, and within the parameters of the Unified Position Classification and Compensation System established under Republic Act No. 6758, otherwise known as Compensation and Position Classification Act of 1989, as amended.

Local Government Units (LGUs) may also rightsize their respective offices subject to their financial capability and consistent with the governing principles and guidelines contained in this Act and the provisions of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local Government Code of 1991, as amended.

The Governance Commission for GOCCs shall continue to exercise its authority under Republic Act No. 10149 to reorganize, merge, streamline, abolish or privatize any GOCC, in consultation with the department to which the GOCC is attached.

- **SEC. 5.** *Governing Principles.* The National Government shall implement a Rightsizing Program in accordance with the following principles:
 - a) The role of government and the scope, level, and prioritization of government programs, activities and projects, as well as the appropriate manner in which public goods and services are provided, shall be determined in accordance with the constitutional mandate,

political and socioeconomic contexts and objectives of the government, and available resources;

- b) The government shall establish a conducive policy environment to encourage active engagement of private sector and civil society organizations in the production and delivery of goods and services;
- c) The delineation of functions and responsibilities between the National Government and the LGUs in the provision of public goods and services shall be clearly defined, consistent with the provisions of Republic Act No. 7160, as amended, and other pertinent laws and issuances, for purposes of providing a more seamless, accessible, and responsive government services to the people;
- d) A whole-of-nation approach shall be adopted to ensure smooth operations of agencies within and across sectors and to be more anticipatory and responsive to public needs;
- e) Government operations shall be simplified so that the agencies can focus on the performance of their core functions and implementation of programs and projects to attain of the desired sectoral and national goals and outcomes;
- f) Government systems and processes shall be streamlined and modernized to facilitate the delivery and upgrade the quality of frontline services, improve policy formulation, planning and performance evaluation, and raise overall productivity of the public sector;
- g) Digitalization and E-governance shall be utilized as means to efficiently optimize government roles and provide prompt and effective basic services to the Filipinos people;
- h) Government rules, procedures and requirements shall be rationalized to reduce the regulatory burden on citizens, businesses and other stakeholders, as well as reduce the administrative burden on the part of the government; and
- i) The organizational structure of an agency shall be designed to facilitate the effective, efficient, and economical implementation of programs and projects, and ensure the attainment of organizational outputs and outcomes. The appropriate staffing mix shall be determined based on the skills and competencies required to effectively and efficiently carry out the agency mandate and functions.
- **SEC. 6.** Authority of the President of the Philippines to rightsize the operations of the Executive Branch. Pursuant to the governing principles, policies, standards, and guidelines stipulated in this Act, the President is hereby granted the following authority in the rightsizing of the operations of the different agencies of the Executive Branch:
 - a) To pursue the following functional shifts and modifications:

1) Strengthen the functions of the agencies which directly contribute to the targeted ultimate societal outcomes of the National Government and the targeted sector or sub-sector outcomes of the agency;

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- 2) Scale down, phase out, eliminate or discontinue functions, programs, projects or activities that could be better carried out or undertaken by the private sector, or have already been devolved to LGUs consistent with the governing principles provided in this Act; and
- 3) Transfer or integrate functions from one agency to another which could better perform the same.
- b) To implement the following organizational actions, upon determination of the Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch created under this Act that it is to the best interest of the State to create, reorganize, merge, streamline or abolish agencies and offices:
 - 1) Create new agencies, offices, positions, as needed, in order to strengthen the capacity of government agencies to perform their mandate;
 - 2) Regularize ad hoc offices whose functions are vital and significant, thus must be continually undertaken by the government;
 - 3) Merge or consolidate agencies whose functions are unnecessarily overlapping or duplicating and may be undertaken by a single entity, or clients are similar or related, to rationalize the use of government resources;
 - 4) Split agencies with multifarious functions which are deemed distinct but equally important aspects of governance;
 - 5) Transfer offices to other agencies where their functions are more aligned; and
 - 6) Subject to evaluation and favorable recommendation of the Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch, abolish agencies, based on any of the following grounds: (i) the functions are already redundant or no longer relevant or necessary, or can be better undertaken by another entity; (ii) the agency is no longer achieving the objectives and purposes for which it was originally created; (iii) continued operation is not cost-effective since it does not generate the desired level of outputs and outcomes vis-à-vis the resource inputs; or (iv) the agency has already become non-operational or dormant or has outlived its purpose.
- c) To undertake other functional or organizational actions, such as conducting regulatory reviews, streamlining or reengineering processes, and capability-building interventions, among others, as necessary, and consistent with the policies, principles, framework and standards of this Act.

d)	To develop and provide safety nets, including their implementation strategies, for
employees	s of agencies who may be affected by the government's rightsizing efforts.

e) To formulate an organizational development program to strengthen the institutional capacity of the agencies and improve productivity of employees.

SEC. 7. Creation of a Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch. – A Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch (CREB) is hereby created to oversee the implementation of the Rightsizing Program, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

The Committee shall be composed of the following officials or their duly authorized representatives: The Executive Secretary as Chairperson and the Secretary of the Department of Budget and Management (DBM) as Co-Chairperson, and the Secretary of Socioeconomic Planning of the National Economic and Development Authority, Chairperson of the Civil Service Commission (CSC), and the Director General of the Anti-Red Tape Authority, as members. Their respective duly authorized representative shall be at least the third (3rd) highest ranking official of the agency.

The CREB shall be organized within fifteen (15) days from the effectivity of this Act.

The CREB shall also organize subcommittees composed of experts on government operations, organizational development, and human resource management, including a secretariat for each subcommittee, to assist in the performance of its functions.

The DBM shall provide the necessary secretariat services to the CREB, and shall designate focal persons for each subcommittee to ensure effective coordination.

In the spirit of transparency and participatory governance, the CREB shall consult the agencies concerned, accredited public sector unions and other stakeholders relative to the implementation of the NGRP.

SEC. 8. Powers and Functions of the Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch. – The CREB shall have the following powers and functions:

- a) Develop the policies, frameworks, indicators, strategies and mechanisms, in consideration of the lessons learned from previous efforts on reorganization, to be adopted in the implementation of the NGRP;
- b) Develop a Program Management Plan containing the activities, responsibilities, and resource requirements, among others, that shall be adopted to ensure effective implementation of the NGRP and submit the same to the President within sixty (60) days upon effectivity of the implementing rules and regulations (IRR);
- c) To conduct studies on the mandates, functions, programs, projects, operations, structure and manpower complement of the different government agencies and instrumentalities:

d) Develop and prepare the rightsized organizational structure of agencies concerned and the corresponding executive issuances for approval by the President, in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of this Act;

- e) Develop and prepare the overall change management program, that shall include a communication plans, the appropriate Organizational Development Program, and other mechanisms to effectively manage the transition, ensure the smooth implementation of the NGRP, and safeguard the welfare of employees who may be affected by the rightsizing efforts;
- f) To monitor the implementation by the different agencies of their respective approved Rightsizing Plans, and report to the President any issue that must be addressed;
- g) Engage the services of experts and consultants, through the DBM, to assist the Committee and its Subcommittees in the performance of their functions; and
 - h) Formulate the rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.
- SEC. 9. Conduct of Strategic Review and Study on the Mandates, Functions, Systems, Operations, and Processes of the National Government. The CREB shall conduct a strategic review and study on the role, mandates, functions, programs, projects, operations, structure and manpower complement of the different agencies under the Executive Branch for the purposes of:
- a) Determining the role of the government, as well as the suitable extent of government intervention on the sectoral areas covered;
- b) Identifying areas of dysfunctions and bureaucratic inefficiencies, among others in the sectoral areas covered and government agencies therein;
- c) Assessing the relevance of an agency's mandates, functions, programs, and projects in pursuit of the country's socioeconomic and developmental goals and outcomes; and
- d) Providing recommendations on the appropriate roles, mandates and functions of government agencies; organizational actions that shall improve efficiency and interoperability of government agencies; and necessary transformational and organizational changes that can be implemented in the sectoral areas or agencies concerned.

The conduct of the strategic review and study shall be consistent with the governing principles set forth under Section 5 of this Act. Furthermore, the recommendations of the study may contain any, but not limited to, the recommended actions provided in Section 6 of this Act.

SEC. 10. Submission of the Rightsized Organizational Structure and Proposed Executive Issuances to the President. – Within sixty (60) days from approval by the Committee of the strategic review and study, and with due consideration of the results and findings of its review and study, the CREB shall submit to the President its recommendations

on the updated rightsized organizational structure of agencies concerned and the corresponding executive issuances.

SEC. 11. Submission of the Detailed Rightsized Organizational Structure and Staffing Pattern to the DBM. – The agency heads shall prepare and submit to the DBM the detailed organizational structure and staffing pattern (OSSP) of their respective agencies, including an estimated cost of effecting the detailed rightsized OSSP, within ninety (90) days after the approval of the proposed executive issuances by the President: Provided, That assistance in the preparation of organizational structure and staffing pattern has been extended to the agency by the DBM and the CSC.

SEC. 12. *Non-interruption of Government Service and Transitory Provisions.* – This Act, or any guidelines, rules or regulations issued in pursuance thereof, or any initiative related to the implementation of the recommendations under the strategic review and study conducted through the NGRP, shall not be operated to suspend or exempt any government office or personnel from complying with the provisions of Republic Act No. 11032 otherwise known as the Ease of Doing Business and Efficient Government Service Delivery Act of 2018.

The agencies shall implement the approved detailed rightsized organizational structure and staffing pattern in such a manner that government operations shall not be delayed nor disrupted. Agencies and personnel shall continue to perform their functions and respective duties and responsibilities in a holdover capacity until the transition has been completed: *Provided*, That agencies shall carry out a change management program to ensure a smooth and effective transition.

The placement of permanent employees to the rightsized staffing pattern, the order of separation of affected personnel pursuant to the rightsizing program, as well as the remedies and procedures for affected personnel shall be carried out in accordance with Republic Act No. 6656, entitled *An Act to Protect the Security of Tenure of Civil Service Officers and Employees in the Implementation of Government Reorganization* and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.

- SEC. 13. Retirement Benefits and Separation Incentives for Personnel Who May be Affected by the NGRP. The affected personnel who hold permanent appointments attested by the CSC shall be entitled to retirement benefits and separation incentives.
- a) The affected personnel shall be given the option to avail themselves of any of the following retirement benefits under existing laws, if qualified:
 - 1) Retirement gratuity provided under Republic Act No. 1616, entitled An Act Further Amending Section Twelve of Commonwealth Act Numbered 186, as Amended, By Prescribing Two Other Modes of Retirement and for Other Purposes, as amended; or

2) Retirement benefit under Republic Act No. 660, entitled An Act to Amend Commonwealth Act Numbered One Hundred and Eighty-Six Entitled "An Act to Create and Establish a Government Service Insurance System, to Provide for its Administration, and to Appropriate the Necessary Funds Therefor," and to Provide Retirement Insurance and for Other Purposes; or

3) Retirement, separation or unemployment benefit provided under Republic Act No. 8291, entitled An Act Amending Presidential Decree No. 1146, as Amended, Expanding and Increasing the Coverage and Benefits of the Government Service Insurance System, Instituting Reforms Therein and for Other Purposes.

The retirement gratuity benefit of affected personnel who are qualified and who opt to retire under Republic Act No. 1616 shall be paid by the Government Service Insurance System (GSIS). The GSIS shall no longer refund retirement premiums, both personnel and government shares, of the affected personnel who will opt to avail of retirement benefits under Republic Act No. 1616.

- b) In addition to said retirement benefits, the affected personnel who opted to retire or be separated shall be entitled to the following applicable separation incentives:
 - 1) One-half (½) of the actual monthly basic salary for every year of government service, for those who have rendered five (5) years to eleven (11) years of service;
 - 2) Three-fourths (¾) of the actual monthly basic salary for every year of government service, computed starting from the first year, for those who have rendered eleven (11) to less than twenty-one (21) years of service;
 - 3) The actual monthly basic salary for every year of government service, computed starting from the first year, for those who have rendered twenty-one (21) to less than thirty-one (31) years of service; and
 - 4) One and one-fourth (1 1/4) of the actual monthly basic salary for every year of government service, computed starting from the first year, for those who have rendered thirty-one (31) years of service and above.

The actual monthly basic salary shall refer to the salary of the affected personnel as of the date of approval of the agency's detailed organizational structure and staffing by the DBM.

A minimum of five (5) years of government service is required before an affected personnel can be entitled to avail of the NGRP's separation incentives under Section 13.b of this Act: *Provided*, That for the purpose of computing the total amount of separation incentives that an affected personnel shall receive, only the government service up to age fifty-nine (59) and a fraction thereof shall be counted. Government service starting at the age sixty (60) shall no longer be subject to the separation incentives provided herein, without affecting the original

1 incentive factor determined as applicable based on the actual years of service of the affected

2 personnel: *Provided, further*, That for the purpose of complying with the required number of

3 years of service under Republic Act No. 8291, the portability scheme under Republic Act

4 No. 7699, entitled An Act Instituting Limited Portability Scheme in the Social Security

Insurance Systems by Totalizing the Workers' Creditable Services or Contributions in Each of

the Systems may be applied, subject to existing policies and guidelines.

The affected personnel who will not opt to retire from the service shall be placed in a manpower pool to be organized and administered by the CSC. The CSC, in coordination with other government agencies and relevant private institutions, shall undertake the retooling of the affected personnel and deploy them to agencies which require their qualifications, skills and competencies.

The number of personnel who will avail of the separation incentives under Section 13.b of this Act shall in no case exceed the number of positions declared for abolition.

The specific guidelines to carry out the provisions of this section shall be prescribed in the rules and regulations to be formulated by the CREB.

- **SEC. 14.** *Other Benefits of Retired or Separated Personnel.* The affected personnel who opt to retire or be separated from the service shall, in addition to the applicable benefits, be entitled to the following:
- a) Refund of Pag-IBIG Contributions All affected personnel who are members of the Home Development Mutual Fund (HDMF) shall be entitled to the refund of their contributions, both personal and government, pursuant to existing rules and regulations of the HDMF; and
- b) Commutation of Unused Vacation and Sick Leave Credits All affected personnel shall be entitled to the commutation of unused vacation and sick leave credits in accordance with existing rules and regulations.
 - SEC. 15. Period of Availment of the Retirement Benefits and Separation Incentives.
- The retirement benefits and separation incentives provided in this Act may be availed of within sixty (60) days upon issuance of the Notice of Organization, Staffing and Compensation Action by the DBM to the agencies concerned.
- **SEC. 16.** *Prohibition on Reemployment of Personnel Retired or Separated from the Service.* Affected personnel who retired or are separated from the service as a result of the implementation of the NGRP shall not be reemployed in any agency of the National Government, including GOCCs, for a period of five (5) years, except in the exigency of service or as teaching or medical staff in educational institutions and hospitals, respectively: *Provided*, That personnel who retired or were separated from the service under the NGRP and are

1	reemployed by	any agency	of the national	government within	the prohibited	period shall refund
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on a pro-rated basis, the retirement and separation incentives received under Section 13(b) of

3 this Act.

4 SEC. 17. Joint Congressional Oversight Committee on the Rightsizing Program. –

There is hereby created an Oversight Committee to oversee, monitor and evaluate the

implementation of this Act.

The Oversight Committee shall be composed of five (5) members each from the Senate

and from the House of Representatives, which shall include representatives of the Senate

Committees on Civil Service, Government Reorganization and Professional Regulation, and

Finance, and the House Committees on Government Reorganization and Appropriations.

- **SEC. 18.** *Conduct of an Impact Assessment.* The DBM shall commission the conduct of an independent impact assessment on the NGRP three (3) years from its completion to, among others, determine the effects of, and gains from, the implementation of the NGRP.
- **SEC. 19.** *Report to Congress.* The President shall submit a report to Congress on the results of the Program after the completion of its implementation.
- **SEC. 20.** *Sunset Provision.* The authority given to the President under this Act, as well as the existence of the Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch, shall end three (3) years after the effectivity of this Act.
- **SEC. 21.** *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* Within sixty (60) days from the organization of the Committee on Rightsizing the Executive Branch, it shall formulate rules and regulations to implement this Act. Such rules and regulations shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in a newspaper of general circulation.
- **SEC. 22.** Provisions Applicable to Other Branches of Government, Constitutional Commissions, Office of the Ombudsman, and the LGUs. The governing principles, policies, standards, and guidelines, as well as the conditions and limitations provided in this Act, shall be followed in the implementation of the Rightsizing Program by other branches of government, Constitutional Commissions, Office of the Ombudsman, and the LGUs.
- The heads of said offices shall issue their respective implementing rules and regulations and furnish a copy thereof to the Senate Committees on Civil Service, Government Reorganization and Professional Regulation, and Finance, the House Committees on Government Reorganization and Appropriations, and the DBM.
- **SEC. 23.** *Funding Requirements.* The amount necessary for the initial implementation of this Act shall be sourced against any applicable appropriation items under the current General Appropriations Act (GAA). Subsequent amounts needed to continue the

implementation of the National Government's Rightsizing Program shall be included in the succeeding appropriations.

In the event that the Legislature, the Judiciary, Constitutional Commissions, and the Office of the Ombudsman shall rightsize their respective offices in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the funds necessary for the purpose shall likewise be sourced from any applicable appropriations under the GAA.

For GOCCs not covered by Republic Act No. 10149, the amount needed for the implementation of their Rightsizing Program shall be outsourced from their respective corporate funds. In case of funding deficiency, the National Government may provide assistance in the payment of separation incentives of personnel who may be affected by the rightsizing efforts of these GOCCs: *Provided*, That their salaries and other compensation are covered by Republic Act No. 6758, as amended, otherwise known as the Compensation and Position Classification Act of 1989.

In case the LGUs pursue rightsizing efforts consistent with the provisions of this Act and Republic Act No. 7160, as amended, the amount needed for the purpose shall be drawn from their respective local government funds.

- **SEC. 24.** *Separability Clause.* If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the other provisions not otherwise affected shall remain in full force and effect.
- **SEC. 25.** *Repealing Clause.* All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations, and other issuances or parts thereof which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
- **SEC. 26.** *Effectivity.* This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the *Official Gazette* or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,